



June 1995
THE LABOUR FORCE
AUSTRALIA

In this issue –

Feature article: Part-time Employment

New data: Labour Force Experience

Catalogue No. 6203.0

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**THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA
JUNE 1995**

**W. McLennan
Australian Statistician**

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CATALOGUE NO. 6203.0

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INQUIRIES *for further information about:*

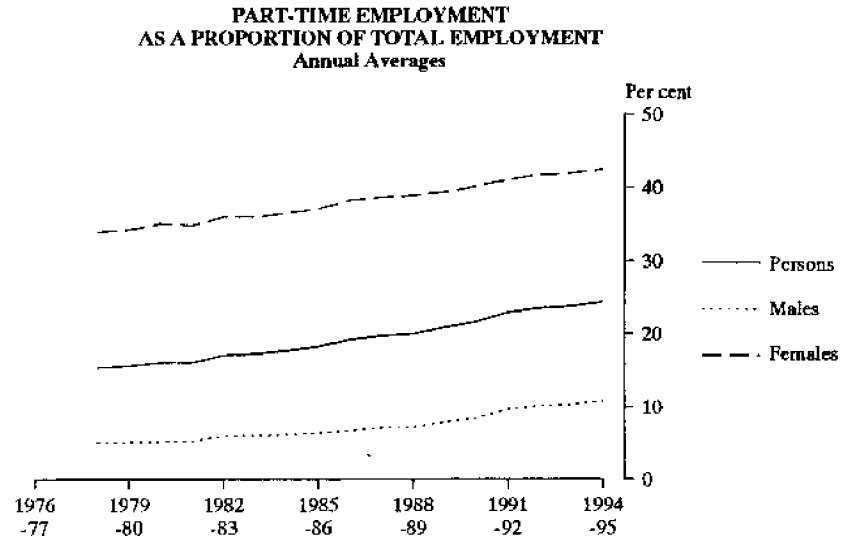
- Monthly Labour Force Survey data, contact Sylvia Sajler on Canberra (06) 252 6525.
 - Labour Force Experience, contact Jon Havelock on Canberra (06) 252 6661.
 - Labour Force Inquiries in State ABS offices, Sydney (02) 268 4212, Melbourne (03) 615 7677, Brisbane (07) 222 6337, Perth (09) 323 5380, Adelaide (08) 237 7438, Hobart (002) 20 5840, Darwin (089) 43 2153.
 - *for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the last page of this publication.*
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**SECTION A:
MONTHLY LABOUR FORCE
SURVEY**



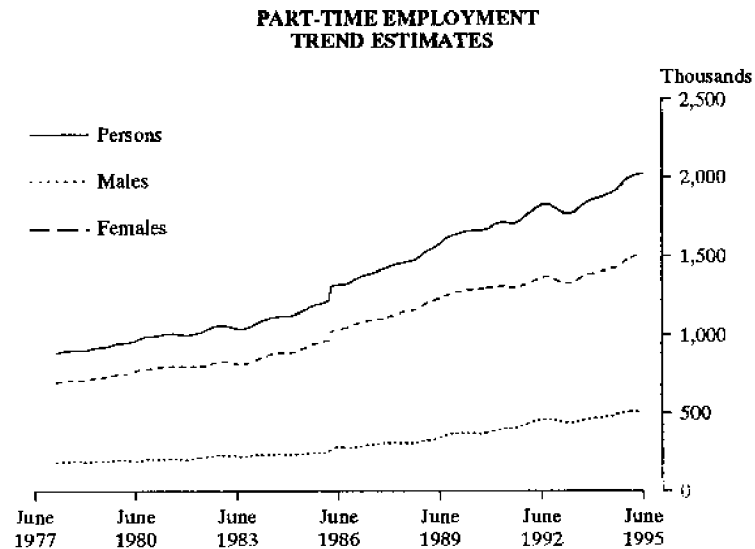
Part-time Employment

The proportion of employed persons who are part-time workers has generally increased over the period 1978-79 from an average 15 per cent to 24 per cent in 1994-95, with some stalling of growth in 1993-94. Part-time workers are defined as employed persons who usually worked 35 hours per week and did so during the survey reference week.



Trend series

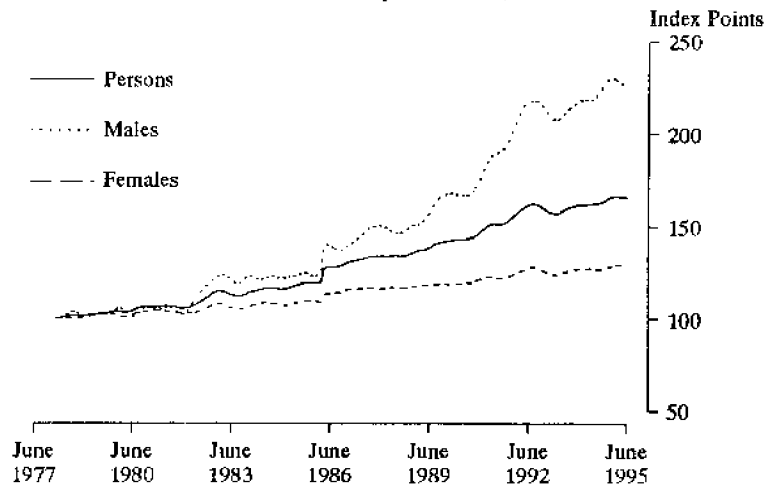
Part-time employment now exceeds 2 million persons. The trend estimate of part-time employment for June 1995 was 2,023,000, an increase of 130,000 persons (6.8 per cent) in the last twelve months.



In recent years trend part-time employment increased generally to a peak of 1,833,000 in August 1992, followed by a decline to 1,767,000 in April 1993. The trend has been rising steadily since then.

PART-TIME EMPLOYMENT INDEX

(February 1978 = 100)



In contrast, trend full-time employment peaked in June 1990, followed by a decline to 5,808,000 in October 1992. The trend has been increasing since then, and now stands at 6,233,000 - slightly above the 1990 peak.

More female part-time workers

Women continue to outnumber men among part-time workers, by some three to one. In June 1995, women represented 75 per cent of all part-time workers. This ratio has gradually declined as the number of male part-time workers has increased at a faster rate. The ratio was 3.7 to 1 in June 1978, with the fall in the ratio occurring most markedly since mid-1988.

The trend-index graph illustrates the rate of growth in male part-time employment, showing a number of periods of strong growth since mid-1988. For women working part-time, the rate of growth was less pronounced. However, in the last twelve months, male and female part-time trend estimates each increased by 6.8 per cent.

Male part-time employment as a proportion of total male employment has been increasing markedly in recent years. The ratio has increased from 4.9 per cent of total male employment in June 1978 to 7 per cent in mid 1988, but since then has shown a more rapid rate of increase to 10.8 per cent in June 1995. For females, the ratio of part-time to total employment has also increased, but at a lesser rate than for males, following strong gains in female full-time employment. The ratio now stands at 42 per cent in June 1995, having risen from 33 per cent in June 1978.

Age distribution

The age distribution of male part-time employment in June 1995 shows that those aged 15 to 24 held 44 per cent of all male part-time employment. Females in this age group had 24 per cent of female part-time employment. For males the share of part-time employment held decreases with age. For females those aged 35 to 44 have the greatest share (28 per cent) of female part-time employment.

PART-TIME WORKERS BY SEX AND AGE,
JUNE 1995

	(per cent)					
	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Males	43.7	15.1	12.7	10.4	11.2	6.9
Females	23.5	21.3	27.7	19.3	6.8	1.3
Persons	28.5	19.8	23.9	17.1	7.9	2.7

In June 1995, part-time workers aged 15 to 19 were predominantly (78 per cent) full-time students at school or at a tertiary educational institution. Of persons aged 20 to 24 who were employed part-time, 38 per cent were full-time tertiary students.

General characteristics

Some 26 per cent of all part-time workers in June 1995 reported a preference to work more hours. The ratio has declined as the job market has recovered. In May 1993, when full-time employment began to improve, the ratio was 29 per cent.

Not all part-timers who want to work more hours are engaged in active search for full-time work. The proportion was 39.9 per cent in June 1995, compared with 38.8 per cent in May 1993, when opportunities for full-time work were more limited.

Other details of part-time workers in June 1995:

- 35 per cent worked for 10 hours or less in the reference week - unchanged for June in the past five years;
- 26 per cent of employed persons born in Australia were employed part-time, compared with 22 per cent for employed persons born outside Australia; and
- average hours worked for male and female part-time workers were virtually the same - 15.2 and 15.3 hours respectively.

Further Information

The ABS has a wide range of unpublished data relating to part-time workers. These data are available on microfiche, floppy disk and customised reports. The ABS generally makes a charge for providing unpublished statistical information. Address inquiries to Sylvia Sajler in Canberra (06) 252 6525 or contact any ABS office.

The Labour Market in Brief: June 1995

Trend estimates

In June 1995, the provisional trend estimate of employment rose to 8,255,500, 4.5 per cent higher than in June 1994. The trend estimate of unemployment fell to 751,400 persons, 21 per cent lower than the peak of 947,200 recorded in September 1993. The trend estimate of the unemployment rate remained at 8.7 per cent for males, compared with 10.0 per cent recorded in June 1994, while for females the rate fell to 7.8 per cent, compared with 9.5% recorded in June 1994. The trend estimate of the participation rate actually rose by less than 0.1 points, but due to rounding stands at 63.8 per cent. The male and female rates stood at 73.9 per cent and 54.0 per cent respectively.

Employment

In June 1995, the seasonally adjusted estimate of employment grew by 51,700 to 8,268,100, with part-time employment rising by 30,200 to 2,034,500. For females, part-time employment rose by 32,800 to 1,527,600 while the number of females employed full-time increased to 2,058,200. For males, seasonally adjusted employment rose slightly to 4,682,300.

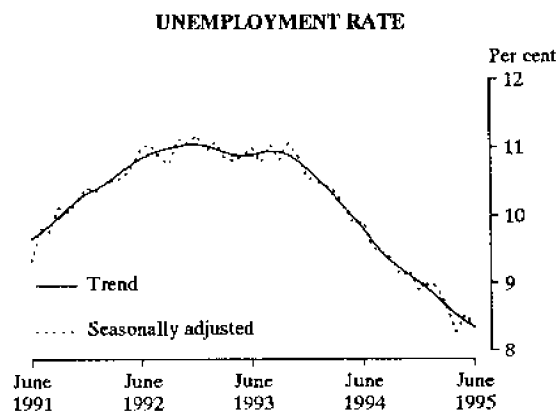


Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment for June 1995 fell slightly to 451,300 for males, and for females unemployment fell by 9,700 to 298,900. In seasonally adjusted terms, the number of unemployed males and females seeking full-time work fell to 400,400 and 209,100 respectively. The number of males looking for part-time work fell to 51,000 while the number of females seeking part-time work fell to 89,800.

Unemployment rate

The June 1995 seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell by 0.2 percentage points to 8.3 per cent. The rate for males fell by 0.1 points to 8.8 per cent while for females, the rate fell by 0.3 points to 7.7 per cent.



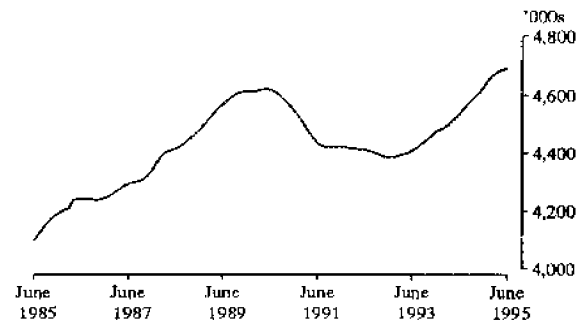
Participation Rate

The seasonally adjusted estimate of the labour force participation rate rose by 0.2 percentage points but due to rounding stood at 63.8 per cent in June 1995. For males, the participation rate fell by 0.1 points to 73.8 per cent, while the female rate actually rose by 0.4 points but due to rounding stood at 54.2 per cent, the highest rate recorded by the survey.

EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

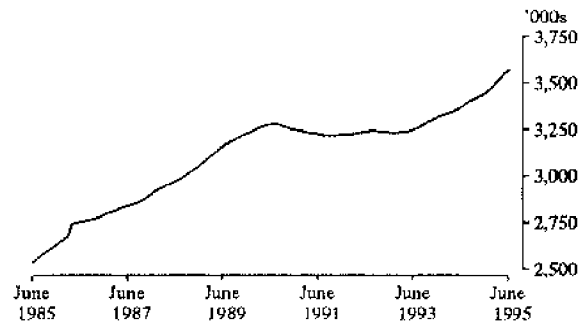
Employed males

After reaching a peak of 4,620,800 in May 1990, male employment fell to a low point of 4,385,000 in January 1993. Since then, the trend has been increasing and in June 1995 stood at 4,689,000, 15 per cent higher than 10 years ago.



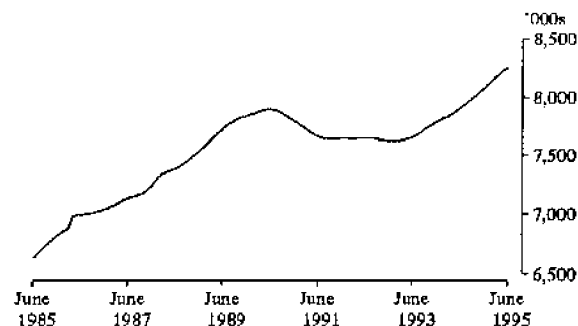
Employed females

Apart from a gradual fall between July 1990 and October 1991, the trend in female employment has been generally increasing. In June 1995, the trend estimate was 3,566,600, 41 per cent higher than 10 years ago.



Employed persons

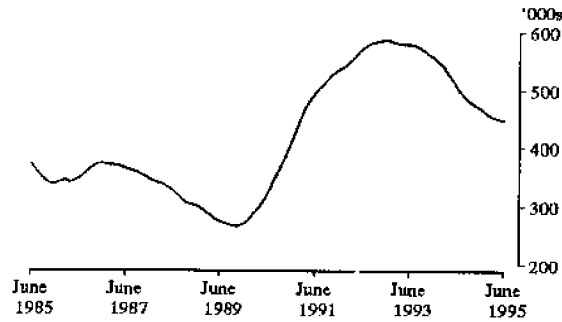
The number of persons employed in Australia rose to 7,894,700 in June 1990 before falling to 7,615,400 in January 1993. Since then, the trend in employment has been increasing and in June 1995 stood at 8,255,500, 4.6 per cent higher than the 1990 peak.



UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

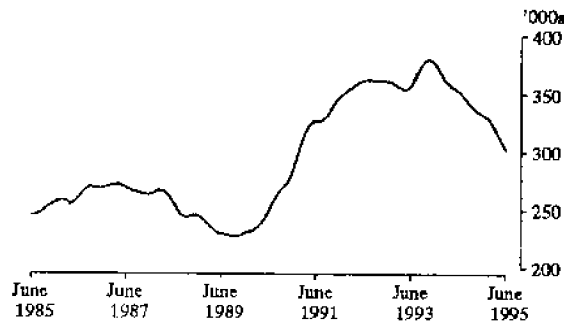
Unemployed males

From a low of 264,800 in October 1989, trend estimates of the number of unemployed males reached a peak of 585,100 in December 1992. The trend has been falling since then, although the rate of decline has slowed in recent months, and in June 1995 the trend estimate stood at 448,700.



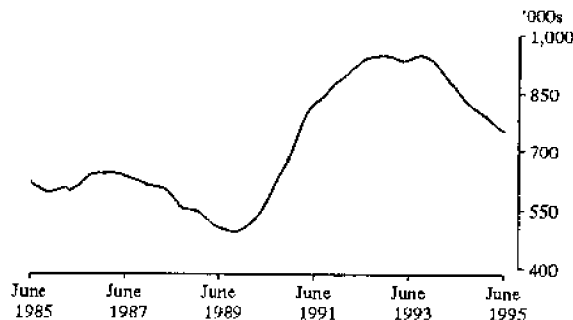
Unemployed females

From a low-point of 226,800 in September and October 1989, trend estimates of unemployed females reached a peak of 379,200 in October 1993. Since then, the trend has been falling and in June 1995 stood at 302,700, the lowest level since January 1991.



Unemployed persons

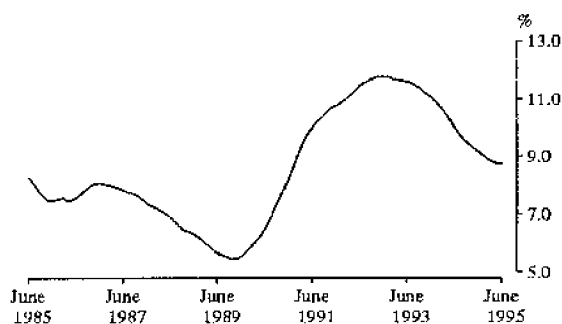
Since the trough of 491,500 in October 1989, trend estimates of unemployment rose to a high point of 947,200 in September 1993. The trend has been falling since then and in June 1995 stood at 751,400, the lowest level recorded since February 1991.



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: TREND SERIES

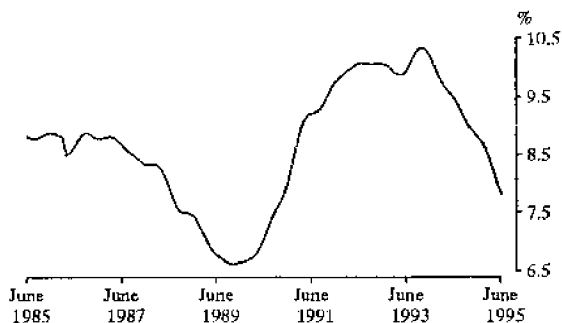
Males

Following the low-point of 5.4 per cent in October and November 1989, the trend unemployment rate for males reached a peak of 11.8 per cent between November 1992 and January 1993. The trend rate has been falling since then, and in June 1995 stood at 8.7 per cent, unchanged from May 1995.



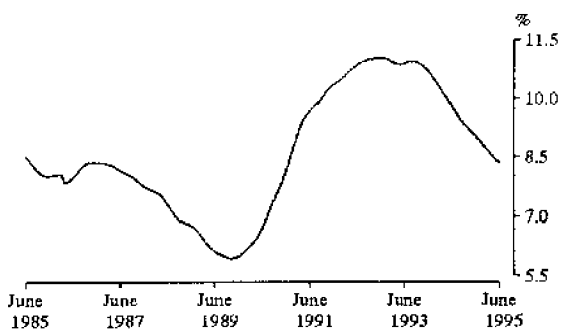
Females

From a low-point of 6.6 per cent from September to December 1989, the trend unemployment rate for females reached a peak of 10.3 per cent between September and November 1993. The trend rate has been falling since then, and in June 1995 stood at 7.8 per cent, 2.5 percentage points lower than the peak recorded almost two years ago.



Persons

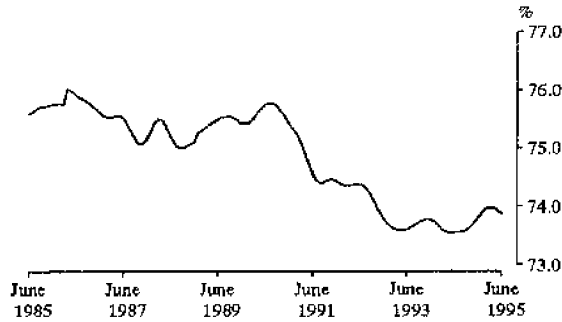
After reaching a low-point of 5.9 per cent from September to November 1989, the trend unemployment rate rose to a peak of 11.1 per cent in December 1992. Since then, the trend has been falling and in June 1995 stood at 8.3 per cent, the lowest level in four and a half years.



PARTICIPATION RATE: TREND SERIES

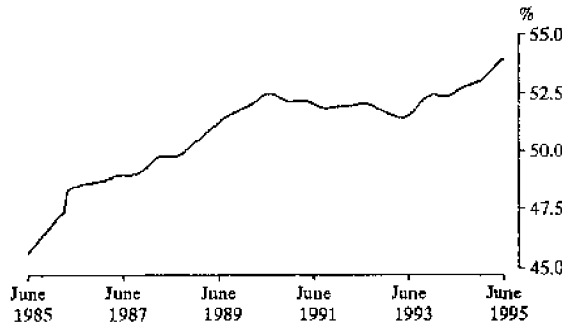
Males

From 75.8 per cent recorded in July and August 1990, the trend participation rate for males fell to 73.6 per cent in February 1993. After a short period of growth it declined again to 73.5% in May and June 1994. The trend rate then rose to 74.0 per cent and in June 1995 stood at 73.9 per cent.



Females

The trend female participation rate rose to 52.5 per cent in mid 1990, before falling slightly to 51.4 per cent in April and May 1993. The trend has been rising since mid 1993 and in June 1995 was 54.0 per cent.



Persons

The trend participation rate reached a peak of 64.0 per cent in July and August 1990, and then fell to 62.3 per cent in April and May 1993. Apart from falls at the beginning of 1994, the trend participation rate has been rising and in June 1995 stood at 63.8 per cent.

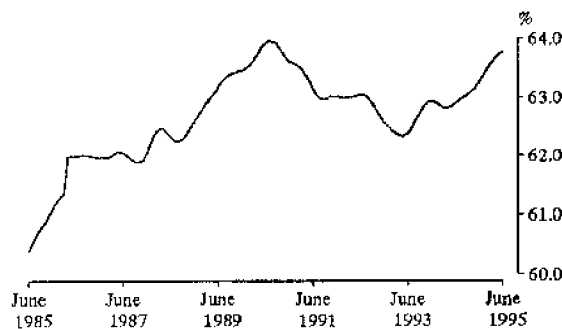


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Month	Employed			Unemployed				Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work	Total					
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total							
	- '000 -											
MALES												
1994 —												
April	4,022.4	478.2	4,500.6	34.1	478.7	44.7	523.4	5,024.0	1,818.5	6,842.5	10.4	73.4
May	4,041.4	473.0	4,514.4	29.7	465.5	45.3	510.9	5,025.3	1,823.8	6,849.1	10.2	73.4
June	4,053.4	481.4	4,534.8	30.3	450.5	48.2	498.7	5,033.5	1,822.2	6,855.7	9.9	73.4
July	4,095.4	490.4	4,585.7	24.9	422.0	45.8	467.8	5,053.5	1,809.5	6,863.1	9.3	73.6
August	4,039.6	496.2	4,535.8	23.4	427.8	45.0	472.8	5,008.6	1,861.8	6,870.5	9.4	72.9
September	4,117.2	489.4	4,606.6	25.5	425.9	58.3	484.2	5,090.8	1,787.1	6,877.9	9.5	74.0
October	4,094.1	516.2	4,610.3	23.9	395.5	44.6	440.2	5,050.5	1,834.8	6,885.3	8.7	73.4
November	4,092.5	493.9	4,586.4	25.2	405.5	47.6	453.1	5,039.5	1,853.2	6,892.8	9.0	73.1
December	4,162.0	510.3	4,672.3	39.4	418.5	51.1	469.7	5,142.0	1,758.2	6,900.2	9.1	74.5
1995 —												
January	4,111.6	484.2	4,595.8	39.6	454.8	57.8	512.6	5,108.4	1,800.8	6,909.2	10.0	73.9
February	4,165.9	488.4	4,654.3	30.7	440.4	60.2	500.6	5,154.9	1,763.3	6,918.2	9.7	74.5
March	4,145.0	519.3	4,664.3	24.2	404.6	56.3	460.9	5,125.2	1,802.0	6,927.2	9.0	74.0
April	4,165.8	525.0	4,690.7	27.7	391.0	48.0	439.0	5,129.7	1,806.5	6,936.2	8.6	74.0
May	4,158.0	515.1	4,673.1	26.7	403.0	52.6	455.6	5,128.7	1,816.5	6,945.2	8.9	73.8
June	4,169.1	516.6	4,685.8	24.9	391.6	45.7	437.3	5,123.1	1,831.1	6,954.2	8.5	73.7
Standard error of —												
June 1995 estimates	19.8	9.1	20.6	2.4	8.2	3.2	8.5	21.2	14.8	..	0.2	0.3
May 95 to June 95 movements	15.0	6.9	15.7	2.3	6.3	2.9	6.6	16.3	11.1	..	0.1	0.2
MARRIED FEMALES												
1994 —												
April	1,099.8	946.4	2,046.2	* 1.5	97.4	46.5	143.8	2,190.1	1,941.1	4,131.2	6.6	53.0
May	1,118.6	968.9	2,087.5	* 2.3	98.1	40.1	138.2	2,225.7	1,925.3	4,151.0	6.2	53.6
June	1,117.9	958.4	2,076.3	* 1.8	97.8	41.4	139.2	2,215.5	1,932.1	4,147.7	6.3	53.4
July	1,127.0	968.8	2,095.8	* 1.3	85.2	47.0	132.2	2,227.9	1,913.1	4,141.0	5.9	53.8
August	1,116.3	970.1	2,086.4	* 1.8	84.8	42.6	127.4	2,213.8	1,931.5	4,145.4	5.8	53.4
September	1,151.0	1,007.2	2,158.2	* 2.1	87.2	52.6	139.8	2,298.1	1,854.1	4,152.2	6.1	55.3
October	1,133.5	966.5	2,100.0	* 1.4	80.0	41.0	120.9	2,220.9	1,920.6	4,141.5	5.4	53.6
November	1,129.0	974.7	2,103.8	* 1.1	75.8	47.8	123.6	2,227.3	1,907.3	4,134.7	5.5	53.9
December	1,130.6	965.7	2,096.2	* 0.7	73.4	43.8	117.2	2,213.4	1,911.4	4,124.8	5.3	53.7
1995 —												
January	1,098.9	907.2	2,006.1	* 0.9	75.2	35.4	110.6	2,116.6	2,017.8	4,134.4	5.2	51.2
February	1,125.5	958.4	2,083.9	* 1.4	86.7	57.8	144.5	2,228.4	1,903.3	4,131.8	6.5	53.9
March	1,128.3	1,007.8	2,136.1	* 1.8	84.0	51.9	135.9	2,272.0	1,876.5	4,148.6	6.0	54.8
April	1,163.9	1,006.7	2,170.6	* 0.8	73.9	39.2	113.1	2,283.7	1,892.8	4,176.5	5.0	54.7
May	1,177.7	1,014.7	2,192.4	* 1.5	71.9	37.8	109.7	2,302.1	1,884.4	4,186.4	4.8	55.0
June	1,190.3	1,032.7	2,223.0	* 2.5	77.7	34.7	112.4	2,335.5	1,862.8	4,198.3	4.8	55.6
Standard error of —												
June 1995 estimates	12.6	11.9	15.8	0.8	4.1	2.9	4.8	16.1	14.9	..	0.2	0.4
May 95 to June 95 movements	9.4	8.9	11.9	0.9	3.4	2.6	3.9	12.1	11.2	..	0.2	0.3

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER—continued

Month	Employed			Unemployed				Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work	Total					
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total							
	- '000 -											
ALL FEMALES												
1994 —												
April	1,909.1	1,425.8	3,334.9	27.8	252.0	107.8	359.8	3,694.7	3,365.0	7,059.7	9.7	52.3
May	1,922.6	1,442.2	3,364.8	28.3	238.6	100.4	339.0	3,703.8	3,363.0	7,066.8	9.2	52.4
June	1,937.1	1,420.9	3,357.9	25.8	240.2	100.3	340.5	3,698.4	3,375.4	7,073.9	9.2	52.3
July	1,962.7	1,436.5	3,399.2	23.3	234.2	101.8	336.1	3,735.3	3,346.1	7,081.5	9.0	52.7
August	1,922.2	1,427.7	3,349.9	26.5	228.4	96.6	325.0	3,674.9	3,414.2	7,089.1	8.8	51.8
September	1,998.9	1,481.9	3,480.8	24.6	226.1	120.4	346.5	3,827.3	3,269.3	7,096.7	9.1	53.9
October	1,984.1	1,440.4	3,424.5	21.4	213.1	100.0	313.1	3,737.6	3,366.5	7,104.1	8.4	52.6
November	1,984.2	1,454.6	3,438.7	23.1	210.5	100.5	311.0	3,749.7	3,361.7	7,111.5	8.3	52.7
December	2,017.1	1,466.8	3,483.9	33.6	234.9	103.0	337.9	3,821.8	3,297.0	7,118.9	8.8	53.7
1995 —												
January	1,969.9	1,387.8	3,357.6	34.2	244.9	96.2	341.1	3,698.7	3,428.6	7,127.3	9.2	51.9
February	1,993.6	1,442.2	3,435.9	36.9	260.8	124.8	385.6	3,821.4	3,314.3	7,135.7	10.1	53.6
March	1,982.4	1,517.9	3,500.3	25.3	231.3	123.5	354.8	3,855.1	3,289.1	7,144.2	9.2	54.0
April	2,017.9	1,522.0	3,539.9	20.0	204.7	99.3	304.0	3,843.9	3,309.0	7,152.9	7.9	53.7
May	2,034.1	1,523.6	3,557.7	26.1	207.7	90.3	298.0	3,855.7	3,305.9	7,161.6	7.7	53.8
June	2,044.6	1,543.2	3,587.8	22.4	202.9	84.7	287.5	3,875.3	3,295.0	7,170.3	7.4	54.0
Standard error of —												
June 1995 estimates	15.4	13.9	18.8	2.3	6.2	4.3	7.2	19.3	18.2	..	0.2	0.3
May 95 to June 95 movements	11.5	10.4	14.2	2.2	4.9	3.6	5.6	14.6	13.8	..	0.1	0.2
PERSONS												
1994 —												
April	5,931.5	1,904.0	7,835.5	61.8	730.7	152.5	883.2	8,718.7	5,183.5	13,902.2	10.1	62.7
May	5,964.0	1,915.2	7,879.2	58.0	704.2	145.7	849.9	8,729.1	5,186.8	13,915.9	9.7	62.7
June	5,990.4	1,902.3	7,892.7	56.1	690.7	148.5	839.2	8,731.9	5,197.7	13,929.6	9.6	62.7
July	6,058.1	1,926.9	7,985.0	48.2	656.2	147.7	803.9	8,788.9	5,155.7	13,944.5	9.1	63.0
August	5,961.7	1,923.9	7,885.7	50.0	656.3	141.6	797.9	8,683.5	5,276.0	13,959.5	9.2	62.2
September	6,116.1	1,971.3	8,087.4	50.1	652.1	178.7	830.8	8,918.1	5,056.4	13,974.6	9.3	63.8
October	6,078.2	1,956.6	8,034.8	45.3	608.7	144.6	753.3	8,788.1	5,201.3	13,989.4	8.6	62.8
November	6,076.7	1,948.5	8,025.1	48.3	616.0	148.1	764.1	8,789.3	5,214.9	14,004.2	8.7	62.8
December	6,179.2	1,977.1	8,156.2	73.1	653.5	154.1	807.6	8,963.8	5,055.2	14,019.1	9.0	63.9
1995 —												
January	6,081.4	1,872.0	7,953.4	73.8	699.7	154.0	853.7	8,807.1	5,229.4	14,036.5	9.7	62.7
February	6,159.5	1,930.7	8,090.1	67.5	701.2	184.9	886.2	8,976.3	5,077.6	14,053.9	9.9	63.9
March	6,127.4	2,037.2	8,164.6	49.5	635.8	179.9	815.7	8,980.3	5,091.1	14,071.4	9.1	63.8
April	6,183.6	2,047.0	8,230.6	47.6	595.7	147.3	743.0	8,973.7	5,115.4	14,089.1	8.3	63.7
May	6,192.1	2,038.7	8,230.8	52.8	610.7	142.9	753.6	8,984.4	5,122.4	14,106.7	8.4	63.7
June	6,213.7	2,059.8	8,273.6	47.3	594.5	130.4	724.8	8,998.4	5,126.0	14,124.5	8.1	63.7
Standard error of —												
June 1995 estimates	22.6	15.4	24.9	3.3	9.6	5.2	10.4	25.6	21.2	..	0.1	0.2
May 95 to June 95 movements	17.5	11.6	19.4	2.9	7.3	4.3	7.9	20.1	16.3	..	0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Month	Employed			Unemployed				Labour force	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work	Total			
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total '000 -					
MALES										
1994 —										
April	4,035.8	469.9	4,505.7	36.2	482.2	43.0	525.2	5,030.9	10.4	73.5
May	4,049.0	467.5	4,516.5	33.6	466.6	46.4	513.0	5,029.4	10.2	73.4
June	4,059.3	472.3	4,531.7	38.7	461.2	54.0	515.2	5,046.9	10.2	73.6
July	4,078.5	488.0	4,566.5	30.9	433.7	52.1	485.8	5,052.3	9.6	73.6
August	4,073.6	493.0	4,566.6	27.3	433.7	51.4	485.1	5,051.7	9.6	73.5
September	4,107.9	472.7	4,580.6	28.8	433.6	55.9	489.5	5,070.1	9.7	73.7
October	4,073.4	512.1	4,585.4	29.1	421.4	48.5	469.9	5,055.3	9.3	73.4
November	4,103.2	503.5	4,606.8	27.9	422.9	56.1	479.0	5,085.8	9.4	73.8
December	4,106.0	521.5	4,627.5	27.9	412.7	46.5	459.2	5,086.8	9.0	73.7
1995 —										
January	4,121.3	512.0	4,633.4	27.8	418.2	51.8	470.1	5,103.4	9.2	73.9
February	4,171.7	506.5	4,678.2	24.2	408.2	54.0	462.2	5,140.5	9.0	74.3
March	4,159.6	504.6	4,664.2	24.2	398.6	47.1	445.8	5,110.0	8.7	73.8
April	4,179.8	516.4	4,696.2	29.4	393.9	46.2	440.1	5,136.4	8.6	74.1
May	4,166.3	509.5	4,675.8	30.1	404.0	54.1	458.1	5,133.9	8.9	73.9
June	4,175.4	506.9	4,682.3	31.7	400.4	51.0	451.3	5,133.6	8.8	73.8
MARRIED FEMALES										
1994 —										
April	1,111.8	940.7	2,052.4	n.a.	92.1	44.9	137.1	2,189.5	6.3	53.0
May	1,121.5	948.3	2,069.8	n.a.	92.8	42.7	135.5	2,205.3	6.1	53.1
June	1,125.5	940.8	2,066.3	n.a.	95.3	42.7	138.0	2,204.3	6.3	53.1
July	1,130.3	960.8	2,091.1	n.a.	88.1	48.2	136.3	2,227.4	6.1	53.8
August	1,131.4	957.5	2,088.9	n.a.	92.2	46.4	138.5	2,227.5	6.2	53.7
September	1,137.2	971.0	2,108.2	n.a.	89.3	47.6	137.0	2,245.1	6.1	54.1
October	1,124.2	967.5	2,091.6	n.a.	84.5	43.2	127.8	2,219.4	5.8	53.6
November	1,120.2	966.1	2,086.3	n.a.	82.7	49.8	132.5	2,218.9	6.0	53.7
December	1,113.4	978.3	2,091.7	n.a.	77.8	44.7	122.5	2,214.2	5.5	53.7
1995 —										
January	1,105.9	989.5	2,095.4	n.a.	75.4	42.4	117.7	2,213.1	5.3	53.5
February	1,131.4	982.6	2,114.0	n.a.	75.9	49.3	125.2	2,239.1	5.6	54.2
March	1,124.0	1,000.1	2,124.1	n.a.	79.9	44.5	124.4	2,248.5	5.5	54.2
April	1,176.8	1,001.2	2,178.0	n.a.	69.8	38.0	107.9	2,285.9	4.7	54.7
May	1,180.5	992.9	2,173.4	n.a.	68.0	40.6	108.7	2,282.1	4.8	54.5
June	1,198.3	1,014.3	2,212.5	n.a.	75.8	35.9	111.7	2,324.2	4.8	55.4
ALL FEMALES										
1994 —										
April	1,927.1	1,408.9	3,336.0	30.3	252.1	106.6	358.7	3,694.7	9.7	52.3
May	1,933.3	1,415.1	3,348.4	30.3	243.8	106.1	349.8	3,698.2	9.5	52.3
June	1,950.5	1,405.8	3,356.3	28.6	247.6	106.5	354.1	3,710.4	9.5	52.5
July	1,956.0	1,442.9	3,398.9	28.1	241.9	111.7	353.6	3,752.6	9.4	53.0
August	1,960.2	1,413.9	3,374.1	32.0	242.0	104.7	346.7	3,720.8	9.3	52.5
September	1,992.1	1,435.7	3,427.8	31.2	232.5	107.4	339.9	3,767.7	9.0	53.1
October	1,980.7	1,431.8	3,412.5	27.8	229.2	103.8	333.0	3,745.6	8.9	52.7
November	1,986.8	1,438.5	3,425.3	27.5	226.5	106.8	333.4	3,758.7	8.9	52.9
December	1,973.4	1,467.8	3,441.2	24.1	227.2	103.0	330.1	3,771.3	8.8	53.0
1995 —										
January	1,952.3	1,497.3	3,449.6	24.0	225.2	103.3	328.5	3,778.1	8.7	53.0
February	1,993.0	1,487.0	3,480.0	28.2	228.3	110.5	338.8	3,818.8	8.9	53.5
March	1,976.6	1,506.5	3,483.1	23.8	222.0	104.8	326.8	3,809.9	8.6	53.3
April	2,037.1	1,504.5	3,541.6	21.8	205.1	98.5	303.7	3,845.2	7.9	53.8
May	2,045.9	1,494.8	3,540.6	27.9	212.8	95.8	308.6	3,849.2	8.0	53.7
June	2,058.2	1,527.6	3,585.8	24.8	209.1	89.8	298.9	3,884.7	7.7	54.2
PERSONS										
1994 —										
April	5,962.8	1,878.8	7,841.7	66.6	734.3	149.6	883.9	8,725.5	10.1	62.8
May	5,982.3	1,882.6	7,864.8	63.9	710.3	152.5	862.8	8,727.6	9.9	62.7
June	6,009.8	1,878.1	7,887.9	67.3	708.9	160.5	869.4	8,757.3	9.9	62.9
July	6,034.5	1,930.9	7,965.4	58.9	675.6	163.8	839.4	8,804.8	9.5	63.1
August	6,033.8	1,906.9	7,940.7	59.3	675.7	156.1	831.7	8,772.5	9.5	62.8
September	6,100.0	1,908.4	8,008.4	60.0	666.1	163.2	829.3	8,837.7	9.4	63.2
October	6,054.1	1,943.9	7,998.0	56.9	650.6	152.3	802.9	8,800.9	9.1	62.9
November	6,090.1	1,942.0	8,032.1	55.4	649.4	163.0	812.4	8,844.5	9.2	63.2
December	6,079.4	1,989.4	8,068.7	51.9	639.9	149.5	789.4	8,858.1	8.9	63.2
1995 —										
January	6,073.6	2,009.4	8,083.0	51.8	643.4	155.1	798.6	8,881.5	9.0	63.3
February	6,164.7	1,993.6	8,158.2	52.4	636.6	164.5	801.1	8,959.3	8.9	63.7
March	6,136.3	2,011.1	8,147.4	48.0	620.7	151.9	772.6	8,919.9	8.7	63.4
April	6,216.9	2,020.9	8,237.8	51.2	599.0	144.8	743.8	8,981.6	8.3	63.7
May	6,212.2	2,004.3	8,216.4	58.1	616.9	149.8	766.7	8,983.1	8.5	63.7
June	6,233.6	2,034.5	8,268.1	56.5	609.5	140.8	750.2	9,018.4	8.3	63.8

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

Month	Employed		Unemployed				Labour force	Unemployment rate - per -	Participation rate cent -	
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work				
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total					
				- '000 -						
MALES										
1994 —										
April	4,034.6	471.5	4,506.1	35.1	478.7	48.4	5,033.2	10.5	73.6	
May	4,047.3	472.9	4,520.2	34.9	467.6	49.2	5,037.0	10.3	73.5	
June	4,060.5	475.6	4,536.1	33.8	455.8	50.3	5,042.2	10.0	73.5	
July	4,071.8	480.1	4,551.9	32.2	444.7	51.5	5,048.1	9.8	73.6	
August	4,079.7	486.6	4,566.3	30.5	435.4	52.4	5,054.1	9.7	73.6	
September	4,085.8	494.0	4,579.8	29.2	428.8	52.7	5,061.3	9.5	73.6	
October	4,092.4	501.0	4,593.4	28.2	424.2	52.5	5,070.2	9.4	73.6	
November	4,102.2	506.5	4,608.8	27.5	420.3	51.9	5,080.9	9.3	73.7	
December r	4,115.8	510.2	4,626.1	26.9	416.1	51.2	5,093.3	9.2	73.8	
1995 —										
January r	4,131.8	511.9	4,643.7	26.5	411.6	50.6	5,105.8	9.1	73.9	
February r	4,147.5	511.7	4,659.1	26.5	407.2	50.2	5,116.5	8.9	74.0	
March r	4,160.6	510.4	4,671.0	27.0	403.6	50.0	5,124.6	8.9	74.0	
April r	4,170.1	509.6	4,679.7	27.9	400.8	50.1	5,130.5	8.8	74.0	
May r	4,176.5	509.2	4,685.6	29.0	398.7	50.2	5,134.6	8.7	73.9	
June	4,180.8	508.1	4,689.0	30.2	397.8	50.9	5,137.7	8.7	73.9	
MARRIED FEMALES (a)										
1994 —										
April	1,112.4	940.4	2,052.8	n.a.	93.2	43.0	136.2	2,189.0	6.2	53.1
May	1,119.8	944.6	2,064.4	n.a.	92.9	43.6	136.5	2,200.9	6.2	53.2
June	1,126.0	949.7	2,075.7	n.a.	92.5	44.5	137.1	2,212.8	6.2	53.4
July	1,130.2	954.8	2,085.0	n.a.	91.6	45.6	137.2	2,222.1	6.2	53.6
August	1,131.2	959.7	2,090.9	n.a.	90.1	46.3	136.3	2,227.3	6.1	53.7
September	1,129.1	964.3	2,093.4	n.a.	87.8	46.6	134.3	2,227.7	6.0	53.8
October	1,124.1	968.6	2,092.7	n.a.	85.0	46.6	131.6	2,224.2	5.9	53.7
November	1,118.5	973.3	2,091.8	n.a.	82.2	46.5	128.7	2,220.5	5.8	53.7
December r	1,115.5	978.2	2,093.7	n.a.	79.6	46.1	125.8	2,219.5	5.7	53.7
1995 —										
January r	1,118.6	983.4	2,102.0	n.a.	77.4	45.5	122.9	2,224.9	5.5	53.8
February r	1,128.5	988.9	2,117.5	n.a.	75.7	44.5	120.2	2,237.6	5.4	54.0
March r	1,143.4	994.2	2,137.5	n.a.	74.3	43.0	117.4	2,254.9	5.2	54.3
April r	1,159.9	998.8	2,158.7	n.a.	73.2	41.3	114.5	2,273.2	5.0	54.5
May r	1,175.8	1,003.0	2,178.8	n.a.	72.3	39.5	111.8	2,290.6	4.9	54.8
June	1,190.2	1,006.1	2,196.3	n.a.	71.9	38.1	110.0	2,306.3	4.8	55.0
ALL FEMALES										
1994 —										
April	1,933.6	1,407.5	3,341.0	30.0	252.0	105.2	357.2	3,698.2	9.7	52.4
May	1,939.2	1,412.7	3,351.9	29.9	248.8	106.1	354.9	3,706.8	9.6	52.5
June	1,947.5	1,417.5	3,365.0	30.0	245.4	107.0	352.4	3,717.4	9.5	52.6
July	1,958.3	1,421.1	3,379.4	30.1	241.7	107.4	349.1	3,728.5	9.4	52.7
August	1,968.5	1,424.9	3,393.4	29.8	237.9	107.2	345.1	3,738.5	9.2	52.7
September	1,976.0	1,430.4	3,406.5	29.2	234.2	106.4	340.6	3,747.1	9.1	52.8
October	1,978.3	1,439.2	3,417.5	28.4	231.3	105.7	337.0	3,754.4	9.0	52.8
November	1,976.5	1,451.6	3,428.1	27.3	229.0	105.5	334.5	3,762.6	8.9	52.9
December r	1,974.4	1,465.8	3,440.2	26.1	227.0	105.7	332.7	3,772.9	8.8	53.0
1995 —										
January r	1,976.7	1,479.6	3,456.3	25.2	225.0	105.6	330.5	3,786.8	8.7	53.1
February r	1,985.7	1,491.0	3,476.7	24.8	222.2	104.6	326.8	3,803.5	8.6	53.3
March r	2,000.9	1,499.4	3,500.3	24.8	218.8	102.5	321.3	3,821.6	8.4	53.5
April r	2,018.7	1,505.8	3,524.5	24.9	215.0	99.8	314.8	3,839.3	8.2	53.7
May r	2,036.0	1,511.2	3,547.1	25.0	211.6	96.8	308.4	3,855.5	8.0	53.8
June	2,052.1	1,514.5	3,566.6	25.2	208.7	94.1	302.7	3,869.3	7.8	54.0
PERSONS										
1994 —										
April	5,968.2	1,879.0	7,847.2	65.1	730.7	153.6	884.3	8,731.4	10.1	62.8
May	5,986.5	1,885.7	7,872.1	64.8	716.4	155.3	871.7	8,743.8	10.0	62.8
June	6,007.9	1,893.1	7,901.0	63.8	701.2	157.3	858.6	8,759.6	9.8	62.9
July	6,030.1	1,901.2	7,931.3	62.2	686.4	159.0	845.4	8,776.7	9.6	62.9
August	6,048.2	1,911.6	7,959.7	60.3	673.3	159.6	832.9	8,792.6	9.5	63.0
September	6,061.8	1,924.4	7,986.3	58.4	663.0	159.1	822.1	8,808.4	9.3	63.0
October	6,070.7	1,940.2	8,010.9	56.6	655.5	158.2	813.7	8,824.6	9.2	63.1
November	6,078.7	1,958.1	8,036.9	54.7	649.3	157.3	806.6	8,843.5	9.1	63.1
December r	6,090.2	1,976.1	8,066.3	52.9	643.1	156.8	800.0	8,866.3	9.0	63.2
1995 —										
January r	6,108.5	1,991.5	8,100.0	51.7	636.6	156.1	792.7	8,892.7	8.9	63.4
February r	6,133.2	2,002.7	8,135.9	51.3	629.4	154.7	784.1	8,920.0	8.8	63.5
March r	6,161.6	2,009.8	8,171.3	51.8	622.3	152.6	774.9	8,946.2	8.7	63.6
April r	6,188.8	2,015.4	8,204.2	52.8	615.8	149.9	765.7	8,969.9	8.5	63.7
May r	6,212.4	2,020.4	8,232.8	54.0	610.3	147.0	757.3	8,990.1	8.4	63.7
June	6,233.0	2,022.6	8,255.5	55.4	606.5	144.9	751.4	9,007.0	8.3	63.8

(a) See Explanatory Notes, Paragraph 30.

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
MARITAL STATUS, JUNE 1995

	Employed			Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
Males	4,169.1	516.6	4,685.8	391.6	45.7	437.3	5,123.1	1,831.1	6,954.2	8.5	73.7
Married	2,833.6	199.0	3,032.6	169.8	6.5	176.4	3,209.0	1,014.9	4,223.9	5.5	76.0
Not married	1,335.5	317.7	1,653.2	221.8	39.1	260.9	1,914.1	816.2	2,730.3	13.6	70.1
Females	2,044.6	1,543.2	3,587.8	202.9	84.7	287.5	3,875.3	3,295.0	7,170.3	7.4	54.0
Married	1,190.3	1,032.7	2,223.0	77.7	34.7	112.4	2,335.5	1,862.8	4,198.3	4.8	55.6
Not married	854.3	510.5	1,364.8	125.1	50.0	175.1	1,539.9	1,432.2	2,972.0	11.4	51.8
Persons	6,213.7	2,059.8	8,273.6	594.5	130.4	724.8	8,998.4	5,126.0	14,124.5	8.1	63.7

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATES AND TERRITORIES, JUNE 1995

State or Territory	Employed			Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
MALES											
New South Wales	1,411.4	164.0	1,575.4	122.1	12.0	134.2	1,709.6	647.6	2,357.2	7.8	72.5
Victoria	1,034.5	129.8	1,164.3	101.9	10.8	112.6	1,276.9	461.8	1,738.7	8.8	73.4
Queensland	765.6	95.1	860.8	73.3	11.9	85.2	945.9	313.7	1,259.6	9.0	75.1
South Australia	315.6	48.7	364.2	42.2	4.8	47.0	411.2	163.7	574.9	11.4	71.5
Western Australia	429.7	49.4	479.1	30.8	3.3	34.1	513.2	154.3	667.5	6.6	76.9
Tasmania	99.5	13.3	112.8	12.9	1.5	14.4	127.2	53.3	180.5	11.3	70.5
Northern Territory	40.7	5.0	45.7	2.9	* 0.3	3.1	48.9	13.9	62.8	6.4	77.8
Australian Capital Territory	72.1	11.3	83.5	5.6	1.1	6.7	90.2	22.7	112.9	7.4	79.9
Australia	4,169.1	516.6	4,685.8	391.6	45.7	437.3	5,123.1	1,831.1	6,954.2	8.5	73.7
FEMALES											
New South Wales	706.8	486.7	1,193.5	58.9	25.9	84.8	1,278.3	1,161.9	2,440.2	6.6	52.4
Victoria	504.9	393.4	898.3	53.3	23.7	77.0	975.4	838.3	1,813.7	7.9	53.8
Queensland	383.0	274.6	657.6	42.0	17.7	59.7	717.3	565.4	1,282.7	8.3	55.9
South Australia	149.3	140.0	289.3	18.2	6.8	25.1	314.3	281.4	595.8	8.0	52.8
Western Australia	186.5	167.3	353.8	21.3	6.6	27.9	381.7	291.8	673.5	7.3	56.7
Tasmania	45.4	40.2	85.6	5.2	1.6	6.7	92.4	94.3	186.7	7.3	49.5
Northern Territory	24.8	11.2	36.1	1.4	* 0.8	2.2	38.3	22.0	60.4	5.8	63.5
Australian Capital Territory	43.9	29.6	73.5	2.6	1.4	4.1	77.5	39.9	117.4	5.2	66.0
Australia	2,044.6	1,543.2	3,587.8	202.9	84.7	287.5	3,875.3	3,295.0	7,170.3	7.4	54.0
PERSONS											
New South Wales	2,118.3	650.7	2,769.0	181.0	38.0	219.0	2,988.0	1,809.5	4,797.4	7.3	62.3
Victoria	1,539.3	523.2	2,062.6	155.2	34.5	189.7	2,252.3	1,300.1	3,552.4	8.4	63.4
Queensland	1,148.6	369.8	1,518.4	115.3	29.6	144.9	1,663.3	879.1	2,542.3	8.7	65.4
South Australia	464.8	188.7	653.5	60.4	11.7	72.0	725.6	445.1	1,170.7	9.9	62.0
Western Australia	616.2	216.7	832.9	52.1	10.0	62.0	894.9	446.1	1,341.0	6.9	66.7
Tasmania	144.9	53.5	198.4	18.0	3.1	21.1	219.6	147.6	367.2	9.6	59.8
Northern Territory	65.6	16.2	81.8	4.2	* 1.1	5.3	87.2	36.0	123.1	6.1	70.8
Australian Capital Territory	116.0	41.0	157.0	8.3	2.5	10.8	167.7	62.6	230.3	6.4	72.8
Australia	6,213.7	2,059.8	8,273.6	594.5	130.4	724.8	8,998.4	5,126.0	14,124.5	8.1	63.7

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATE CAPITAL CITIES, JUNE 1995

Capital city	Employed		Unemployed		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
MALES										
Sydney	910.4	1,012.1	72.9	6.9	79.7	1,091.9	384.1	1,476.0	7.3	74.0
Melbourne	755.4	849.6	71.2	8.2	79.5	929.1	319.9	1,249.0	8.6	74.4
Brisbane	356.1	401.9	29.4	5.4	34.8	436.7	137.5	574.2	8.0	76.1
Adelaide	227.2	263.7	31.8	4.1	35.9	299.7	123.1	422.8	12.0	70.9
Perth	301.8	338.5	23.8	3.2	27.0	365.4	119.4	484.9	7.4	75.4
Hobart	40.9	45.6	5.0	* 0.4	5.5	51.1	21.9	72.9	10.7	70.0
Total	2,591.8	2,911.5	234.1	28.2	262.4	3,173.8	1,106.0	4,279.8	8.3	74.2
FEMALES										
Sydney	496.8	783.6	37.0	15.5	52.5	836.1	702.4	1,538.5	6.3	54.3
Melbourne	387.2	659.7	36.3	18.9	55.2	714.9	594.9	1,309.8	7.7	54.6
Brisbane	189.9	319.1	17.2	9.5	26.8	345.9	252.4	598.3	7.7	57.8
Adelaide	113.0	214.6	14.3	5.4	19.7	234.3	214.0	448.4	8.4	52.3
Perth	145.6	269.5	15.1	4.5	19.7	289.1	217.8	507.0	6.8	57.0
Hobart	20.0	37.2	1.6	* 0.6	2.2	39.4	38.1	77.5	5.6	50.8
Total	1,352.6	2,283.6	121.6	54.5	176.1	2,459.7	2,019.7	4,479.4	7.2	54.9
PERSONS										
Sydney	1,407.2	1,795.8	109.8	22.4	132.2	1,928.0	1,086.5	3,014.5	6.9	64.0
Melbourne	1,142.6	1,509.3	107.6	27.1	134.7	1,644.0	914.8	2,558.8	8.2	64.2
Brisbane	546.0	721.0	46.6	14.9	61.6	782.6	389.9	1,172.5	7.9	66.7
Adelaide	340.3	478.3	46.1	9.5	55.7	534.0	337.1	871.1	10.4	61.3
Perth	447.4	607.9	38.9	7.7	46.6	654.6	337.3	991.9	7.1	66.0
Hobart	61.0	82.8	6.6	1.1	7.7	90.5	60.0	150.5	8.5	60.1
Total	3,944.4	5,195.1	355.7	82.7	438.4	5,633.6	3,125.7	8,759.2	7.8	64.3

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, JUNE 1995

	Males			Females		Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
				Married	Total				
— '000 —									
Employed	83.5	43.1	73.5		73.5	12.9	22.5	121.6	157.0
Full-time workers	72.1	26.2	43.9		43.9	3.1	16.2	96.8	116.0
Part-time workers	11.3	16.9	29.6		29.6	9.8	6.3	24.8	41.0
Unemployed	6.7	1.3	4.1		4.1	2.1	2.4	6.3	10.8
Looking for full-time work	5.6	* 0.8	2.6		2.6	* 0.6	2.2	5.5	8.3
Looking for part-time work	1.1	* 0.5	1.4		1.4	1.4	* 0.2	* 0.8	2.5
Labour force	90.2	44.4	77.5		77.5	15.0	24.9	127.9	167.7
Not in labour force	22.7	20.9	39.9		39.9	8.7	5.5	48.4	62.6
Aged 15-19 attending school	3.6	* 0.0	3.1		3.1	6.7	...	...	6.7
Civilian population	112.9	65.3	117.4		117.4	23.6	30.4	176.3	230.3
— per cent —									
Unemployment rate	7.4	2.9	5.2		5.2	13.9	9.6	4.9	6.4
Looking for full-time work	7.2	* 3.0	5.7		5.7	* 17.1	11.8	5.4	6.6
Participation rate	79.9	68.0	66.0		66.0	63.3	81.9	72.5	72.8
Employment/population ratio	73.9	66.0	62.6		62.6	54.5	74.0	69.0	68.1
— number —									
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons	37.6	29.1	28.0		28.0	16.5	31.6	35.1	33.1
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	49.9	* 35.5	36.0		36.0	30.6	24.0	57.2	44.7

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES; SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Month	Males				Females				Persons									
	Employed		Unemp.		Employed		Unemp.		Employed		Unemp.							
	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate - per cent.	Partic ipation rate - per cent.	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate - per cent.	Partic ipation rate - per cent.	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate - per cent.	Partic ipation rate - per cent.			
NEW SOUTH WALES																		
1994 -																		
April	1,349.0	1,502.6	178.9	1,681.5	10.6	72.3	684.3	1,123.2	115.1	1,238.3	9.3	51.4	2,033.3	2,625.8	294.0	2,919.8	10.1	61.7
May	1,352.1	1,501.9	177.5	1,679.4	10.6	72.2	683.6	1,129.5	108.5	1,238.0	8.8	51.3	2,035.7	2,631.4	286.0	2,917.4	9.8	61.6
June	1,350.9	1,512.5	172.9	1,685.4	10.3	72.4	688.2	1,124.0	116.9	1,240.9	9.4	51.4	2,039.0	2,636.5	289.9	2,926.4	9.9	61.7
July	1,360.7	1,520.9	162.1	1,683.0	9.6	72.2	691.0	1,131.0	116.2	1,247.2	9.3	51.6	2,051.7	2,652.0	278.3	2,930.3	9.5	61.7
August	1,358.1	1,527.9	157.2	1,685.1	9.3	72.2	691.0	1,120.8	107.4	1,228.2	8.7	50.8	2,049.2	2,648.7	264.6	2,913.3	9.1	61.3
September	1,370.7	1,534.1	163.0	1,697.1	9.6	72.7	706.0	1,156.6	110.0	1,266.7	8.7	52.3	2,076.7	2,690.7	273.1	2,963.8	9.2	62.3
October	1,361.3	1,536.4	150.4	1,686.8	8.9	72.2	703.8	1,143.3	106.7	1,250.0	8.5	51.6	2,065.1	2,679.8	257.1	2,936.8	8.8	61.7
November	1,373.0	1,536.3	153.1	1,689.4	9.1	72.2	700.6	1,147.5	106.4	1,253.9	8.5	51.7	2,073.6	2,683.8	259.5	2,943.3	8.8	61.8
December	1,382.8	1,547.3	150.5	1,697.8	8.9	72.5	700.2	1,156.4	108.5	1,264.9	8.6	52.1	2,083.0	2,703.7	259.0	2,962.7	8.7	62.1
1995 -																		
January	1,389.8	1,559.6	154.7	1,714.3	9.0	73.1	694.6	1,159.9	102.7	1,262.6	8.1	52.0	2,084.4	2,719.4	257.5	2,976.9	8.6	62.4
February	1,402.3	1,572.1	144.4	1,716.5	8.4	73.2	685.7	1,147.7	116.3	1,264.0	9.2	52.0	2,094.0	2,719.8	260.7	2,980.6	8.7	62.4
March	1,402.3	1,559.6	144.4	1,704.0	8.5	72.5	675.1	1,147.5	102.9	1,250.3	8.2	51.4	2,077.4	2,707.1	247.3	2,954.3	8.4	61.8
April	1,401.7	1,570.6	136.6	1,707.1	8.0	72.6	699.8	1,167.7	92.2	1,259.8	7.3	51.7	2,101.5	2,738.2	228.8	2,967.0	7.7	62.0
May	1,405.5	1,570.8	141.1	1,711.9	8.2	72.7	699.9	1,161.3	93.9	1,255.1	7.5	51.5	2,105.4	2,732.0	235.0	2,967.1	7.9	61.9
June	1,417.4	1,579.2	136.2	1,715.5	7.9	72.8	709.3	1,191.1	89.1	1,280.2	7.0	52.5	2,126.7	2,770.3	225.4	2,995.7	7.5	62.4
VICTORIA																		
1994 -																		
April	1,013.4	1,129.1	145.5	1,274.6	11.4	73.9	468.3	838.8	101.7	940.5	10.8	52.3	1,481.7	1,967.8	247.3	2,215.1	11.2	62.9
May	1,012.5	1,129.6	143.1	1,272.7	11.2	73.8	475.8	843.0	95.2	938.3	10.1	52.2	1,488.3	1,972.7	238.3	2,211.0	10.8	62.8
June	1,014.8	1,132.2	143.8	1,276.0	11.3	74.0	473.4	844.7	92.3	937.1	9.9	52.1	1,488.2	1,977.0	236.1	2,213.1	10.7	62.8
July	1,027.8	1,147.7	131.8	1,279.5	10.3	74.1	477.4	850.7	97.0	947.7	10.2	52.6	1,505.2	1,998.4	228.8	2,227.2	10.3	63.2
August	1,004.9	1,132.8	136.5	1,269.3	10.8	73.5	470.4	840.4	104.8	945.2	11.1	52.5	1,475.3	1,973.2	241.3	2,214.5	10.9	62.8
September	1,022.8	1,141.1	133.9	1,275.0	10.5	73.8	481.6	849.9	96.7	946.6	10.2	52.5	1,504.3	1,991.0	230.6	2,221.7	10.4	63.0
October	1,017.5	1,146.9	127.3	1,274.2	10.0	73.7	467.6	847.6	90.6	938.2	9.7	52.0	1,485.2	1,994.5	217.9	2,212.4	9.9	62.7
November	1,019.4	1,145.7	130.3	1,275.9	10.2	73.8	473.6	836.8	92.2	929.0	9.9	51.5	1,493.1	1,982.5	222.5	2,205.0	10.1	62.4
December	1,017.7	1,154.2	123.7	1,277.8	9.7	73.9	470.0	841.0	94.0	935.0	10.1	51.8	1,487.7	1,995.1	217.7	2,212.8	9.8	62.6
1995 -																		
January	1,022.1	1,152.5	126.5	1,279.0	9.9	73.9	475.0	840.6	97.1	937.7	10.4	51.9	1,497.1	1,993.0	223.6	2,216.6	10.1	62.7
February	1,039.2	1,170.1	119.9	1,289.9	9.3	74.5	486.4	860.1	89.5	949.6	9.4	52.5	1,525.6	2,030.2	209.4	2,239.5	9.3	63.3
March	1,042.0	1,174.9	113.2	1,288.0	8.8	74.3	492.6	874.0	86.5	960.6	9.0	53.1	1,534.6	2,048.9	199.7	2,248.6	8.9	63.5
April	1,045.2	1,170.8	113.9	1,284.8	8.9	74.0	497.0	884.2	81.1	965.2	8.4	53.3	1,542.2	2,055.0	195.0	2,250.0	8.7	63.4
May	1,042.1	1,170.8	115.5	1,286.3	9.0	74.0	506.9	897.5	79.2	976.8	8.1	53.9	1,549.0	2,068.3	194.7	2,263.0	8.6	63.8
June	1,035.3	1,161.6	116.3	1,278.0	9.1	73.5	515.5	901.7	79.2	980.9	8.1	54.1	1,550.8	2,063.3	195.5	2,258.8	8.7	63.6

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Persons											
	Males						Females					
	Employed Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed '000-	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate -per cent-	Partic- ipation rate -per cent-	Employed Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed '000-	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate -per cent-	Partic- ipation rate -per cent-
QUEENSLAND												
1994 —												
April	732.0	817.9	87.7	905.6	9.7	74.4	341.1	591.2	62.9	654.0	9.6	52.7
May	740.5	832.0	81.1	913.1	8.9	74.9	342.8	596.7	64.1	660.8	9.7	53.1
June	743.2	830.2	82.5	912.8	9.0	74.7	352.3	598.8	63.4	665.2	9.6	53.1
July	745.2	831.7	81.9	913.6	9.0	74.5	350.1	604.6	60.8	662.4	9.1	53.2
August	751.9	835.3	83.2	918.5	9.1	74.7	356.8	606.8	61.2	668.0	9.2	53.3
September	753.1	835.7	84.2	919.8	9.2	74.7	359.4	616.6	62.5	679.1	9.2	54.1
October	750.9	837.1	83.7	920.8	9.1	74.6	360.2	617.9	59.5	677.4	8.8	53.8
November	753.0	839.9	83.4	923.3	9.0	74.6	363.8	625.1	61.1	686.2	8.9	54.4
December	752.9	841.7	78.8	920.5	8.6	74.2	352.5	624.3	55.5	679.8	8.2	53.8
1995 —												
January	761.8	844.2	78.9	923.1	8.5	74.2	335.8	626.5	57.9	684.4	8.5	54.0
February	765.5	852.2	82.2	934.4	8.8	74.9	354.6	641.0	61.9	702.9	8.8	55.3
March	762.6	854.9	82.9	937.8	8.8	75.0	360.5	644.8	64.0	708.8	9.0	55.6
April	773.1	864.0	81.2	945.2	8.6	75.4	377.4	655.7	57.2	712.9	8.0	55.8
May	762.2	856.6	90.4	947.0	9.5	75.4	373.5	647.1	63.3	710.4	8.9	55.5
June	763.7	859.6	85.5	945.1	9.0	75.0	382.0	656.4	61.7	718.1	8.6	56.0
SOUTH AUSTRALIA												
1994 —												
April	322.7	361.7	45.5	407.2	11.2	71.2	145.2	273.9	26.9	300.8	8.9	50.7
May	325.4	363.4	44.9	408.3	11.0	71.4	144.5	274.8	31.3	306.2	10.2	51.6
June	325.2	362.2	46.3	408.5	11.3	71.4	146.8	273.0	33.1	306.1	10.8	51.6
July	325.4	366.7	43.5	410.3	10.6	71.7	147.9	285.0	32.8	317.7	10.3	53.5
August	329.5	366.5	44.8	411.4	10.9	71.8	148.2	280.7	30.6	311.4	9.8	52.4
September	329.9	365.7	44.7	410.4	10.9	71.6	149.7	281.7	30.7	312.4	9.8	52.6
October	327.6	366.0	44.5	410.4	10.8	71.6	151.2	280.8	30.2	311.0	9.7	52.3
November	323.8	363.9	44.1	408.0	10.8	71.1	154.3	281.4	30.9	312.3	9.9	52.5
December	318.0	360.8	44.4	405.2	11.0	70.6	150.8	282.0	28.2	310.2	9.1	52.2
1995 —												
January	320.9	361.9	45.4	407.3	11.2	71.0	151.9	280.1	24.2	304.3	8.0	51.2
February	327.3	372.7	42.1	414.8	10.2	72.3	151.9	282.5	27.6	310.1	8.9	52.1
March	316.5	363.3	44.6	407.9	10.9	71.0	151.9	280.5	29.0	309.6	9.4	52.0
April	320.9	367.9	43.6	411.6	10.6	71.6	150.6	281.8	28.1	309.9	9.1	52.1
May	322.7	367.4	44.4	411.8	10.8	71.7	158.5	289.0	26.4	315.4	8.4	53.0
June	314.9	365.3	48.7	414.0	11.8	72.0	150.6	288.2	26.7	314.9	8.5	52.9

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES; SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-	
	Full-time workers	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation
	'000	'000	per cent.	per cent.	'000	'000	per cent.	per cent.	'000	'000	per cent.	per cent.
WESTERN AUSTRALIA												
1994—												
April	411.1	459.5	41.8	501.2	8.3	76.9	177.1	328.2	30.4	358.7	8.5	54.5
May	411.3	460.0	40.8	500.8	8.2	76.7	178.4	325.4	31.7	357.1	8.9	54.2
June	411.2	458.3	42.5	500.8	8.5	76.6	178.2	327.3	33.8	361.1	9.4	54.7
July	416.0	463.8	41.8	505.5	8.3	77.2	180.0	336.9	29.2	366.0	8.0	55.4
August	416.2	462.6	40.5	503.1	8.0	76.7	180.2	335.3	28.3	363.5	7.8	54.9
September	416.1	464.1	39.8	503.9	7.9	76.7	180.8	333.4	31.0	364.5	8.5	55.0
October	410.4	463.9	38.1	502.0	7.6	76.3	184.3	341.4	27.8	369.2	7.5	55.6
November	412.0	468.3	40.1	508.4	7.9	77.1	186.2	340.2	28.4	368.5	7.7	55.4
December	415.8	471.0	37.6	508.6	7.4	77.0	185.5	345.7	26.3	372.0	7.1	55.8
1995—												
January	416.8	472.5	39.9	512.5	7.8	77.5	183.2	344.4	26.4	370.8	7.1	55.6
February	417.1	466.6	46.0	512.6	9.0	77.4	192.1	349.2	26.0	375.2	6.9	56.1
March	423.2	476.4	37.3	513.8	7.3	77.4	188.3	350.3	26.9	377.2	7.1	56.3
April	426.1	479.3	41.2	520.6	7.9	78.3	196.7	359.0	24.8	383.8	6.5	57.2
May	426.3	476.6	38.7	515.3	7.5	77.3	194.8	358.5	27.7	386.2	7.2	57.5
June	430.3	477.8	36.1	513.9	7.0	77.0	186.0	351.2	29.2	380.4	7.7	56.5
TASMANIA												
1994—												
April	100.2	112.4	16.8	129.2	13.0	71.8	40.7	82.2	8.8	91.0	9.6	48.9
May	100.1	112.5	16.2	128.7	12.6	71.6	42.1	83.4	9.1	92.5	9.8	49.7
June	101.5	112.4	14.2	126.7	11.2	70.4	40.6	83.2	7.5	90.7	8.2	48.7
July	100.7	112.5	14.7	127.2	11.5	70.7	41.2	82.9	9.2	92.0	10.0	49.4
August	99.5	112.4	14.5	126.9	11.4	70.5	40.6	80.9	7.9	88.7	8.9	47.7
September	99.3	112.9	15.0	127.9	11.7	71.0	41.6	82.2	8.8	91.0	9.7	48.9
October	99.6	115.3	14.2	129.6	11.0	72.0	41.0	80.3	9.3	89.5	10.3	48.1
November	100.5	113.5	15.0	128.5	11.7	71.4	43.8	81.4	9.6	91.0	10.6	48.9
December	100.7	114.6	14.9	129.5	11.5	71.9	43.2	80.7	9.2	89.9	10.2	48.2
1995—												
January	100.6	113.8	15.4	129.1	11.9	71.6	44.2	83.5	10.3	93.8	11.0	50.3
February	99.0	112.2	16.3	128.5	12.7	71.3	43.9	82.5	9.4	91.9	10.2	49.3
March	100.8	114.2	14.0	128.3	10.9	71.1	45.6	85.0	8.8	93.8	9.4	50.2
April	99.4	114.5	14.9	129.4	11.5	71.7	46.4	88.3	7.5	95.8	7.8	51.4
May	99.6	114.1	15.0	129.1	11.6	71.6	44.4	86.6	8.4	94.9	8.8	50.9
June	100.2	113.4	14.3	127.7	11.2	70.8	46.1	85.8	6.4	92.2	6.9	49.4

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES

Month	Persons																	
	Males						Females											
	Employed Full-time workers	Unemp- loyed '000	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate - per cent -	Partic- ipation rate - per cent -	Employed Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed '000	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate - per cent -	Partic- ipation rate - per cent -	Total						
NEW SOUTH WALES																		
1994 --	1,348.0	1,502.6	179.0	1,681.6	10.6	72.3	684.3	1,124.4	113.1	1,237.6	9.1	51.4	2,032.3	2,627.1	292.1	2,919.2	10.0	61.7
April	1,350.8	1,507.3	175.1	1,682.5	10.4	72.3	686.0	1,125.6	113.5	1,239.0	9.2	51.4	2,036.8	2,632.9	288.6	2,921.5	9.9	61.7
May	1,354.0	1,513.1	170.6	1,683.7	10.1	72.3	688.6	1,127.4	113.2	1,240.6	9.1	51.4	2,042.6	2,640.5	283.8	2,924.3	9.7	61.7
June	1,357.2	1,519.3	165.6	1,684.9	9.8	72.3	692.0	1,130.4	112.3	1,242.7	9.0	51.4	2,049.2	2,649.7	277.9	2,927.6	9.5	61.7
July	1,360.2	1,525.2	161.0	1,686.1	9.5	72.3	696.1	1,135.0	110.8	1,245.9	8.9	51.5	2,056.3	2,660.2	271.8	2,932.0	9.3	61.7
August	1,363.8	1,531.1	157.3	1,688.4	9.3	72.3	699.9	1,140.8	109.3	1,250.0	8.7	51.6	2,063.7	2,671.9	266.6	2,938.4	9.1	61.8
September	1,368.9	1,537.1	154.9	1,691.9	9.2	72.4	701.5	1,146.2	108.2	1,254.4	8.6	51.8	2,070.5	2,683.2	263.1	2,946.3	8.9	61.9
October	1,375.7	1,543.3	153.0	1,696.3	9.0	72.5	700.2	1,150.1	107.9	1,258.1	8.6	51.9	2,075.9	2,693.4	261.0	2,954.4	8.8	62.0
November	1,383.2	1,549.7	151.3	1,701.0	8.9	72.7	696.5	1,152.0	107.8	1,259.8	8.6	51.9	2,079.7	2,701.7	259.1	2,960.8	8.8	62.1
December	1,390.6	1,556.0	149.1	1,705.1	8.7	72.7	692.5	1,152.8	107.2	1,259.9	8.5	51.9	2,083.2	2,708.8	256.2	2,965.0	8.6	62.1
1995 --	1,397.2	1,561.7	146.4	1,708.2	8.6	72.8	690.3	1,154.2	105.2	1,259.4	8.3	51.8	2,087.4	2,716.0	251.6	2,967.5	8.5	62.1
January	1,402.4	1,566.5	143.7	1,710.2	8.4	72.8	690.8	1,157.7	102.0	1,259.7	8.1	51.8	2,093.1	2,724.2	245.7	2,969.9	8.3	62.1
February	1,406.5	1,570.3	141.0	1,711.4	8.2	72.8	693.3	1,162.8	98.2	1,260.9	7.8	51.8	2,099.8	2,733.1	239.2	2,972.3	8.0	62.1
March	1,409.8	1,573.6	138.6	1,712.2	8.1	72.7	697.0	1,168.5	94.4	1,262.9	7.5	51.8	2,106.7	2,742.1	233.0	2,975.1	7.8	62.1
April	1,412.2	1,575.8	136.7	1,712.5	8.0	72.7	701.0	1,174.1	90.9	1,265.0	7.2	51.8	2,113.2	2,749.9	227.7	2,977.6	7.6	62.1
1994 --	1,009.2	1,126.0	146.7	1,272.6	11.5	73.8	473.2	837.7	100.3	937.9	10.7	52.2	1,482.4	1,963.6	246.9	2,210.6	11.2	62.8
April	1,012.7	1,130.4	144.0	1,274.4	11.3	73.9	474.0	842.3	98.4	940.7	10.5	52.3	1,486.6	1,972.7	242.3	2,215.0	10.9	62.9
May	1,015.6	1,134.5	140.7	1,275.2	11.0	73.9	474.5	845.4	97.4	942.8	10.3	52.4	1,490.0	1,979.9	238.1	2,218.0	10.7	62.9
June	1,017.3	1,137.6	137.4	1,275.0	10.8	73.9	474.7	846.7	96.9	943.6	10.3	52.4	1,491.9	1,984.4	234.2	2,218.6	10.6	62.9
July	1,017.5	1,139.8	134.5	1,274.4	10.6	73.8	474.2	846.3	96.5	942.7	10.2	52.3	1,491.7	1,986.1	231.0	2,217.1	10.4	62.9
August	1,017.0	1,141.7	132.3	1,274.0	10.4	73.8	473.3	844.5	96.1	940.6	10.2	52.2	1,490.3	1,986.2	228.4	2,214.6	10.3	62.8
September	1,017.2	1,144.4	130.3	1,274.7	10.2	73.8	472.3	842.3	95.6	938.0	10.2	52.0	1,489.5	1,986.7	225.9	2,212.7	10.2	62.7
October	1,019.0	1,148.3	128.0	1,276.4	10.0	73.8	472.2	841.4	94.8	936.2	10.1	51.9	1,491.2	1,989.8	222.8	2,212.6	10.1	62.6
November	1,022.8	1,153.7	125.4	1,279.2	9.8	74.0	474.0	843.4	93.5	936.9	10.0	51.9	1,496.8	1,997.2	218.9	2,216.1	9.9	62.7
December	1,028.1	1,159.7	122.5	1,282.2	9.6	74.1	478.1	849.6	91.7	941.3	9.7	52.1	1,506.2	2,009.3	214.2	2,223.5	9.6	62.9
1995 --	1,033.4	1,164.7	119.7	1,284.4	9.3	74.1	484.2	859.4	89.5	948.9	9.4	52.5	1,517.7	2,024.1	209.2	2,233.3	9.4	63.1
January	1,037.8	1,168.0	117.4	1,285.4	9.1	74.1	491.5	871.0	86.7	957.7	9.0	52.9	1,529.4	2,039.1	204.0	2,243.1	9.1	63.3
February	1,040.9	1,169.9	115.6	1,285.5	9.0	74.1	498.8	882.6	83.5	966.1	8.6	53.4	1,539.7	2,052.5	199.1	2,251.6	8.8	63.5
March	1,042.6	1,170.6	114.3	1,284.9	8.9	74.0	505.4	892.9	80.7	973.6	8.3	53.7	1,548.0	2,063.5	195.0	2,258.5	8.6	63.6
April	1,043.3	1,170.0	113.8	1,283.8	8.9	73.8	511.4	901.3	78.3	979.5	8.0	54.0	1,554.7	2,071.3	192.1	2,263.4	8.5	63.7

VICTORIA

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-	
	Full-time workers	Total	loyed	labour force	Participation rate - per cent -	Unemp-loyment rate - per cent -	Full-time workers	Total	loyed	labour force	Participation rate - per cent -	Unemp-loyment rate - per cent -
QUEENSLAND												
1994 —												
April	733.4	822.5	86.5	909.0	9.5	74.7	344.1	595.1	63.3	658.4	9.6	53.0
May	738.1	826.2	84.5	910.7	9.3	74.7	345.8	596.7	63.0	659.7	9.5	53.0
June	742.8	829.5	83.2	912.7	9.1	74.6	348.8	599.7	62.7	662.3	9.5	53.1
July	746.6	832.4	82.7	915.1	9.0	74.7	353.0	604.0	62.2	666.3	9.3	53.3
August	749.3	834.6	82.8	917.3	9.0	74.7	356.5	608.8	61.6	670.4	9.2	53.5
September	751.1	836.0	82.8	918.8	9.0	74.6	358.3	613.5	60.7	674.2	9.0	53.7
October	752.5	837.4	82.6	920.0	9.0	74.5	357.4	617.8	59.8	677.7	8.8	53.8
November	754.4	839.6	81.8	921.5	8.9	74.4	354.9	622.2	59.3	681.5	8.7	54.0
December	757.0	842.9	81.0	924.0	8.8	74.5	352.7	627.1	59.1	686.2	8.6	54.3
1995 —												
January	759.9	846.8	80.8	927.7	8.7	74.6	352.6	632.5	59.4	691.8	8.6	54.6
February	762.7	850.9	81.4	932.3	8.7	74.8	355.6	638.1	59.9	698.1	8.6	54.9
March	764.8	854.6	82.6	937.3	8.8	75.0	361.2	643.7	60.7	704.4	8.6	55.3
April	766.0	857.7	84.1	941.7	8.9	75.1	367.9	648.7	61.3	710.0	8.6	55.6
May	766.5	860.0	85.4	945.4	9.0	75.2	374.2	652.8	61.7	714.5	8.6	55.8
June	766.5	861.5	86.8	948.3	9.2	75.3	380.3	656.0	62.3	718.3	8.7	56.0
SOUTH AUSTRALIA												
1994 —												
April	323.2	362.2	46.2	408.4	11.3	71.4	145.2	273.6	30.5	304.0	10.0	51.3
May	324.5	363.0	45.6	408.6	11.2	71.4	145.4	275.1	30.9	306.0	10.1	51.6
June	326.0	364.1	45.1	409.3	11.0	71.5	146.2	277.2	31.3	308.6	10.2	52.0
July	327.4	365.2	44.7	409.9	10.9	71.6	147.5	279.3	31.7	311.0	10.2	52.4
August	327.8	365.5	44.6	410.1	10.9	71.6	148.8	280.8	31.7	312.5	10.1	52.6
September	327.3	365.3	44.5	409.8	10.9	71.5	150.1	281.6	31.1	312.7	10.0	52.6
October	326.2	364.8	44.5	409.2	10.9	71.4	151.2	281.8	30.1	311.9	9.7	52.5
November	324.5	364.3	44.4	408.6	10.9	71.3	151.7	281.5	29.0	310.5	9.4	52.2
December	322.9	364.2	44.2	408.4	10.8	71.2	152.0	281.0	28.2	309.2	9.1	52.0
1995 —												
January	321.8	364.7	44.0	408.7	10.8	71.2	152.1	281.0	27.7	308.7	9.0	51.9
February	321.2	365.6	43.9	409.5	10.7	71.3	152.2	281.6	27.4	309.0	8.9	51.9
March	320.8	366.4	44.1	410.5	10.8	71.5	152.4	282.7	27.3	310.0	8.8	52.1
April	320.2	366.9	44.6	411.5	10.8	71.6	152.8	284.0	27.3	311.3	8.8	52.3
May	319.5	367.1	45.3	412.3	11.0	71.7	153.1	285.6	27.2	312.7	8.7	52.5
June	318.8	367.2	46.0	413.1	11.1	71.9	153.5	287.0	27.2	314.2	8.7	52.7

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES - continued

Months	Males						Females						Persons						
	Employed		Unemp.		Partic.		Employed		Unemp.		Partic.		Employed		Unemp.		Partic.		
	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	Unemp. rate	
		'000	- '000	- per cent.	- per cent.			'000	- '000	- per cent.	- per cent.			'000	- '000	- per cent.	- per cent.	- per cent.	
WESTERN AUSTRALIA																			
1994 -																			
April	411.9	459.2	42.2	501.4	8.4	76.9	176.9	326.9	31.0	358.0	8.7	54.4	588.8	786.1	73.2	859.4	8.5	65.6	
May	412.7	460.0	41.7	501.8	8.3	76.9	177.7	328.3	31.0	359.3	8.6	54.5	590.4	788.3	72.7	861.0	8.4	65.7	
June	413.4	460.8	41.4	502.2	8.2	76.8	178.6	330.0	30.9	360.9	8.6	54.7	591.9	790.7	72.3	863.0	8.4	65.7	
July	413.9	461.5	41.0	502.6	8.2	76.8	179.6	332.1	30.6	362.7	8.4	54.9	593.5	793.7	71.6	865.3	8.3	65.8	
August	414.1	462.8	40.3	503.1	8.0	76.7	180.8	334.6	30.0	364.6	8.2	55.1	594.9	797.3	70.4	867.7	8.1	65.9	
September	414.0	464.3	39.7	504.0	7.9	76.7	182.0	337.0	29.2	366.2	8.0	55.3	596.0	801.3	69.0	870.2	7.9	66.0	
October	413.7	465.8	39.4	505.2	7.8	76.8	183.1	339.2	28.4	367.5	7.7	55.4	596.8	805.0	67.7	872.7	7.8	66.0	
November	413.8	467.4	39.4	506.8	7.8	76.9	184.3	341.3	27.6	368.9	7.5	55.5	598.1	808.7	67.0	875.7	7.7	66.1	
December	414.6	469.1	39.9	509.0	7.8	77.1	185.8	343.8	27.0	370.7	7.3	55.7	600.5	812.9	66.8	879.7	7.6	66.3	
1995 -																			
January	416.5	470.9	40.4	511.3	7.9	77.3	187.6	346.6	26.5	373.1	7.1	55.9	604.1	817.6	66.9	884.4	7.6	66.6	
February	419.2	472.7	40.7	513.4	7.9	77.5	189.3	349.5	26.2	375.8	7.0	56.2	608.5	822.3	66.9	889.2	7.5	66.8	
March	422.1	474.4	40.4	514.9	7.8	77.6	190.7	352.0	26.3	378.4	7.0	56.5	612.8	826.5	66.8	893.2	7.5	67.0	
April	424.7	476.0	39.8	515.8	7.7	77.6	191.7	354.1	26.7	380.8	7.0	56.8	616.4	830.1	66.5	896.6	7.4	67.1	
May	427.1	477.4	38.9	516.3	7.5	77.5	192.2	355.7	27.1	382.8	7.1	56.9	619.2	833.0	66.1	899.1	7.4	67.2	
June	429.0	478.4	38.2	516.6	7.4	77.4	192.3	356.4	27.7	384.2	7.2	57.0	621.2	834.8	65.9	900.7	7.3	67.2	
TASMANIA																			
1994 -																			
April	100.1	112.4	16.5	128.9	12.8	71.7	41.6	83.1	8.7	91.7	9.4	49.3	141.7	195.5	25.2	220.7	11.4	60.3	
May	100.3	112.3	15.9	128.3	12.4	71.3	41.2	82.9	8.5	91.4	9.3	49.1	141.5	195.3	24.4	219.7	11.1	60.0	
June	100.3	112.4	15.3	127.6	12.0	71.0	41.0	82.7	8.4	91.1	9.2	49.0	141.3	195.1	23.7	218.8	10.8	59.8	
July	100.3	112.6	14.8	127.4	11.6	70.8	40.9	82.3	8.4	90.7	9.3	48.7	141.2	195.0	23.2	218.1	10.6	59.6	
August	100.1	113.0	14.5	127.5	11.4	70.9	41.1	81.8	8.5	90.4	9.5	48.5	141.2	194.9	23.0	217.9	10.6	59.5	
September	100.0	113.5	14.5	127.9	11.3	71.1	41.4	81.4	8.8	90.2	9.8	48.4	141.4	194.9	23.3	218.1	10.7	59.6	
October	100.0	113.8	14.7	128.5	11.4	71.3	42.0	81.1	9.1	90.2	10.1	48.4	141.9	194.8	23.8	218.7	10.9	59.7	
November	100.1	113.9	14.9	128.9	11.6	71.5	42.6	81.1	9.5	90.6	10.4	48.6	142.7	195.0	24.4	219.4	11.1	59.9	
December	100.2	113.9	15.1	129.1	11.7	71.6	43.4	81.7	9.6	91.3	10.5	49.0	143.5	195.6	24.7	220.3	11.2	60.1	
1995 -																			
January	100.2	113.8	15.2	129.0	11.8	71.6	44.0	82.7	9.5	92.2	10.3	49.5	144.2	196.5	24.7	221.2	11.2	60.3	
February	100.1	113.8	15.2	128.9	11.8	71.5	44.6	83.8	9.2	93.1	9.9	49.9	144.7	197.6	24.4	222.0	11.0	60.5	
March	99.9	113.7	15.1	128.8	11.7	71.4	45.0	85.0	8.7	93.7	9.3	50.2	145.0	198.7	23.8	222.5	10.7	60.6	
April	99.8	113.8	14.9	128.7	11.6	71.3	45.4	85.9	8.2	94.1	8.7	50.4	145.2	199.7	23.1	222.8	10.4	60.7	
May	99.8	113.9	14.7	128.6	11.4	71.3	45.6	86.6	7.7	94.3	8.1	50.5	145.4	200.5	22.4	222.9	10.0	60.7	
June	99.8	113.9	14.6	128.5	11.3	71.2	45.9	87.2	7.2	94.4	7.6	50.5	145.6	201.0	21.8	222.8	9.8	60.7	

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Persons																			
	Males				Females				Total											
	Employed Full-time workers	Unemp- LOYMENT force	Unemp- LOYMENT rate	Partic- ipation	Employed Full-time workers	Unemp- LOYMENT force	Unemp- LOYMENT rate	Partic- ipation	Total employed	Unemp- LOYMENT force	Unemp- LOYMENT rate	Partic- ipation								
			per cent.																	
		'000				'000				'000		per cent.								
NORTHERN TERRITORY																				
1994 —																				
April	37.6	41.1	3.4	44.5	7.7	71.9		22.5	31.5	2.4	34.0	7.1	58.1	60.2	72.6	5.8	78.5	7.5	65.2	
May	37.8	41.4	3.5	44.9	7.7	72.6		22.8	31.9	2.4	34.4	7.0	58.8	60.6	73.4	5.9	79.2	7.4	65.9	
June	38.0	41.9	3.5	45.4	7.7	73.4		23.0	32.5	2.5	35.0	7.1	59.8	61.0	74.4	6.0	80.4	7.4	66.8	
July	38.3	42.5	3.5	46.0	7.6	74.4		23.2	33.3	2.6	35.9	7.3	61.2	61.5	75.8	6.1	81.9	7.5	67.9	
August	38.7	43.2	3.5	46.7	7.6	75.4		23.5	34.2	2.8	37.0	7.5	62.9	62.3	77.4	6.3	83.7	7.5	69.3	
September	39.3	43.8	3.6	47.4	7.6	76.5		24.1	35.4	2.9	38.3	7.6	65.0	63.3	79.2	6.5	85.7	7.6	70.9	
October	39.8	44.5	3.6	48.1	7.6	77.6		24.8	36.6	3.0	39.6	7.5	67.0	64.6	81.1	6.6	87.7	7.6	72.4	
November	40.4	45.1	3.7	48.8	7.5	78.5		25.4	37.6	3.0	40.6	7.4	68.5	65.9	82.7	6.7	89.4	7.5	73.6	
December	41.0	45.7	3.6	49.4	7.4	79.4		25.9	38.1	3.0	41.1	7.3	69.2	66.9	83.8	6.6	90.5	7.3	74.4	
1995 —																				
January	41.3	46.1	3.6	49.7	7.3	79.7		26.1	38.1	2.9	41.0	7.1	69.0	67.4	84.2	6.5	90.7	7.2	74.5	
February	41.4	46.1	3.6	49.8	7.3	79.7		25.9	37.7	2.8	40.5	7.0	68.0	67.3	83.8	6.4	90.3	7.1	74.0	
March	41.2	46.0	3.6	49.6	7.3	79.4		25.5	37.1	2.8	39.8	6.9	66.7	66.7	83.1	6.4	89.5	7.2	73.2	
April (a)	40.9	45.8	3.7	49.5	7.5	79.0		25.1	36.5	2.7	39.2	6.9	65.4	66.1	82.3	6.4	88.7	7.2	72.3	
May (a)	40.6	45.5	3.7	49.3	7.6	78.5		24.8	36.0	2.6	38.6	6.8	64.2	65.4	81.5	6.4	87.9	7.3	71.5	
June (a)	40.3	45.2	3.8	49.0	7.8	78.1		24.4	35.6	2.6	38.1	6.8	63.2	64.8	80.8	6.4	87.2	7.3	70.8	
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY																				
1994 —																				
April	73.0	83.2	6.4	89.6	7.1	80.3		45.2	69.9	5.1	75.1	6.9	64.7	118.2	153.2	11.5	164.7	7.0	72.3	
May	72.9	83.3	6.2	89.5	7.0	80.2		46.0	70.1	5.1	75.2	6.8	64.8	118.9	153.4	11.4	164.7	6.9	72.3	
June	72.7	83.2	6.2	89.4	6.9	80.0		46.6	70.5	5.2	75.7	6.9	65.2	119.3	153.7	11.4	165.1	6.9	72.4	
July	72.5	83.0	6.4	89.4	7.1	79.9		47.1	71.1	5.3	76.3	6.9	65.7	119.6	154.1	11.6	165.7	7.0	72.6	
August	72.3	82.9	6.6	89.5	7.4	79.9		47.3	71.6	5.3	76.9	6.9	66.1	119.6	154.5	11.9	166.4	7.2	72.8	
September	72.2	82.8	6.9	89.7	7.7	79.9		47.2	71.9	5.2	77.1	6.8	66.2	119.4	154.6	12.1	166.8	7.3	72.9	
October	72.2	82.7	7.1	89.7	7.9	79.9		46.8	71.9	5.1	77.0	6.6	66.1	119.0	154.6	12.2	166.8	7.3	72.9	
November	72.3	82.7	7.1	89.7	7.9	79.8		46.0	71.8	5.0	76.8	6.5	65.9	118.3	154.5	12.1	166.6	7.3	72.7	
December	72.3	82.6	7.0	89.6	7.8	79.6		45.1	71.6	4.9	76.5	6.4	65.6	117.4	154.2	11.9	166.1	7.2	72.5	
1995 —																				
January	72.4	82.6	6.9	89.5	7.7	79.6		44.2	71.3	4.9	76.2	6.4	65.3	116.6	153.9	11.8	165.7	7.1	72.3	
February	72.4	82.6	6.8	89.4	7.6	79.5		43.6	71.2	4.9	76.1	6.4	65.2	116.0	153.8	11.7	165.6	7.1	72.2	
March	72.4	82.6	6.8	89.5	7.7	79.6		43.3	71.3	5.0	76.2	6.5	65.2	115.9	153.9	11.8	165.7	7.1	72.2	
April (a)	72.4	82.7	6.9	89.6	7.7	79.6		43.3	71.5	5.0	76.5	6.5	65.3	115.7	154.2	11.9	166.1	7.2	72.3	
May (a)	72.4	82.8	7.0	89.8	7.8	79.6		43.4	71.8	5.0	76.8	6.5	65.5	115.8	154.6	12.0	166.6	7.2	72.4	
June (a)	72.5	83.0	7.1	90.1	7.9	79.8		43.6	72.2	5.0	77.1	6.5	65.7	116.1	155.1	12.1	167.2	7.2	72.6	

(a) These estimates may be subject to significant revisions as data for later months become available.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, JUNE 1995

Age group	Number ('000)					Participation rate (per cent)				
	Females					Females				
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	5,028.8	2,316.3	1,526.9	3,843.1	8,871.9	83.6	62.9	67.2	64.6	74.1
15-19	360.8	13.5	357.5	371.0	731.8	55.6	64.4	60.0	60.2	57.8
20-24	637.7	148.3	393.2	541.5	1,179.2	88.1	70.1	79.5	76.7	82.5
25-34	1,298.6	640.7	333.2	973.9	2,272.5	92.8	65.5	76.2	68.8	80.7
35-44	1,256.3	766.5	226.0	992.6	2,248.8	92.6	72.0	73.3	72.3	82.4
45-54	1,012.5	587.2	158.5	745.7	1,758.2	89.4	68.5	66.7	68.1	78.9
55-59	304.1	119.5	40.5	160.0	464.0	74.3	39.7	42.7	40.4	57.6
60-64	158.8	40.6	17.9	58.5	217.4	45.6	16.5	17.0	16.6	31.1
65 and over	94.3	19.2	13.0	32.2	126.5	10.1	3.7	1.9	2.6	5.9
Total	5,123.1	2,335.5	1,539.9	3,875.3	8,998.4	73.7	55.6	51.8	54.0	63.7

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, JUNE 1995

	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate	
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME (a)										
Males	146.1	175.9	43.4	* 2.6	45.9	221.8	17.4	239.3	20.7	92.7
Females	79.2	128.0	35.0	* 2.8	37.7	165.7	26.3	192.0	22.8	86.3
Persons	225.3	303.9	78.3	5.3	83.7	387.5	43.7	431.2	21.6	89.9
Left school —										
Before 1992	50.8	64.4	21.4	* 0.6	21.9	86.3	15.2	101.5	25.4	85.0
1993	90.1	117.0	22.9	* 1.6	24.5	141.4	13.4	154.9	17.3	91.3
1994 to survey date	84.4	122.5	34.1	* 3.2	37.3	159.8	12.2	172.0	23.3	92.9
Age —										
15	4.5	6.2	* 2.2	* 0.3	* 2.5	8.7	* 2.2	10.9	* 28.4	79.8
16	16.4	24.7	8.2	* 0.9	9.1	33.7	* 3.9	37.6	26.9	89.7
17	37.4	49.8	16.6	* 0.3	16.9	66.7	6.0	72.7	25.3	91.7
18	76.7	104.6	25.0	* 1.4	26.4	131.0	12.9	143.8	20.1	91.1
19	90.4	118.6	26.4	* 2.5	28.8	147.4	18.7	166.1	19.6	88.7
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	* 2.0	31.9	* 1.8	4.0	5.8	37.8	47.1	84.9	15.4	44.5
Females	* 1.5	63.1	* 2.4	6.8	9.2	72.3	41.5	113.8	12.8	63.5
Persons	* 3.5	95.0	4.2	10.8	15.1	110.1	88.6	198.7	13.7	55.4
Left school —										
Before 1992	* 0.4	11.5	* 1.4	* 0.2	* 1.6	13.0	5.4	18.4	* 12.1	70.9
1993	* 2.3	41.5	* 0.3	* 2.1	* 2.4	43.8	28.4	72.3	* 5.4	60.7
1994 to survey date	* 0.9	42.1	* 2.6	8.6	11.1	53.2	54.9	108.1	20.9	49.2
Age —										
15 and 16	* 0.2	* 2.1	* 0.3	* 0.4	* 0.7	* 2.8	* 3.8	6.6	* 26.0	* 42.9
17	* 0.5	8.4	* 0.3	* 1.6	* 2.0	10.3	12.4	22.7	* 19.1	45.4
18	* 1.8	35.9	* 2.5	6.0	8.5	44.3	38.5	82.8	19.1	53.5
19	* 1.0	48.7	* 1.1	* 2.8	* 3.9	52.6	34.0	86.6	* 7.4	60.8
ATTENDING SCHOOL										
Males	* 0.2	76.5	* 3.7	21.1	24.7	101.2	223.6	324.8	24.4	31.2
Females	* 0.7	109.6	* 3.2	20.2	23.4	133.0	177.7	310.7	17.6	42.8
Persons	* 0.9	186.1	6.8	41.2	48.1	234.2	401.3	635.5	20.5	36.9
Age —										
15	* 0.3	57.8	* 1.5	19.9	21.4	79.2	156.0	235.2	27.0	33.7
16	* 0.4	67.9	* 2.9	11.0	13.9	81.8	128.0	209.8	17.0	39.0
17	* 0.2	52.7	* 1.4	8.9	10.2	63.0	93.4	156.4	16.3	40.3
18 and 19	* 0.0	7.6	* 1.1	* 1.5	* 2.6	10.2	23.9	34.1	* 25.2	30.0
TOTAL										
Males	148.4	284.4	48.8	27.6	76.4	360.8	288.1	649.0	21.2	55.6
Females	81.4	300.6	40.5	29.8	70.3	371.0	245.5	616.5	19.0	60.2
Persons	229.8	585.0	89.4	57.4	146.8	731.8	533.6	1,265.4	20.1	57.8
Age —										
15	5.1	64.9	* 3.6	20.4	24.0	88.9	160.1	249.0	27.0	35.7
16	16.8	93.8	11.4	12.2	23.6	117.4	133.7	251.2	20.1	46.8
17	38.0	110.8	18.4	10.7	29.1	139.9	111.9	251.8	20.8	55.6
18	78.5	147.0	28.0	8.6	36.6	183.6	70.4	254.0	19.9	72.3
19	91.4	168.4	28.0	5.5	33.5	201.9	57.5	259.4	16.6	77.8

(a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the 'Not in labour force' column do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, JUNE 1995

	Employed		Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 20-24	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work	Total					
NOT ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	463.5	512.8	71.5	4.0	75.6	588.3	25.9	614.2	12.8	95.8
Females	343.9	438.7	39.5	4.9	44.4	483.1	107.3	590.4	9.2	81.8
Persons	807.4	951.5	111.0	9.0	120.0	1,071.4	133.2	1,204.6	11.2	88.9
Age —										
20	116.9	143.1	22.4	* 2.1	24.5	167.6	18.5	186.1	14.6	90.0
21	142.2	170.1	26.5	* 1.9	28.4	198.6	21.7	220.2	14.3	90.2
22	161.8	191.6	22.3	* 1.0	23.4	214.9	25.6	240.6	10.9	89.3
23	185.1	215.0	22.1	* 2.6	24.7	239.7	32.8	272.5	10.3	88.0
24	201.4	231.6	17.6	* 1.4	19.0	250.7	34.5	285.2	7.6	87.9
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	4.3	44.5	* 2.0	* 2.9	4.8	49.4	60.6	109.9	9.8	44.9
Females	* 2.8	50.9	* 2.7	4.8	7.5	58.4	57.3	115.7	12.9	50.5
Persons	7.1	95.5	4.7	7.7	12.3	107.8	117.8	225.6	11.4	47.8
Age —										
20	* 1.8	41.2	* 1.7	* 2.5	4.3	45.5	37.0	82.5	9.4	55.1
21	* 0.7	24.3	* 2.2	* 2.6	4.8	29.1	26.7	55.9	16.5	52.1
22	* 2.2	15.5	* 0.4	* 1.4	* 1.7	17.2	26.5	43.7	* 10.0	39.3
23	* 1.5	8.8	* 0.2	* 0.7	* 0.9	9.7	16.6	26.3	* 9.0	36.9
24	* 0.9	5.7	* 0.1	* 0.5	* 0.7	6.3	10.9	17.3	* 10.8	36.7
TOTAL										
Males	467.8	557.3	73.5	6.9	80.4	637.7	86.4	724.1	12.6	88.1
Females	346.8	489.6	42.2	9.8	51.9	541.5	164.6	706.1	9.6	76.7
Persons	814.5	1,046.9	115.7	16.6	132.3	1,179.2	251.0	1,430.2	11.2	82.5
Age —										
20	118.7	184.3	24.1	4.6	28.7	213.0	55.6	268.6	13.5	79.3
21	142.9	194.5	28.8	4.5	33.2	227.7	48.4	276.1	14.6	82.5
22	164.0	207.0	22.7	* 2.4	25.1	232.1	52.1	284.2	10.8	81.7
23	186.7	223.8	22.3	* 3.2	25.6	249.4	49.4	298.8	10.2	83.5
24	202.3	237.3	17.8	* 1.9	19.7	257.0	45.5	302.5	7.7	85.0

TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, JUNE 1995 (per cent)

Age group	Born in Australia			Born outside Australia		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
15-64	85.1	67.0	76.0	81.7	58.4	70.3
15-19	59.0	62.7	60.8	42.1	47.5	44.7
20-24	91.7	79.1	85.4	70.4	63.8	67.2
25-34	94.2	70.2	82.1	90.9	64.9	77.7
35-44	93.4	73.8	83.5	92.1	69.1	80.7
45-54	90.1	70.6	80.3	90.0	63.7	77.5
55-59	75.5	42.5	59.0	73.1	36.8	55.8
60-64	46.8	18.0	31.8	44.4	14.2	30.3
65 and over	11.4	3.2	6.7	8.8	2.2	5.4
Total	76.1	57.3	66.5	70.6	48.8	59.8

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE(a), JUNE 1995

	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate(b)
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work - '000 -	Total			
MALES							
Born in Australia	3,120.3	3,523.7	270.9	305.6	3,829.3	8.0	76.1
Born outside Australia	1,048.9	1,162.0	120.7	131.7	1,293.8	10.2	70.6
Main English Speaking Countries	473.9	520.0	38.7	43.3	563.3	7.7	75.8
Other Countries	575.0	642.1	82.0	88.4	730.4	12.1	67.0
Oceania	115.8	127.2	10.6	12.0	139.1	8.6	85.9
New Zealand	94.8	102.7	7.7	8.7	111.4	7.8	88.1
Europe and the Former USSR	629.7	689.4	55.9	61.3	750.7	8.2	66.5
Germany	31.9	36.1	* 3.9	* 3.9	39.9	* 9.7	63.5
Greece	31.7	35.5	* 2.6	* 2.6	38.1	* 6.9	61.1
Italy	65.2	70.8	* 3.4	4.6	75.4	6.1	54.9
Netherlands	23.2	24.2	* 1.2	* 1.2	25.4	* 4.6	63.2
UK and Ireland	341.4	373.1	27.9	30.6	403.6	7.6	72.2
Former Yugoslav Republics	47.0	51.6	6.1	6.1	57.7	10.6	64.6
The Middle East and North Africa	42.3	48.4	14.3	14.9	63.3	23.6	68.8
Lebanon	14.5	16.4	7.3	7.3	23.8	30.8	71.3
Southeast Asia	92.1	103.4	18.9	20.3	123.6	16.4	71.9
Malaysia	19.0	22.0	* 2.1	* 2.3	24.3	* 9.5	76.6
Philippines	14.9	16.1	* 0.9	* 1.1	17.3	* 6.6	77.3
Viet Nam	32.5	35.7	11.1	11.6	47.3	24.5	72.1
Northeast Asia	52.0	61.3	5.9	6.7	68.0	9.9	69.6
China	26.2	30.4	* 2.6	* 2.6	32.9	* 7.8	74.0
The Americas	40.8	48.0	4.8	5.1	53.1	9.7	82.6
Other	76.1	84.4	10.2	11.4	95.8	11.9	82.7
India	23.0	25.3	* 0.8	* 0.8	26.1	* 2.9	79.4
FEMALES							
Born in Australia	1,562.5	2,799.2	142.2	205.9	3,005.1	6.9	57.3
Born outside Australia	482.1	788.6	60.6	81.6	870.2	9.4	48.8
Main English Speaking Countries	221.8	373.2	16.6	23.6	396.7	5.9	55.1
Other Countries	260.3	415.4	44.0	58.0	473.5	12.3	44.5
Oceania	58.8	91.6	6.9	9.9	101.4	9.7	64.3
New Zealand	46.9	74.7	4.6	6.4	81.1	7.8	68.3
Europe and the Former USSR	249.0	437.8	25.0	32.7	470.4	6.9	44.5
Germany	14.3	24.9	* 0.7	* 1.1	26.0	* 4.0	40.7
Greece	9.3	21.0	* 1.4	* 2.2	23.2	* 9.7	39.5
Italy	16.3	31.4	* 1.5	* 2.2	33.6	* 6.6	28.6
Netherlands	7.5	16.9	* 0.5	* 0.6	17.5	* 3.7	47.1
UK and Ireland	150.5	259.9	9.9	13.7	273.6	5.0	50.7
Former Yugoslav Republics	20.4	30.9	* 3.3	4.3	35.1	12.1	45.0
The Middle East and North Africa	17.2	26.8	4.0	6.1	32.9	18.7	37.0
Lebanon	5.4	9.3	* 1.0	* 1.3	10.6	* 12.3	32.0
Southeast Asia	64.6	90.5	11.7	16.2	106.7	15.2	52.8
Malaysia	13.1	18.3	* 0.7	* 0.9	19.3	* 4.8	60.1
Philippines	16.4	26.6	* 1.7	* 3.5	30.1	* 11.7	63.6
Viet Nam	16.7	20.8	6.8	9.1	29.9	30.5	45.4
Northeast Asia	28.9	42.7	4.7	5.7	48.4	11.8	47.0
China	14.1	20.5	* 3.4	* 3.7	24.2	* 15.3	53.2
The Americas	24.6	39.2	* 2.4	* 3.3	42.5	* 7.8	66.1
Other	39.1	60.2	5.9	7.7	67.9	11.3	61.3
India	13.4	17.2	* 1.3	* 1.7	19.0	* 9.1	60.3
PERSONS							
Born in Australia	4,682.8	6,322.9	413.2	511.5	6,834.4	7.5	66.5
Born outside Australia	1,531.0	1,950.7	181.3	213.3	2,164.0	9.9	59.8
Main English Speaking Countries	695.7	893.2	55.3	66.9	960.1	7.0	65.6
Other Countries	835.3	1,057.5	126.0	146.4	1,203.9	12.2	55.9
Oceania	174.6	218.7	17.6	21.8	240.6	9.1	75.3
New Zealand	141.7	177.4	12.3	15.1	192.4	7.8	78.5
Europe and the Former USSR	878.7	1,127.2	80.9	94.0	1,221.2	7.7	55.9
Germany	46.2	61.0	4.6	4.9	65.9	7.5	52.1
Greece	41.0	56.4	4.0	4.9	61.3	7.9	50.6
Italy	81.6	102.2	4.9	6.8	109.0	6.3	42.8
Netherlands	30.7	41.1	* 1.7	* 1.8	42.9	* 4.3	55.4
UK and Ireland	491.8	632.9	37.8	44.3	677.2	6.5	61.6
Former Yugoslav Republics	67.5	82.5	9.4	10.4	92.9	11.2	55.5
The Middle East and North Africa	59.4	75.2	18.3	21.1	96.2	21.9	53.1
Lebanon	19.9	25.8	8.4	8.6	34.4	25.1	51.7
Southeast Asia	156.7	193.9	30.6	36.5	230.4	15.8	61.6
Malaysia	32.1	40.3	* 2.8	* 3.2	43.5	* 7.4	68.3
Philippines	31.3	42.7	* 2.6	4.7	47.4	9.8	68.0
Viet Nam	49.2	56.5	17.9	20.7	77.2	26.8	58.7
Northeast Asia	80.9	103.9	10.6	12.4	116.3	10.7	58.0
China	40.4	50.9	6.0	6.3	57.1	11.0	63.5
The Americas	65.4	87.2	7.2	8.5	95.6	8.8	74.3
Other	115.2	144.5	16.2	19.1	163.6	11.7	72.2
India	36.4	42.5	* 2.0	* 2.5	45.0	* 5.5	70.1

(a) See paragraph 49 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, JUNE 1995

Period of arrival	Born outside Australia										Total		
	Oceania		Europe & the Former USSR		The Middle East and North Africa		South-east Asia	North-east Asia	The Americas	Other	Females		
	New Zealand	Other countries	U.K. and Ireland	Other countries	North Africa	South-east Asia	North-east Asia	The Americas	Other	Males	Married	Total	Persons
	EMPLOYED ('000)												
Before 1971	24.7	5.5	329.8	330.0	26.5	16.8	10.6	15.0	31.3	492.1	235.0	298.3	790.4
1971 — 1975	16.2	8.1	103.9	55.9	13.4	13.2	5.3	22.0	23.9	147.9	80.6	114.0	262.0
1976 — 1980	34.7	5.3	45.5	27.9	9.9	39.1	12.6	15.0	15.0	110.7	58.3	94.3	204.9
1981 — 1985	34.7	4.4	55.1	33.8	7.8	51.3	12.8	10.3	16.9	128.9	67.6	98.3	227.1
1986 — 1990	45.6	10.5	64.8	28.6	11.9	54.2	48.7	13.7	39.2	192.4	85.7	124.9	317.3
1991 to survey date	21.5	7.5	33.7	17.9	5.7	19.3	13.9	11.1	18.2	90.1	42.8	58.9	149.0
UNEMPLOYED ('000)													
Before 1971	* 1.4	* 0.4	21.0	24.5	* 2.6	* 0.6	* 0.8	* 1.3	* 1.9	39.2	8.0	15.2	54.4
1971 — 1975	* 1.0	* 0.7	8.1	4.7	* 2.9	* 0.7	* 0.3	* 2.2	* 0.9	14.2	4.3	7.4	21.6
1976 — 1980	* 3.4	* 1.1	* 3.8	* 3.8	* 3.1	6.0	* 0.3	* 1.1	* 2.4	16.8	4.2	8.4	25.2
1981 — 1985	* 2.6	* 0.5	5.6	5.8	* 1.8	9.0	* 0.5	* 1.1	* 2.6	17.5	7.0	12.0	29.5
1986 — 1990	4.2	* 1.3	* 3.0	* 2.5	5.4	12.9	5.5	* 1.7	4.9	24.7	9.2	16.6	41.3
1991 to survey date	* 2.4	* 2.7	* 2.7	8.3	5.2	7.4	5.1	* 1.1	6.4	19.3	13.8	22.0	41.2
LABOUR FORCE ('000)													
Before 1971	26.1	6.0	350.9	354.5	29.1	17.4	11.4	16.3	33.1	531.3	243.0	313.5	844.8
1971 — 1975	17.2	8.8	112.0	60.6	16.3	13.9	5.7	24.3	24.8	162.1	84.9	121.4	283.6
1976 — 1980	38.1	6.4	49.2	31.8	13.0	45.1	12.9	16.2	17.4	127.4	62.5	102.7	230.1
1981 — 1985	37.3	4.9	60.8	39.7	9.6	60.2	13.3	11.4	19.5	146.4	74.6	110.3	256.7
1986 — 1990	49.9	11.8	67.8	31.1	17.3	67.1	54.1	15.3	44.2	217.1	94.9	141.6	358.6
1991 to survey date	23.8	10.2	36.5	26.2	10.9	26.6	19.0	12.3	24.6	109.4	56.6	80.8	190.2
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (per cent)													
Before 1971	* 5.4	* 7.4	6.0	6.9	* 8.9	* 3.3	* 6.7	* 7.7	* 5.7	7.4	3.3	4.8	6.4
1971 — 1975	* 6.1	* 7.8	7.3	7.8	* 18.1	* 4.8	* 5.7	* 9.2	* 3.4	8.8	5.1	6.1	7.6
1976 — 1980	* 9.0	* 17.8	* 7.6	* 12.1	* 24.0	13.4	* 2.2	* 6.9	* 14.0	13.2	6.7	8.2	10.9
1981 — 1985	* 7.0	* 10.7	9.3	14.7	* 19.0	14.9	* 3.4	* 9.4	* 13.3	12.0	9.4	10.9	11.5
1986 — 1990	8.5	* 11.0	* 4.4	* 8.1	31.1	19.2	10.1	* 10.9	11.2	11.4	9.7	11.7	11.5
1991 to survey date	* 9.9	* 26.2	* 7.5	31.6	47.7	27.6	26.9	* 9.3	25.9	17.6	24.4	27.2	21.7
PARTICIPATION RATE(a) (per cent)													
Before 1971	66.9	57.7	53.9	44.5	50.7	74.3	56.5	77.3	64.8	61.2	44.3	39.1	50.6
1971 — 1975	89.8	69.2	73.2	61.6	54.5	71.7	73.2	79.4	76.5	82.2	59.5	58.9	70.3
1976 — 1980	81.9	79.7	70.9	68.3	51.2	72.7	65.8	76.9	77.6	81.2	61.8	62.6	71.7
1981 — 1985	83.2	61.7	73.9	74.3	63.8	69.7	63.9	71.7	69.0	81.3	67.5	63.1	72.3
1986 — 1990	76.0	60.8	73.0	68.5	60.3	60.6	64.1	74.1	77.8	80.7	56.4	55.4	68.3
1991 to survey date	79.6	64.0	73.1	57.3	44.3	36.9	39.7	62.7	69.2	67.9	47.1	44.8	55.7

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, JUNE 1995 ('000)

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	
MALES									
Full-time workers	148.4	467.8	1,116.1	1,114.3	902.5	243.1	120.4	56.6	4,169.1
Part-time workers	136.0	89.6	78.0	65.7	53.8	32.5	25.3	35.7	516.6
Total	284.4	557.3	1,194.1	1,180.0	956.4	275.6	145.7	92.3	4,685.8
MARRIED FEMALES									
Full-time workers	5.1	97.0	340.1	359.3	311.5	55.8	14.2	7.3	1,190.3
Part-time workers	* 3.9	34.7	267.1	371.0	258.5	59.5	26.1	11.9	1,032.7
Total	9.0	131.7	607.2	730.4	570.0	115.3	40.3	19.2	2,223.0
ALL FEMALES									
Full-time workers	81.4	346.8	581.2	503.8	415.2	80.7	24.2	11.3	2,044.6
Part-time workers	219.2	142.8	329.0	427.5	298.4	71.8	33.6	20.7	1,543.2
Total	300.6	489.6	910.3	931.4	713.6	152.5	57.8	32.0	3,587.8
PERSONS									
Full-time workers	229.8	814.5	1,697.3	1,618.1	1,317.7	323.8	144.6	67.9	6,213.7
Part-time workers	355.3	232.4	407.1	493.2	352.3	104.3	58.9	56.4	2,059.8
Total	585.0	1,046.9	2,104.4	2,111.3	1,670.0	428.1	203.5	124.3	8,273.6

TABLE 17. EMPLOYED PERSONS: HOURS WORKED, JUNE 1995

	Females				Persons
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	
	NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000)				
Weekly Hours worked —					
0	213.1	115.0	63.8	178.8	391.9
1-15	285.7	442.6	304.5	747.0	1,032.7
16-29	387.4	507.3	201.3	708.6	1,096.0
30-34	485.2	271.0	175.6	446.7	931.9
35-39	677.6	302.1	228.2	530.2	1,207.9
40	794.2	235.6	177.5	413.1	1,207.3
41-44	241.3	70.9	48.8	119.7	361.0
45-48	421.3	89.7	62.2	151.9	573.2
49 and over	1,179.7	189.0	102.9	291.9	1,471.7
Total	4,685.8	2,223.0	1,364.8	3,587.8	8,273.6
	WEEKLY HOURS WORKED				
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	184.6	62.7	39.2	101.9	286.5
By full-time workers	176.8	46.0	32.2	78.2	255.0
By part-time workers	7.8	16.7	6.9	23.7	31.5
Average weekly hours worked	39.4	28.2	28.7	28.4	34.6
By full-time workers	42.4	38.6	37.7	38.3	41.0
By part-time workers	15.2	16.2	13.6	15.3	15.3
Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the reference week	41.3	29.7	30.1	29.9	36.4
By full-time workers	44.4	40.6	39.6	40.2	43.0
By part-time workers	16.1	17.1	14.3	16.2	16.2

TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JUNE 1995
(per cent)

Age group	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
	15-19	57.7	43.7	43.8	42.9	49.0		48.8	46.2
20-24	84.5	75.6	77.0	62.3	72.4	69.3	73.2
25-34	90.3	78.6	85.3	62.1	69.3	64.3	74.8
35-44	90.5	74.2	87.0	68.6	65.2	67.9	77.4
45-54	87.7	70.3	84.5	66.5	60.5	65.2	75.0
55-59	70.3	54.1	67.4	38.3	39.2	38.5	53.2
60-64	44.7	29.0	41.8	16.4	16.6	16.4	29.1
65 and over	10.8	7.2	9.9	3.7	1.8	2.6	5.8
Total	71.8	60.5	67.4	53.0	45.9	50.0	58.6

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, JUNE 1995
(‘000)

Reason for working less than 35 hours	Females				Persons
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	
	Leave, holiday or flexitime/personal reasons	564.9	220.5	174.6		395.1	960.0
Own illness or injury	127.5	48.0	35.6	83.6	211.0
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	35.6	* 2.3	* 0.7	* 3.0	38.5
Began or left job in the reference week	8.2	* 1.5	* 2.6	4.1	12.3
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	46.9	7.9	4.1	12.0	58.8
Shift work, standard work arrangements	54.8	19.1	13.5	32.6	87.4
Other reasons	17.0	* 3.8	* 3.7	7.5	24.5
Total	854.9	303.1	234.7	537.8	1,392.6

TABLE 20. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, JUNE 1995
(^{'000})

	Age group						Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	
MALES							
Total	136.0	89.6	78.0	65.7	53.8	93.5	516.6
Preferred not to work more hours	94.3	50.1	39.4	30.4	32.9	75.1	322.2
Preferred to work more hours	41.7	39.4	38.6	35.3	21.0	18.4	194.4
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	15.8	20.5	22.8	21.0	10.5	6.9	97.6
MARRIED FEMALES							
Total	* 3.9	34.7	267.1	371.0	258.5	97.5	1,032.7
Preferred not to work more hours	* 1.4	24.4	225.1	299.2	220.7	91.0	861.7
Preferred to work more hours	* 2.5	10.3	42.0	71.9	37.8	6.5	171.0
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	* 1.4	4.4	13.1	17.1	6.8	* 0.9	43.7
ALL FEMALES							
Total	219.2	142.8	329.0	427.5	298.4	126.1	1,543.2
Preferred not to work more hours	155.8	84.5	263.4	333.5	246.7	115.5	1,199.5
Preferred to work more hours	63.4	58.3	65.6	94.0	51.7	10.7	343.8
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	22.8	29.1	24.7	26.7	11.9	* 1.9	117.1
PERSONS							
Total	355.3	232.4	407.1	493.2	352.3	219.6	2,059.8
Preferred not to work more hours	250.1	134.7	302.9	363.9	279.6	190.5	1,521.7
Preferred to work more hours	105.2	97.7	104.2	129.3	72.7	29.1	538.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	38.6	49.6	47.5	47.7	22.4	8.9	214.8

TABLE 21. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, JUNE 1995
(^{'000})

	Hours worked by persons who worked in the reference week						Persons who did not work in the reference week	Total
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34		
MALES								
Total	69.1	102.9	68.9	95.8	87.8	63.0	29.1	516.6
Preferred not to work more hours	40.3	66.8	45.9	57.7	50.8	38.9	21.7	322.2
Preferred to work more hours	28.7	36.2	23.1	38.1	37.0	24.0	7.4	194.4
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	11.7	21.8	14.2	21.8	15.2	10.5	* 2.4	97.6
MARRIED FEMALES								
Total	109.0	167.1	152.0	204.8	223.7	118.1	58.0	1,032.7
Preferred not to work more hours	86.8	129.8	125.9	174.6	193.7	102.8	48.0	861.7
Preferred to work more hours	22.2	37.3	26.1	30.2	30.0	15.3	10.0	171.0
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	5.5	9.9	8.3	7.4	8.4	* 2.4	* 1.7	43.7
ALL FEMALES								
Total	196.9	287.0	239.4	272.6	304.1	161.0	82.3	1,543.2
Preferred not to work more hours	143.2	217.4	185.6	217.7	238.2	132.0	65.4	1,199.5
Preferred to work more hours	53.6	69.6	53.8	54.9	65.9	29.0	16.9	343.8
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	17.9	24.2	23.6	17.8	22.1	7.1	4.5	117.1
PERSONS								
Total	266.0	389.9	308.3	368.4	392.0	223.9	111.4	2,059.8
Preferred not to work more hours	183.6	284.2	231.4	275.4	289.0	170.9	87.1	1,521.7
Preferred to work more hours	82.4	105.7	76.9	93.0	102.9	53.0	24.3	538.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	29.6	46.0	37.9	39.6	37.2	17.6	6.9	214.8

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, JUNE 1995
(*000)

Age group	New South	Victoria	Queensland	South	Western	Tasmania	Australia
	Wales			Australia	Australia		
MALES							
15-19	23.1	16.6	18.9	7.5	5.4	3.1	76.4
20-24	26.3	17.0	16.7	8.7	6.5	3.1	80.4
25-34	29.8	27.9	20.7	13.4	7.5	3.4	104.5
35-44	24.7	20.1	12.7	8.5	6.0	2.5	76.3
45 and over	30.3	31.0	16.2	8.9	8.6	2.3	99.7
Total	134.2	112.6	85.2	47.0	34.1	14.4	437.3
FEMALES							
15-19	19.0	16.4	18.0	5.8	7.7	2.1	70.3
20-24	14.0	15.9	10.7	5.1	3.4	1.5	51.9
25-34	20.2	17.2	12.6	4.6	6.6	* 1.2	63.6
35-44	20.2	15.6	10.9	5.4	6.4	1.4	61.2
45 and over	11.4	11.9	7.5	4.1	3.9	* 0.6	40.4
Total	84.8	77.0	59.7	25.1	27.9	6.7	287.5
PERSONS							
Looking for full-time work —							
15-19	26.6	18.2	22.4	8.5	8.9	3.3	89.4
20-24	35.3	29.0	23.7	11.7	8.6	4.4	115.7
25-34	44.7	39.3	28.5	16.4	12.9	4.5	148.8
35-44	39.1	31.3	20.7	12.3	10.0	3.4	119.4
45-54	22.0	26.7	12.7	7.3	6.8	1.3	78.4
55 and over	13.4	10.7	7.3	4.2	4.8	* 1.2	42.9
Total looking for full-time work	181.0	155.2	115.3	60.4	52.1	18.0	594.5
Total —							
15-19	42.1	33.1	36.9	13.4	13.1	5.1	146.8
20-24	40.4	32.9	27.4	13.8	9.9	4.6	132.3
25-34	49.9	45.1	33.3	18.0	14.1	4.7	168.1
35-44	44.9	35.7	23.6	13.9	12.4	3.9	137.5
45-54	25.7	28.9	14.1	8.3	7.5	1.6	88.2
55 and over	16.1	14.0	9.5	4.6	5.0	* 1.2	52.0
Total	219.0	189.7	144.9	72.0	62.0	21.1	724.8

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19:
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, JUNE 1995

	Not attending school			Total
	Attending school	Left school before 1994	Left school 1994 to survey date	
NUMBER (*000)				
Duration of unemployment (weeks) —				
Under 4	12.3	7.1	9.1	28.5
4 and under 13	12.4	10.1	10.3	32.8
13 and under 26	10.5	9.9	13.2	33.5
26 and over	12.9	23.3	15.8	52.0
Total	48.1	50.3	48.4	146.8
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks)				
Average duration —				
Males	16.2	34.4	23.7	24.9
Females	20.1	38.2	16.1	25.1
Persons	18.0	36.2	20.2	25.0
Looking for full-time work	19.0	38.3	20.6	29.6
Looking for part-time work	17.9	* 14.0	18.8	17.8
Median duration —				
Males	9	24	23	20
Females	14	23	15	17
Persons	12	23	19	18
Looking for full-time work	* 13	25	21	22
Looking for part-time work	12	* 3	* 12	9

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, JUNE 1995

	Number unemployed ('000)					Unemployment rate (per cent)				
	Males		Females		Persons	Males		Females		Persons
	Married	Total	Married	Total		Married	Total	Married	Total	
LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK										
Total	169.8	391.6	77.7	202.9	594.5	5.7	8.6	6.1	9.0	8.7
Aged 15-19	* 1.7	48.8	4.0	40.5	89.4	* 39.3	24.8	43.8	33.2	28.0
Looking for first job	* 0.4	24.9	* 2.5	22.4	47.3	...	...	...	...	...
Attending school	* 0.0	* 3.7	* 0.0	* 3.2	6.8	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	* 1.8	* 0.4	* 2.4	4.2	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	168.1	342.8	73.8	162.3	505.1	5.6	7.9	5.9	7.6	7.8
20-24	10.4	73.5	12.6	42.2	115.7	10.7	13.6	11.5	10.8	12.4
Looking for first job	* 1.0	12.3	* 3.3	12.7	25.0	...	...	...	...	...
25-34	45.0	101.8	22.6	47.0	148.8	6.1	8.4	6.2	7.5	8.1
35-44	47.4	74.6	24.8	44.8	119.4	4.9	6.3	6.5	8.2	6.9
45-54	35.2	54.6	11.8	23.8	78.4	4.4	5.7	3.7	5.4	5.6
55 and over	30.1	38.4	* 1.9	4.5	42.9	7.7	8.4	* 2.4	3.7	7.4
Aged 15-64	169.1	390.6	77.7	202.9	593.5	5.7	8.7	6.2	9.1	8.8
LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK										
Total	6.5	45.7	34.7	84.7	130.4	3.2	8.1	3.2	5.2	6.0
Aged 15-19	* 0.0	27.6	* 0.5	29.8	57.4	* 0.0	16.9	* 12.2	12.0	13.9
Attending school	* 0.0	21.1	* 0.0	20.2	41.2	* 0.0	21.6	* 0.0	15.6	18.2
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	4.0	* 0.3	6.8	10.8	* 0.0	11.7	* 37.2	10.0	10.6
Aged 20 and over	6.5	18.1	34.1	54.9	72.9	3.2	4.5	3.2	4.0	4.1
20-24	* 0.7	6.9	4.0	9.8	16.6	* 13.3	7.1	10.3	6.4	6.7
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.4	* 2.9	* 0.2	4.8	7.7	* 47.7	* 6.6	* 13.9	9.1	8.0
25-34	* 0.6	* 2.7	10.8	16.6	19.3	* 1.8	* 3.3	3.9	4.8	4.5
35-44	* 0.7	* 1.7	11.4	16.4	18.1	* 1.6	* 2.5	3.0	3.7	3.5
45 and over	4.5	6.8	7.9	12.1	18.9	3.8	4.4	2.2	2.8	3.2
Aged 15-64	6.1	44.7	34.7	84.5	129.2	3.5	8.5	3.3	5.3	6.1
TOTAL										
Total	176.4	437.3	112.4	287.5	724.8	5.5	8.5	4.8	7.4	8.1
Aged 15-19	* 1.7	76.4	4.5	70.3	146.8	* 30.6	21.2	33.5	19.0	20.1
Attending school	* 0.0	24.7	* 0.0	23.4	48.1	* 0.0	24.4	* 0.0	17.6	20.5
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	5.8	* 0.7	9.2	15.1	* 0.0	15.4	* 60.0	12.8	13.7
Aged 20 and over(a)	174.6	360.9	107.9	217.2	578.1	5.5	7.6	4.6	6.2	7.0
20-24	11.1	80.4	16.6	51.9	132.3	10.8	12.6	11.2	9.6	11.2
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.7	4.8	* 0.3	7.5	12.3	* 47.4	9.8	* 14.8	12.9	11.4
25-34	45.6	104.5	33.4	63.6	168.1	5.9	8.0	5.2	6.5	7.4
35-44	48.1	76.3	36.2	61.2	137.5	4.8	6.1	4.7	6.2	6.1
45-54	36.0	56.1	17.2	32.1	88.2	4.3	5.5	2.9	4.3	5.0
55-59	21.7	28.5	4.2	7.5	36.0	8.4	9.4	3.5	4.7	7.7
60-64	10.9	13.1	* 0.3	* 0.7	13.8	7.9	8.3	* 0.7	* 1.2	6.4
Aged 15-64	175.1	435.3	112.4	287.3	722.7	5.6	8.7	4.9	7.5	8.1

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, JUNE 1995

	Number unemployed ('000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
	BORN IN AUSTRALIA					
Total	305.6	205.9	511.5	8.0	6.9	7.5
Looking for full-time work	270.9	142.2	413.2	8.0	8.3	8.1
Looking for part-time work	34.7	63.7	98.4	7.9	4.9	5.7
Aged 15-19	65.7	61.2	127.0	19.9	18.1	19.0
Aged 20 and over	239.9	144.7	384.5	6.9	5.4	6.2
20-24	67.5	41.0	108.5	12.0	8.6	10.4
25-34	72.9	44.1	117.0	7.2	5.8	6.6
35-44	45.0	36.0	81.0	5.0	4.9	5.0
45-54	29.3	19.5	48.8	4.4	3.7	4.1
55 and over	25.2	4.1	29.3	6.9	2.3	5.4
Aged 15-64	304.4	205.7	510.1	8.1	6.9	7.6
BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA						
Total	131.7	81.6	213.3	10.2	9.4	9.9
Looking for full-time work	120.7	60.6	181.3	10.3	11.2	10.6
Looking for part-time work	11.0	21.0	32.0	8.9	6.4	7.1
Aged 15-19	10.7	9.1	19.8	34.4	28.0	31.2
Aged 20 and over	121.0	72.5	193.5	9.6	8.7	9.2
20-24	12.9	10.9	23.8	17.2	17.2	17.2
25-34	31.6	19.5	51.2	10.9	9.1	10.1
35-44	31.3	25.2	56.5	8.8	9.6	9.1
45-54	26.8	12.6	39.5	7.7	5.6	6.9
55 and over	18.4	4.3	22.7	9.7	5.9	8.6
Aged 15-64	131.0	81.6	212.6	10.3	9.4	10.0

TABLE 26. LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT

Month	Long-term unemployment									Long-term unemployment as a proportion of total unemployment		
	Unemployed 52 weeks and under 104			Unemployed 104 weeks and over			Total			Males	Females	Persons
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons			
												per cent
1994 —												
April	87.9	49.1	137.0	128.2	53.5	181.7	216.1	102.6	318.7	41.3	28.5	36.1
May	89.6	50.0	139.6	119.2	52.0	171.2	208.8	102.0	310.8	40.9	30.1	36.6
June	86.7	44.7	131.4	114.3	58.4	172.7	201.0	103.1	304.1	40.3	30.3	36.2
July	76.2	42.3	118.5	114.0	57.6	171.6	190.2	100.0	290.2	40.7	29.7	36.1
August	74.7	50.7	125.4	108.2	56.5	164.7	182.9	107.2	290.1	38.7	33.0	36.4
September	77.2	49.0	126.2	110.6	56.4	167.0	187.8	105.4	293.2	38.8	30.4	35.3
October	75.9	47.3	123.2	103.4	52.4	155.7	179.3	99.7	279.0	40.7	31.8	37.0
November	75.0	45.7	120.8	104.0	56.8	160.8	179.1	102.5	281.6	39.5	33.0	36.8
December	70.7	50.9	121.5	107.7	49.3	157.0	178.4	100.2	278.5	38.0	29.6	34.5
1995 —												
January	72.2	43.0	115.2	108.9	54.3	163.2	181.1	97.3	278.4	35.3	28.5	32.6
February	75.7	47.1	122.9	108.0	63.7	171.7	183.8	110.8	294.6	36.7	28.7	33.2
March	63.1	41.6	104.7	110.4	48.2	158.5	173.4	89.8	263.2	37.6	25.3	32.3
April	64.7	37.0	101.7	99.6	43.4	143.0	164.3	80.4	244.7	37.4	26.4	32.9
May	64.1	37.4	101.4	100.9	44.0	145.0	165.0	81.4	246.4	36.2	27.3	32.7
June	61.7	39.7	101.4	97.6	44.0	141.6	159.3	83.7	243.1	36.4	29.1	33.5

TABLE 27. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., JUNE 1995

Duration of unemployment (weeks)	Age group						Married	Not married	Looking for -	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Full-time work			Part-time work	
	MALES									
— '000 —										
Under 52	65.4	57.6	67.9	68.9	278.0	97.7	180.3	239.6	38.4	
under 2	5.3	* 3.0	4.5	4.0	18.7	6.8	11.9	12.4	6.4	
2 and under 4	10.2	6.2	5.8	9.5	34.6	11.3	23.3	27.4	7.2	
4 and under 8	8.5	11.1	10.0	9.8	42.1	13.9	28.1	36.7	5.4	
8 and under 13	7.5	5.1	12.1	8.9	35.6	14.7	20.9	31.8	* 3.8	
13 and under 26	17.1	17.9	17.2	16.4	71.0	22.6	48.4	61.6	9.3	
26 and under 39	14.2	10.5	14.1	13.4	55.7	18.9	36.8	50.2	5.5	
39 and under 52	* 2.7	* 3.6	4.3	6.8	20.4	9.5	10.9	19.6	* 0.8	
52 and over	11.0	22.8	36.5	63.5	159.3	78.7	80.6	152.0	7.3	
52 and under 65	4.6	4.2	9.2	13.3	36.6	17.9	18.7	33.2	* 3.4	
65 and under 104	* 3.4	5.3	6.5	7.1	25.1	10.8	14.2	24.7	* 0.3	
104 and over	* 3.0	13.3	20.8	43.2	97.6	49.9	47.7	94.0	* 3.6	
Total	76.4	80.4	104.5	132.4	437.3	176.4	260.9	391.6	45.7	
— weeks —										
Average duration —	24.9	49.7	58.7	79.1	61.0	73.8	52.4	64.7	29.9	
Median duration —	20	23	26	44	26	38	25	29	13	
FEMALES										
— '000 —										
Under 52	60.2	35.9	44.1	59.6	203.8	75.4	128.4	133.6	70.2	
under 2	6.7	4.2	* 3.8	7.8	23.4	11.4	12.1	10.3	13.2	
2 and under 4	6.3	4.5	6.2	10.1	27.6	12.8	14.8	16.5	11.1	
4 and under 8	9.6	4.0	6.6	9.1	29.9	10.4	19.5	19.2	10.7	
8 and under 13	7.2	5.6	6.7	7.7	27.8	12.5	15.3	18.8	9.0	
13 and under 26	16.4	11.8	11.0	13.6	53.6	16.4	37.2	41.0	12.6	
26 and under 39	12.5	4.8	7.8	8.5	33.6	8.4	25.3	22.0	11.6	
39 and under 52	* 1.5	* 1.0	* 1.9	* 2.8	7.8	* 3.5	4.3	5.8	* 2.0	
52 and over	10.1	16.0	19.5	33.7	83.7	37.1	46.7	69.3	14.5	
52 and under 65	* 3.5	* 3.3	5.7	10.0	22.8	10.3	12.5	19.0	* 3.8	
65 and under 104	* 3.2	* 3.8	4.3	4.6	16.9	8.1	8.8	14.3	* 2.6	
104 and over	* 3.4	9.0	9.5	19.0	44.0	18.6	25.4	36.0	8.0	
Total	70.3	51.9	63.6	93.3	287.5	112.4	175.1	202.9	84.7	
— weeks —										
Average duration —	25.1	49.5	48.2	57.6	47.2	49.9	45.4	54.3	30.1	
Median duration —	17	20	21	24	21	21	22	24	10	
PERSONS										
— '000 —										
Under 52	125.6	93.5	112.0	128.5	481.8	173.0	308.7	373.2	108.6	
under 2	12.0	7.2	8.3	11.8	42.2	18.2	24.0	22.6	19.5	
2 and under 4	16.5	10.7	12.0	19.6	62.3	24.1	38.1	43.9	18.3	
4 and under 8	18.1	15.1	16.6	18.9	71.9	24.3	47.7	55.9	16.0	
8 and under 13	14.6	10.8	18.8	16.6	63.4	27.2	36.2	50.6	12.8	
13 and under 26	33.5	29.7	28.1	30.0	124.5	39.0	85.5	102.6	21.9	
26 and under 39	26.6	15.3	21.9	21.9	89.3	27.3	62.0	72.2	17.2	
39 and under 52	4.2	4.6	6.2	9.6	28.2	13.0	15.3	25.4	* 2.8	
52 and over	21.2	38.8	56.1	97.2	243.1	115.8	127.3	221.3	21.8	
52 and under 65	8.1	7.4	15.0	23.3	59.4	28.2	31.2	52.2	7.2	
65 and under 104	6.7	9.1	10.8	11.7	42.0	19.0	23.0	39.1	* 2.9	
104 and over	6.4	22.3	30.2	62.2	141.6	68.6	73.1	130.0	11.6	
Total	146.8	132.3	168.1	225.7	724.8	288.8	436.0	594.5	130.4	
— weeks —										
Average duration —	25.0	49.6	54.7	70.2	55.5	64.5	49.6	61.1	30.0	
Median duration —	18	21	26	32	25	27	23	26	12	

(a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 28. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, JUNE 1995
(*000)

	Duration of unemployment (weeks)					Total		
	Under 4	4 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 52	52 and over	Males	Females	Persons
<i>Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years</i>	50.8	87.7	73.9	69.6	55.7	237.5	100.1	337.7
Industry division —								
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	* 3.0	6.2	* 3.5	4.0	* 2.7	15.6	* 3.8	19.4
Manufacturing	11.5	22.3	14.9	15.7	12.4	59.3	17.5	76.8
Construction	7.8	10.7	8.8	11.6	5.2	42.2	* 1.9	44.1
Wholesale Trade	* 1.1	* 2.4	4.2	* 1.8	* 2.4	9.4	* 2.6	12.0
Retail Trade	6.5	12.3	12.6	11.2	9.7	32.5	19.7	52.3
Accommodation, Cafes and Restaurants	* 2.7	6.6	6.1	* 3.7	* 2.8	11.8	10.0	21.8
Transport and Storage	* 2.1	* 3.5	* 3.5	* 3.4	* 3.7	13.3	* 2.9	16.2
Property and Business Services	4.2	7.1	4.6	* 3.9	* 2.1	13.5	8.5	22.0
Government Administration and Defence	* 3.2	* 3.4	* 3.2	* 2.7	* 2.7	10.8	4.3	15.1
Education	* 1.0	* 2.4	* 2.4	* 2.0	* 2.4	4.7	5.4	10.1
Health and Community Services	* 2.6	* 3.3	* 3.9	* 2.8	* 1.9	* 3.3	11.2	14.5
Cultural and Recreational Services	* 1.8	* 1.3	* 0.9	* 1.9	* 1.4	4.4	* 2.9	7.3
Personal and Other Services	* 1.0	* 2.9	* 1.6	* 1.4	* 1.8	4.8	4.0	8.7
Other industries	* 2.3	* 3.3	* 3.7	* 3.5	4.5	11.9	5.5	17.4
Occupation group —								
Managers and administrators	* 1.6	* 2.7	* 1.7	* 3.9	* 3.5	11.3	* 2.1	13.4
Professionals	* 2.6	6.9	* 3.3	* 3.9	* 3.3	13.3	6.7	19.9
Para-professionals	* 3.5	* 2.6	* 3.2	* 0.5	* 2.1	7.3	4.7	12.0
Tradespersons	10.9	14.2	13.0	10.2	9.8	53.7	4.3	58.1
Clerks	6.7	7.3	9.2	7.5	5.3	10.8	25.2	35.9
Salespersons and personal service workers	9.4	14.0	12.0	9.1	8.6	23.6	29.5	53.1
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	* 3.6	10.2	8.0	8.8	7.9	34.1	4.4	38.5
Labourers and related workers	12.5	29.9	23.6	25.6	15.2	83.5	23.3	106.8
Other	33.2	47.6	50.7	48.0	187.3	190.2	176.6	366.8
Looking for first job	17.0	25.0	29.4	27.5	39.4	64.9	73.4	138.3
Looking for full-time work	6.5	11.6	17.2	16.9	30.7	40.8	42.0	82.8
Former workers	16.2	22.7	21.2	20.5	147.9	125.3	103.2	228.5
Stood down	20.3	..	..	..	..	9.6	10.8	20.3
Total	104.4	135.3	124.5	117.5	243.1	437.3	287.5	724.8

TABLE 29. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK, JUNE 1995
(*000)

	Persons					Total
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	
<i>Took active steps to find work</i>	427.7	276.8	140.9	128.8	434.8	704.5
Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer	372.4	235.3	120.0	112.3	375.3	607.7
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	9.5	9.5	* 3.0	* 3.1	12.9	19.0
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards	23.1	16.0	9.0	7.1	23.0	39.1
Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service	15.5	10.6	4.6	4.8	16.8	26.1
Checked or registered with any other employment agency	* 1.2	* 1.4	* 0.6	* 0.5	* 1.5	* 2.6
Advertised or tendered for work	* 1.1	* 0.6	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 1.2	* 1.7
Contacted relatives or friends	4.9	* 3.4	* 3.1	* 1.0	4.2	8.3
Stood down	9.6	10.8	5.9	* 3.5	11.0	20.3
Total	437.3	287.5	146.8	132.3	445.8	724.8

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR LEAVING LAST FULL-TIME JOB

Month	Reason for unemployment					Total	Per cent of unemployed				
	Job loser	Job leaver	Stood down - '000 -	Looking for first job	Former workers		Job loser	Job leaver	Stood down - per cent -	Looking for first job	Former workers
1994 —											
April	267.4	127.9	26.3	165.2	296.4	883.2	30.3	14.5	3.0	18.7	33.6
May	273.1	115.8	20.1	160.6	280.3	849.9	32.1	13.6	2.4	18.9	33.0
June	268.2	116.0	20.4	156.2	278.4	839.2	32.0	13.8	2.4	18.6	33.2
July	238.1	120.5	23.1	145.6	276.6	803.9	29.6	15.0	2.9	18.1	34.4
August	257.2	111.3	11.8	151.6	266.1	797.9	32.2	13.9	1.5	19.0	33.4
September	259.2	111.6	25.3	164.2	270.5	830.8	31.2	13.4	3.0	19.8	32.6
October	235.4	98.9	20.7	137.3	261.1	753.3	31.2	13.1	2.7	18.2	34.7
November	242.8	102.9	22.3	142.1	253.9	764.1	31.8	13.5	2.9	18.6	33.2
December	224.9	110.2	15.8	191.7	264.9	807.6	27.8	13.6	2.0	23.7	32.8
1995 —											
January	252.1	113.9	26.5	197.6	263.4	853.7	29.5	13.3	3.1	23.1	30.9
February	254.7	132.2	21.3	189.2	288.9	886.2	28.7	14.9	2.4	21.3	32.6
March	229.2	134.5	18.0	160.6	273.3	815.7	28.1	16.5	2.2	19.7	33.5
April	221.2	120.7	17.8	142.0	241.3	743.0	29.8	16.2	2.4	19.1	32.5
May	227.0	123.1	17.5	150.4	235.6	753.6	30.1	16.3	2.3	20.0	31.3
June	226.3	111.4	20.3	138.3	228.5	724.8	31.2	15.4	2.8	19.1	31.5

TABLE 31. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS WHO HAD WORKED FULL TIME FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE IN THE LAST TWO YEARS: REASON FOR CEASING LAST FULL-TIME JOB, INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND AGE, JUNE 1995

('000)

	Reason for ceasing last full-time job									Total	
	Job loser						Job leaver				
	Laid-off, retrenched			Total			Males	Females	Persons		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Total	
Industry division —											
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing		4.3	* 0.6	4.9	12.9	* 3.0	15.9	* 2.7	* 0.8	* 3.5	19.4
Manufacturing		33.7	7.4	41.1	44.6	10.7	55.4	14.6	6.8	21.4	76.8
Construction		22.7	* 0.9	23.6	34.7	* 1.6	36.3	7.5	* 0.3	7.8	44.1
Wholesale Trade		4.9	* 0.7	5.7	6.3	* 1.4	7.6	* 3.2	* 1.2	4.4	12.0
Retail Trade		15.3	5.4	20.7	20.7	8.8	29.4	11.9	11.0	22.8	52.3
Accommodation, Cafes & Restaurants		4.2	4.2	8.4	5.7	5.6	11.2	6.1	4.4	10.5	21.8
Transport and Storage		5.7	* 1.3	7.0	9.0	* 1.3	10.3	4.3	* 1.6	5.9	16.2
Government Administration & Defence		4.7	* 0.7	5.4	8.9	* 2.6	11.4	* 1.9	* 1.7	* 3.7	15.1
Education		* 1.0	* 1.9	* 2.9	* 3.3	* 3.2	6.5	* 1.5	* 2.2	* 3.6	10.1
Health and Community Services		* 1.5	* 3.0	4.6	* 2.7	4.3	7.0	* 0.6	6.9	7.5	14.5
Cultural and Recreational Services		* 2.8	* 0.5	* 3.4	4.0	* 1.8	5.8	* 0.4	* 1.2	* 1.5	7.3
Personal and Other Services		* 2.0	* 1.8	* 3.8	* 3.1	* 2.0	5.1	* 1.6	* 2.0	* 3.6	8.7
Other Industries		11.3	4.7	16.0	17.2	7.0	24.3	8.1	6.9	15.1	39.3
Occupation group —											
Tradespersons		30.3	* 1.3	31.6	42.6	* 2.1	44.7	11.2	* 2.2	13.4	58.1
Clerks		5.6	9.5	15.1	7.2	13.9	21.0	* 3.6	11.3	14.9	35.9
Salespersons and Personal Service Workers		10.1	9.6	19.6	14.1	13.3	27.4	9.5	16.2	25.7	53.1
Plant and Machine Operators, and Drivers		14.4	* 1.3	15.6	24.3	* 2.3	26.6	9.8	* 2.1	11.9	38.5
Labourers and Related Workers		39.7	8.4	48.1	64.2	14.6	78.8	19.3	8.7	28.0	106.8
Other Occupations		14.4	* 3.0	17.5	20.8	6.9	27.7	11.0	6.5	17.5	45.3
Age group											
15-19		10.3	6.4	16.7	15.2	9.3	24.5	9.7	9.9	19.6	44.0
20-24		22.6	7.4	30.1	32.3	11.6	43.9	16.8	12.1	28.9	72.8
25-34		35.6	7.9	43.5	53.1	11.7	64.8	18.1	11.8	29.9	94.7
35-44		18.2	5.0	23.2	32.1	10.8	42.9	10.6	9.9	20.5	63.4
45-54		16.5	5.5	21.9	24.8	7.4	32.2	5.5	* 2.4	7.9	40.2
55 and over		11.2	* 0.9	12.1	15.6	* 2.3	18.0	* 3.6	* 0.9	4.5	22.5
Total		114.4	33.1	147.5	173.1	53.2	226.3	64.4	47.0	111.4	337.7

TABLE 32. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JUNE 1995

Age group	Males			Females			Persons	Proportion of population - per cent -
	Married	Not married	Total	Married - '000 -	Not married	Total		
15-19	* 1.2	287.0	288.1	7.4	238.0	245.5	533.6	42.2
20-24	5.8	80.6	86.4	63.1	101.4	164.6	251.0	17.5
25-34	32.1	68.7	100.8	337.2	104.2	441.4	542.2	19.3
35-44	53.5	47.2	100.7	297.6	82.3	379.9	480.6	17.6
45-54	77.9	41.7	119.6	270.1	79.1	349.3	468.8	21.1
55-59	78.3	26.6	104.9	181.8	54.4	236.2	341.1	42.4
60-64	146.8	42.6	189.4	206.1	87.1	293.2	482.6	68.9
65-69	219.2	59.1	278.3	206.8	129.8	336.6	614.9	89.0
70 and over	400.2	162.6	562.9	292.6	555.8	848.4	1,411.2	96.6
Total	1,014.9	816.2	1,831.1	1,862.8	1,432.2	3,295.0	5,126.0	36.3

TABLE 33. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., JUNE 1995 ('000)

	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
<i>Looking for work</i>	19.7	37.2	56.9	33.6	42.0	75.7	132.6
Took active steps to find work(a)	9.0	19.0	28.0	11.1	20.0	31.1	59.1
Did not take active steps to find work	10.7	18.1	28.9	22.5	22.1	44.6	73.5
<i>Not looking for work</i>	948.9	708.8	1,657.7	1,800.5	1,259.0	3,059.5	4,717.3
Permanently unable to work	22.8	17.2	40.1	9.6	19.1	28.7	68.8
In institutions	23.5	52.9	76.4	19.1	111.9	131.0	207.4
Total	1,014.9	816.2	1,831.1	1,862.8	1,432.2	3,295.0	5,126.0

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 34. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS MAY 1995 AND JUNE 1995 ('000)

Labour force status in May 1995	Labour force status in June 1995			
	Employed full time	Employed part time	Unemployed	Not in the labour force
MALES				
Employed full time	3,234.7	68.3	30.0	33.0
Employed part time	70.9	282.8	23.3	38.1
Unemployed	41.0	28.9	238.1	49.1
Not in the labour force	27.8	37.0	46.7	1,245.2
MARRIED FEMALES				
Employed full time	876.6	78.2	* 3.9	19.7
Employed part time	78.2	715.6	9.9	54.5
Unemployed	* 3.9	13.2	47.6	24.7
Not in the labour force	14.3	57.5	28.1	1,391.9
ALL FEMALES				
Employed full time	1,490.5	107.4	10.6	29.3
Employed part time	113.4	1,058.2	20.6	78.3
Unemployed	16.8	32.0	128.4	56.2
Not in the labour force	21.0	84.5	59.4	2,335.8
PERSONS				
Employed full time	4,725.3	175.7	40.6	62.4
Employed part time	184.3	1,341.0	43.9	116.4
Unemployed	57.9	60.9	366.6	105.3
Not in the labour force	48.8	121.5	106.1	3,581.1

POPULATION REPRESENTED BY THE MATCHED SAMPLE

Males	Females		Persons
	Married	Total	
5,495.0	3,417.8	5,642.4	11,137.4

TABLE 35. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD(a), THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, JUNE 1995

	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over		
					Males	Females	Persons
	PERSONS ('000)						
Family member	6,764.5	548.2	7,312.8	3,785.8	5,483.3	5,615.3	11,098.6
Husband or wife	5,096.6	279.0	5,375.6	2,719.8	4,078.0	4,017.5	8,095.4
With children under 15	2,535.3	168.8	2,704.1	722.5	1,729.6	1,697.0	3,426.6
Without children under 15	2,561.3	110.2	2,671.5	1,997.4	2,348.4	2,320.5	4,668.9
With dependants	2,963.7	185.1	3,148.9	821.3	2,004.7	1,965.4	3,970.1
Without dependants	2,132.8	93.9	2,226.7	1,898.6	2,073.2	2,052.1	4,125.3
Lone parent	284.7	50.7	335.4	325.7	99.6	561.4	661.0
With children under 15	167.6	35.0	202.6	185.5	39.1	349.0	388.1
With dependent students but without children under 15	48.7	5.8	54.5	19.3	17.1	56.7	73.8
Without dependants	68.4	9.9	78.2	120.9	43.4	155.7	199.1
Dependent student(b)	312.4	59.1	371.4	475.7	409.8	437.3	847.1
Non-dependent child(c)	941.0	133.5	1,074.6	111.3	752.9	433.0	1,185.9
Other family person	129.8	26.0	155.8	153.3	143.0	166.1	309.1
Non-family member	1,212.9	141.4	1,354.4	885.1	1,110.0	1,129.4	2,239.4
Lone person	596.2	67.1	663.3	744.8	627.7	780.3	1,408.0
Not living alone	616.7	74.3	691.1	140.3	482.4	349.0	831.4
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	7,977.4	689.7	8,667.1	4,670.9	6,593.3	6,744.7	13,338.0
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	171.7	18.5	190.1	79.4	119.7	149.8	269.5
Total usual residents of private dwellings	8,149.1	708.2	8,857.3	4,750.3	6,713.0	6,894.5	13,607.5
Visitors to private dwellings	37.6	7.2	44.7	58.1	48.4	54.4	102.8
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	86.9	9.5	96.5	317.7	192.8	221.4	414.2
Total	8,273.6	724.8	8,998.4	5,126.0	6,954.2	7,170.3	14,124.5
	PROPORTION OF TOTAL (per cent)						
Family member	81.8	75.6	81.3	73.9	78.8	78.3	78.6
Husband or wife	61.6	38.5	59.7	53.1	58.6	56.0	57.3
With children under 15	30.6	23.3	30.1	14.1	24.9	23.7	24.3
Without children under 15	31.0	15.2	29.7	39.0	33.8	32.4	33.1
With dependants	35.8	25.5	35.0	16.0	28.8	27.4	28.1
Without dependants	25.8	13.0	24.7	37.0	29.8	28.6	29.2
Lone parent	3.4	7.0	3.7	6.4	1.4	7.8	4.7
With children under 15	2.0	4.8	2.3	3.6	0.6	4.9	2.7
With dependent students but without children under 15	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.5
Without dependants	0.8	1.4	0.9	2.4	0.6	2.2	1.4
Dependent student(b)	3.8	8.1	4.1	9.3	5.9	6.1	6.0
Non-dependent child(c)	11.4	18.4	11.9	2.2	10.8	6.0	8.4
Other family person	1.6	3.6	1.7	3.0	2.1	2.3	2.2
Non-family member	14.7	19.5	15.1	17.3	16.0	15.8	15.9
Lone person	7.2	9.3	7.4	14.5	9.0	10.9	10.0
Not living alone	7.5	10.3	7.7	2.7	6.9	4.9	5.9
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	96.4	95.1	96.3	91.1	94.8	94.1	94.4
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	2.1	2.5	2.1	1.5	1.7	2.1	1.9
Total usual residents of private dwellings	98.5	97.7	98.4	92.7	96.5	96.2	96.3
Visitors to private dwellings	0.5	1.0	0.5	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.7
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.1	1.3	1.1	6.2	2.8	3.1	2.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) "Relationship in household" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 46 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (c) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 36. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD(a) AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(b), JUNE 1995

	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate	
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Looking for full-time work	Total						
MALES										
Family member	3,399.4	404.9	3,804.2	286.9	322.4	4,126.6	1,356.7	5,483.3	7.8	75.3
Husband	2,761.3	193.1	2,954.4	164.7	171.0	3,125.4	952.6	4,078.0	5.5	76.6
With children under 15	1,454.9	76.6	1,531.5	99.8	101.2	1,632.7	96.8	1,729.6	6.2	94.4
Without children under 15	1,306.4	116.5	1,422.9	64.9	69.8	1,492.7	855.7	2,348.4	4.7	63.6
With dependants	1,684.1	86.7	1,770.8	108.4	110.4	1,881.2	123.6	2,004.7	5.9	93.8
Without dependants	1,077.2	106.4	1,183.6	56.3	60.6	1,244.2	829.0	2,073.2	4.9	60.0
Lone parent	51.9	7.6	59.5	7.4	8.2	67.8	31.8	99.6	12.2	68.0
With children under 15	20.8	4.9	25.8	* 3.0	* 3.5	29.3	9.8	39.1	* 12.1	74.9
With dependent students but without children under 15	11.8	* 0.5	12.2	* 2.6	* 2.6	14.8	* 2.2	17.1	* 17.5	86.9
Without dependants	19.3	* 2.2	21.5	* 1.8	* 2.1	23.6	19.8	43.4	* 8.9	54.4
Dependent student(c)	* 2.6	123.3	125.9	5.8	29.2	155.1	254.7	409.8	18.8	37.8
Non-dependent child(d)	516.4	70.0	586.4	92.5	96.5	682.9	70.0	752.9	14.1	90.7
Other family person	67.1	10.9	78.0	16.5	17.5	95.5	47.5	143.0	18.3	66.8
Non-family member	637.1	87.4	724.6	85.6	92.0	816.6	293.4	1,110.0	11.3	73.6
Lone person	321.8	38.8	360.5	44.3	46.4	406.9	220.8	627.7	11.4	64.8
Not living alone	315.4	48.7	364.0	41.3	45.7	409.7	72.6	482.4	11.1	84.9
Total	4,036.5	492.3	4,528.8	372.6	414.4	4,943.2	1,650.1	6,593.3	8.4	75.0
FEMALES										
Family member	1,582.3	1,378.0	2,960.3	152.0	225.9	3,186.1	2,429.2	5,615.3	7.1	56.7
Wife	1,142.9	999.3	2,142.1	74.2	108.0	2,250.2	1,767.3	4,017.5	4.8	56.0
With children under 15	412.4	591.4	1,003.7	42.0	67.6	1,071.3	625.7	1,697.0	6.3	63.1
Without children under 15	730.5	407.9	1,138.4	32.2	40.4	1,178.8	1,141.6	2,320.5	3.4	50.8
With dependants	520.7	672.2	1,192.9	47.9	74.8	1,267.7	697.7	1,965.4	5.9	64.5
Without dependants	622.2	327.0	949.2	26.3	33.3	982.5	1,069.6	2,052.1	3.4	47.9
Lone parent	122.6	102.6	225.2	30.5	42.4	267.6	293.8	561.4	15.8	47.7
With children under 15	67.6	74.2	141.8	20.5	31.5	173.3	175.7	349.0	18.2	49.7
With dependent students but without children under 15	23.1	13.4	36.5	* 2.7	* 3.2	39.7	17.0	56.7	* 8.0	70.0
Without dependants	31.9	15.0	46.8	7.4	7.8	54.6	101.1	155.7	14.2	35.1
Dependent student(c)	* 3.1	183.4	186.5	4.5	29.9	216.3	221.0	437.3	13.8	49.5
Non-dependent child(d)	276.9	77.7	354.6	35.7	37.0	391.7	41.3	433.0	9.4	90.5
Other family person	36.9	15.0	51.8	7.2	8.5	60.4	105.7	166.1	14.2	36.3
Non-family member	375.7	112.6	488.3	42.9	49.4	537.7	591.6	1,129.4	9.2	47.6
Lone person	185.0	50.6	235.6	18.0	20.7	256.4	524.0	780.3	8.1	32.9
Not living alone	190.7	62.0	252.7	25.0	28.7	281.4	67.6	349.0	10.2	80.6
Total	1,958.0	1,490.6	3,448.6	195.0	275.3	3,723.9	3,020.8	6,744.7	7.4	55.2
PERSONS										
Family member	4,981.7	1,782.8	6,764.5	439.0	548.2	7,312.8	3,785.8	11,098.6	7.5	65.9
Husband or wife	3,904.2	1,192.4	5,096.6	238.9	279.0	5,375.6	2,719.8	8,095.4	5.2	66.4
With children under 15	1,867.3	668.0	2,535.3	141.8	168.8	2,704.1	722.5	3,426.6	6.2	78.9
Without children under 15	2,036.9	524.4	2,561.3	97.2	110.2	2,671.5	1,997.4	4,668.9	4.1	57.2
With dependants	2,204.8	758.9	2,963.7	156.3	185.1	3,148.9	821.3	3,970.1	5.9	79.3
Without dependants	1,699.4	433.4	2,132.8	82.6	93.9	2,226.7	1,898.6	4,125.3	4.2	54.0
Lone parent	174.5	110.2	284.7	38.0	50.7	335.4	325.7	661.0	15.1	50.7
With children under 15	88.5	79.1	167.6	23.4	35.0	202.6	185.5	388.1	17.3	52.2
With dependent students but without children under 15	34.8	13.9	48.7	5.3	5.8	54.5	19.3	73.8	10.6	73.9
Without dependants	51.2	17.2	68.4	9.2	9.9	78.2	120.9	199.1	12.6	39.3
Dependent student(c)	5.7	306.7	312.4	10.2	59.1	371.4	475.7	847.1	15.9	43.8
Non-dependent child(d)	793.4	147.7	941.0	128.2	133.5	1,074.6	111.3	1,185.9	12.4	90.6
Other family person	103.9	25.9	129.8	23.7	26.0	155.8	153.3	309.1	16.7	50.4
Non-family member	1,012.9	200.1	1,212.9	128.6	141.4	1,354.4	885.1	2,239.4	10.4	60.5
Lone person	506.8	89.4	596.2	62.3	67.1	663.3	744.8	1,408.0	10.1	47.1
Not living alone	506.1	110.7	616.7	66.3	74.3	691.1	140.3	831.4	10.8	83.1
Total	5,994.5	1,982.9	7,977.4	567.6	689.7	8,667.1	4,670.9	13,338.0	8.0	65.0

(a) "Relationship in household" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 46 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (b) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44. (c) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (d) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 37. ALL FAMILIES(a); FAMILY TYPE(b), NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS,
JUNE 1995
(*000 families)

Number of family members(c)	None employed			One employed			Two or more employed			Total		
	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total
COUPLE FAMILY												
Two	635.3	33.1	668.4	239.0	33.5	272.4	666.7	..	666.7	1,540.9	66.5	1,607.5
Three	49.9	37.4	87.4	214.9	39.8	254.7	473.6	21.4	495.0	738.4	98.6	837.0
Four	20.9	31.9	52.8	221.7	35.8	257.4	622.8	40.6	663.4	865.4	108.3	973.6
Five	10.2	17.5	27.7	108.4	15.7	124.1	271.9	27.7	299.7	390.5	60.9	451.4
Six or more	7.0	13.9	21.0	50.6	7.0	57.6	92.4	10.8	103.2	150.1	31.7	181.8
Total	723.3	133.8	857.2	834.6	131.7	966.3	2,127.4	100.6	2,228.0	3,685.3	366.1	4,051.4
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A MALE PARENT												
Two	9.7	5.5	15.2	23.1	5.1	28.3	17.4	..	17.4	50.3	10.6	60.9
Three or more	5.6	* 2.6	8.2	13.4	* 3.7	17.1	13.0	* 1.4	14.3	32.0	7.7	39.6
Total	15.3	8.1	23.4	36.5	8.9	45.4	30.4	* 1.4	31.7	82.2	18.3	100.5
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A FEMALE PARENT												
Two	91.0	26.1	117.2	131.8	10.0	141.8	35.2	..	35.2	258.0	36.2	294.2
Three	61.7	14.9	76.5	58.9	9.2	68.1	35.7	* 3.2	38.9	156.2	27.4	183.6
Four	24.9	7.6	32.6	17.1	* 2.4	19.5	9.5	* 2.2	11.7	51.6	12.3	63.8
Five or more	12.7	* 2.3	15.0	4.0	* 1.3	5.3	* 3.0	* 0.7	* 3.6	19.7	4.2	24.0
Total	190.3	51.0	241.3	211.8	22.9	234.8	83.3	6.1	89.4	485.5	80.0	565.5
ONE PARENT FAMILIES: TOTAL												
Two	100.8	31.6	132.4	154.9	15.2	170.1	52.6	..	52.6	308.2	46.8	355.0
Three	65.5	16.8	82.3	70.1	12.2	82.3	43.8	* 3.9	47.7	179.4	32.9	212.4
Four	26.7	8.3	35.0	19.0	* 2.9	21.9	13.2	* 2.5	15.7	59.0	13.6	72.6
Five or more	12.7	* 2.3	15.0	4.3	* 1.5	5.8	4.1	* 1.1	5.2	21.1	5.0	26.1
Total	205.7	59.0	264.7	248.4	31.8	280.2	113.7	7.5	121.1	567.7	98.3	666.0
OTHER FAMILY												
Two	18.1	* 3.6	21.8	10.3	6.4	16.7	29.9	..	29.9	58.3	10.1	68.4
Three or more	* 1.1	* 0.0	* 1.1	* 0.7	* 1.1	* 1.8	* 1.2	* 1.0	* 2.2	* 3.1	* 2.1	5.2
Total	19.3	* 3.6	22.9	11.0	7.5	18.5	31.2	* 1.0	32.1	61.4	12.1	73.6
TOTAL												
Two	754.1	68.4	822.5	404.2	55.0	459.2	749.2	..	749.2	1,907.5	123.4	2,030.9
Three	116.6	54.3	170.8	285.8	52.9	338.6	518.4	26.2	544.6	920.7	133.4	1,054.1
Four	47.6	40.2	87.8	240.7	38.7	279.3	636.3	43.1	679.3	924.6	121.9	1,046.5
Five	19.3	19.6	38.9	111.1	17.0	128.1	275.2	28.9	304.0	405.6	65.5	471.0
Six or more	10.6	14.1	24.7	52.2	7.5	59.7	93.3	10.8	104.1	156.1	32.4	188.5
Total	948.3	196.5	1,144.8	1,094.0	171.0	1,265.0	2,272.2	109.0	2,381.2	4,314.5	476.5	4,791.0

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) "Family type" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 47 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (c) Of any age.

TABLE 38. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE(b), NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDANTS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, JUNE 1995
(*000 families)

	Number of children under 15			Number of dependants			Total
	None	One	Two or more	None	One	Two or more	
	NO FAMILY MEMBER EMPLOYED						
Couple family	722.5	53.9	80.7	709.7	54.3	93.1	857.2
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	39.5	30.8	49.8	36.2	27.8	56.2	120.1
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	9.3	9.3	8.8	7.9	9.0	10.5	27.4
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	26.5	19.3	38.3	24.5	16.8	42.7	84.1
Neither spouse unemployed	683.0	23.1	31.0	673.5	26.6	36.9	737.0
One parent families	59.5	98.4	106.9	45.3	100.5	118.9	264.7
Parent unemployed	6.7	17.9	15.3	* 2.7	19.9	17.2	39.9
Male parent unemployed	* 2.0	* 2.0	* 1.3	* 0.3	* 3.4	* 1.6	5.2
Female parent unemployed	4.8	15.9	14.0	* 2.4	16.6	15.7	34.6
Parent not unemployed	52.8	80.5	91.6	42.6	80.6	101.7	224.8
Male parent not in the labour force	8.7	4.6	4.9	6.9	6.0	5.3	18.2
Female parent not in the labour force	44.1	75.8	86.7	35.7	74.6	96.3	206.6
Other family	22.9	..	..	22.9	..	..	22.9
Family head unemployed	* 2.0	..	..	* 2.0	..	..	* 2.0
Family head not unemployed	20.9	..	..	20.9	..	..	20.9
Family head not in the labour force	20.9	..	..	20.9	..	..	20.9
Total	804.9	152.3	187.6	777.9	154.8	212.1	1,144.8
ONE OR MORE FAMILY MEMBERS EMPLOYED							
Couple family	1,617.9	587.9	988.4	1,359.2	619.5	1,215.5	3,194.2
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	59.5	31.1	38.2	48.9	30.3	49.5	128.8
Husband employed, wife unemployed	24.2	18.8	24.9	20.0	18.8	29.0	67.8
Husband unemployed, wife employed	23.7	9.0	11.8	20.2	8.2	16.1	44.5
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	* 1.9	* 0.3	* 0.3	* 1.0	* 0.3	* 1.3	* 2.5
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	8.0	* 2.0	* 1.2	6.5	* 2.1	* 2.6	11.2
Neither spouse unemployed	1,558.3	556.9	950.3	1,310.3	589.2	1,166.0	3,065.5
Husband employed, wife employed	1,052.3	378.9	582.0	870.2	390.1	752.9	2,013.3
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	341.8	161.7	348.6	290.8	175.0	386.2	852.1
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	75.1	13.9	17.2	68.5	15.9	21.8	106.1
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	89.1	* 2.4	* 2.5	80.8	8.1	5.1	94.0
One parent families	218.0	112.1	71.2	156.9	140.8	103.6	401.3
Parent unemployed	9.1	* 1.9	* 0.0	7.3	* 3.2	* 0.5	11.1
Parent not unemployed	208.9	110.2	71.2	149.6	137.6	103.1	390.3
Male parent employed	34.2	15.5	10.3	21.9	22.0	16.2	60.1
Female parent employed	85.6	85.7	56.2	48.2	102.1	77.2	227.5
Male parent not in the labour force	13.6	* 0.4	* 0.0	13.1	* 0.7	* 0.3	14.0
Female parent not in the labour force	75.4	8.5	4.7	66.3	12.9	9.4	88.6
Other family	50.7	..	..	50.7	..	..	50.7
Family head unemployed	* 3.1	..	..	* 3.1	..	..	* 3.1
Family head not unemployed	47.5	..	..	47.5	..	..	47.5
Family head employed	40.1	..	..	40.1	..	..	40.1
Family head not in the labour force	7.5	..	..	7.5	..	..	7.5
Total	1,886.5	700.0	1,059.7	1,566.8	760.3	1,319.1	3,646.2
TOTAL							
Couple family	2,340.4	641.9	1,069.2	2,068.9	673.8	1,308.6	4,051.4
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	99.1	61.9	87.9	85.1	58.1	105.7	248.9
Husband employed, wife unemployed	24.2	18.8	24.9	20.0	18.8	29.0	67.8
Husband unemployed, wife employed	23.7	9.0	11.8	20.2	8.2	16.1	44.5
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	11.2	9.6	9.1	8.9	9.2	11.8	29.9
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	34.6	21.3	39.4	31.1	18.9	45.4	95.3
Neither spouse unemployed	2,241.3	580.0	981.2	1,983.8	615.7	1,202.9	3,802.5
Husband employed, wife employed	1,052.3	378.9	582.0	870.2	390.1	752.9	2,013.3
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	341.8	161.7	348.6	290.8	175.0	386.2	852.1
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	75.1	13.9	17.2	68.5	15.9	21.8	106.1
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	772.1	25.5	33.5	754.3	34.7	42.0	831.0
One parent families	277.5	210.4	178.1	202.2	241.3	222.5	666.0
Parent unemployed	15.9	19.8	15.3	10.0	23.1	17.8	50.9
Male parent unemployed	4.7	* 2.2	* 1.3	* 2.1	4.6	* 1.6	8.2
Female parent unemployed	11.2	17.6	14.0	7.9	18.6	16.2	42.7
Parent not unemployed	261.6	190.6	162.8	192.2	218.2	204.7	615.1
Male parent employed	34.2	15.5	10.3	21.9	22.0	16.2	60.1
Female parent employed	85.6	85.7	56.2	48.2	102.1	77.2	227.5
Male parent not in the labour force	22.3	5.1	4.9	20.0	6.6	5.6	32.2
Female parent not in the labour force	119.5	84.4	91.4	102.0	87.5	105.8	295.2
Other family	73.6	..	..	73.6	..	..	73.6
Family head unemployed	5.1	..	..	5.1	..	..	5.1
Family head not unemployed	68.4	..	..	68.4	..	..	68.4
Family head employed	40.1	..	..	40.1	..	..	40.1
Family head not in the labour force	28.4	..	..	28.4	..	..	28.4
Total	2,691.4	852.3	1,247.3	2,344.7	915.1	1,531.2	4,791.0

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) "Family type" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 47 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the Monthly Population Survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for over sixty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. These data are also available on microfiche or as a special data service. For details, contact any ABS office.

3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0).

4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are available on request. Summary statistics from these surveys are published in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0), from time to time.

The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently about 30,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about one-half of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

Scope

6. The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
- (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
 - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
 - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

From July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory is also excluded from the scope of the survey. Before July 1993 it was included in estimates for the Australian Capital Territory.

Coverage

7. In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 43 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.

8. Persons who are away from their usual residence for six weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence (relevant information may be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey).

Population benchmarks

9. Labour Force Survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the usually resident population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for more than six weeks but for less than twelve months

are included in the independent population statistics (benchmarks) and are thus provided for in the calculation of the estimates. The benchmarks are the latest available estimates at the time the Labour Force Survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

Revision of population benchmarks

10. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each Census of Population and Housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1994 to take account of the results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, which affected all the monthly estimates from January 1989 to January 1994.

11. Population benchmarks used in the estimation of Labour Force Survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the conceptual basis of population estimates, see *Information Paper: Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates* (3216.0). Prior to October 1982, labour force estimates were based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.

History of the survey

12. National surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964 to February 1978. The survey has been conducted on a monthly basis since February 1978.

Questionnaire changes

13. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised from time to time, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991 and March 1993.

Inclusion of contributing family workers

14. In April 1986, the questionnaire was revised following the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). This definition aligned the Australian labour force concepts with the set of definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

15. Previously, contributing family workers who worked 1 to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to Tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.

16. A revised procedure for weighting families estimates, as presented in this publication, was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 48 contains more details.

Comparability of series

17. As noted in paragraph 10, estimates from January 1989 were revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1989. An examination of the revised estimates showed that the effects on Labour Force Survey estimates for the period before January 1989 were inconsequential, and that no meaningful purpose would be served by publishing revised estimates for that period.

18. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly Survey of Employment and Earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The Labour Force Survey provides estimates of people in

jobs whereas the Survey of Employment and Earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by wage and salary earners. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in *Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263,0).

19. From December 1989 onwards, the category "other families" was split into "one-parent families" and "other families". Therefore estimates of other families were not strictly comparable with estimates in previous issues. However, in November 1989, 97 per cent of other families with dependants were one-parent families. In March 1994, a new families classification was introduced which also affected comparability (see paragraphs 45 to 47).

Survey sample redesign

20. Following each Population Census, the ABS redesigns and reselects the Labour Force Survey to take into account the new information which is obtained from the Census. The sample used in the Labour Force Survey from September 1987 to August 1992, which was designed and selected using preliminary data from the 1986 Census, was updated and reselected using information collected in the 1991 Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1992 to December 1992. For additional information, see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269,0), available from any ABS office.

21. The sampling fractions for each State/Territory differ and are such that the resultant sample yields reliable estimates of the main labour force aggregates for each State and Territory. The sampling fractions for the new sample together with the sampling fractions determined from the 1986 Census are:

	1986 Census redesign	1991 Census redesign
New South Wales	1 in 230	1 in 277
Victoria	1 in 230	1 in 242
Queensland	1 in 160	1 in 195
South Australia	1 in 115	1 in 139
Western Australia	1 in 115	1 in 146
Tasmania	1 in 70	1 in 75
Northern Territory	1 in 115	1 in 75
Australian Capital Territory	1 in 115	1 in 75

Reliability of the estimates

22. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes; and
- (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between Census and Labour Force Survey estimates

23. The results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force estimates derived from the census differ from those derived from the Labour Force Survey.

24. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the

survey. It should be noted, however, that census estimates of unemployment do not take into account the 'available for work' criterion.

25. There are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the Labour Force Survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 9), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.

26. The Labour Force Survey provides detailed and up-to-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the Census of Population and Housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

27. These considerations should be borne in mind when comparisons are made between population census and Labour Force Survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

28. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Tables 2, 8 and 40. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted movement in series at the Australia level, with the following frequency:

Employment:	5 in 10 monthly movements
Unemployment:	7 in 10 monthly movements
Unemployment rate:	7 in 10 monthly movements
Participation rate:	9 in 10 monthly movements

29. The seasonal factors for all seasonally adjusted series are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1995, revised the Australian and State seasonally adjusted and trend monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for all months since January 1990 for Australia and the States were published in an Appendix to the February 1995 issue of this publication.

Trend estimation

30. Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Quarterly trend estimates (eg employment by industry) are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average also uses surrogate forms of the average as the end of a time series is approached. Unlike the surrogate weights of the 13-term Henderson used on monthly data, the weights employed here are tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Tables 3 and 9 show trend estimates for the past 15 months. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 6 to 9. Data from February 1978 are available on the ABS

on-line data dissemination service, PC-AUSSTATS. The trend series of the participation rate for married females are based on smoothed population estimates.

31. While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months or two quarters have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 29.

32. Trend estimates for the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory are published in Table 9. Original estimates for the two Territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates after each annual seasonal factor re-analysis. Seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two Territories. The most recent six months trend estimates are subject to revision. For the three most recent months, the revision may be relatively large. Inferences about trends drawn from smoothed seasonally adjusted (trend) estimates for months earlier than the latest three months are unlikely to be affected by month-to-month revisions. They may, however, be revised as a result of the annual re-analysis of seasonal factors.

33. Users may wish to refer to the ABS publication *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring "Trends", an Overview* (1348.0) for further information about trend estimates. Details of the trend weighting patterns are available on request from the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on (06) 252 6345.

Month-to-month movements

34. Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 22.

Gross flows

35. In order to minimise respondent load and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one-eighth of the dwellings are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

36. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.

37. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.

38. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table (Table 34). About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

39. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months. Note that the estimates have not been adjusted to account for the

unmatched sample component.

40. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the proportions of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

41. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Notes. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical Notes.

Labour force status and other characteristics of families

42. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their relationship in the household and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children under 15 present and the number of dependants present.

43. Because of the coverage rules, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is difficult. Thus for survey questions used to determine family relationships, scope was further restricted to usual residents of private dwellings and the following persons were excluded:

- (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
- (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.

44. In addition, in those households where it was not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information was recorded. Thus persons living in households which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are excluded from survey questions used to determine family relationships because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly households which, at the time of the survey, have one or more of their usual residents away for more than six weeks, are excluded from the family survey. This also applies to households from which an incomplete or inadequate questionnaire was obtained for any usual resident in on scope and coverage. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, relationship in household is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.

Changes in families classifications

45. *Relationship in household and Family type* classifications were introduced in the March 1994 issue of this publication to align with ABS standards. Most categories in the two classifications remain comparable with categories in the previous classifications. The cases in which there are breaks in comparability are discussed in the following paragraphs.

46. *Relationship in household.* This classification was previously referred to as

Family status.

- (a) *Lone parents* (previously referred to as *Sole parents*) now includes parents with non-dependent children (provided those children are without a spouse or children of their own). These *Lone parents without dependants* are shown separately in Table 35 and there were 205,800 such persons in March 1994.
- (b) *Dependent students* (previously *Full-time students aged 15-24*) now comprise sons or daughters (of a couple or a lone parent) aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time. Other related full-time students, who were also previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* are now included in *Other family persons*. There were 24,200 such persons in March 1994.
- (c) *Other family persons* now comprises the previous groups *Other family head*, excluding those now counted as *Lone parents* (79,200 persons in March 1994), the other related full-time students previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* (see above; 24,200 in March 1994) and *Other relative of married couple or family head* (218,100 in March 1994).

47. *Family type*. This classification was previously referred to as *Type of family*. There are three types of families in the new classification, as follows:

- (a) *Couple families* is the term used to describe families previously referred to as *Married-couple families*. The new category is otherwise exactly comparable with the old category.
- (b) *One parent families* now includes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present. Such families were previously included in *Other families*. There were 208,400 of these families in March 1994.
- (c) *Other families* now excludes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present (see above).

48. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the Labour Force Survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.

Birthplace

49. From April 1991, labour force birthplace data are aggregated according to major groups of the *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCSS)* (1269.0). The ASCCSS was developed by the ABS for use whenever demographic, labour and social statistics are classified by countries.

50. The ASCCSS major groups are based on the concept of geographic proximity. They differ from the country groups presented in this publication prior to April 1991. For example, African countries are now covered by 'The Middle East and North Africa' and 'Africa (excluding North Africa)', while Asia has been split into 'Southeast Asia', 'Northeast Asia' and 'Southern Asia'. Data for selected individual countries will continue to be available in this publication and comprehensively on microfiche.

Industry

51. From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), a detailed description of which appears in *ANZSIC 1993* (1292.0). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of four levels (Division, Sub-division, Group and Class). Labour Force

Survey data are coded at the Group level, as was the practice under ASIC. To assist users in making comparisons with previously published data, a concordance has been developed which shows for each ASIC Group, the corresponding ANZSIC Group or Groups. The concordance also shows the estimated employment attributable to each ANZSIC Group, compared with ASIC Group data, according to establishment unit employment data on the ABS Business Register at May 1994. Historical estimates of employment by ANZSIC Group have been compiled on the basis of the concordance. For further information about the application of ANZSIC to Labour Force Survey data, see *Information Paper Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for industry data (Replacement publication)* (6259.0) or contact Sylvia Sajler on (06) 252 6525.

Additional data

52. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status in employment are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months:

- (a) Employed persons:
 - Industry (original, seasonally adjusted and trend)
 - Industry and occupation:
 - Full-time and part-time workers
 - Status in employment
 - Age and birthplace
 - Hours worked
 - Industry divisions and subdivisions
 - Occupation major and minor groups
 - Industry by occupation.
- (b) Unemployed persons:
 - Industry and occupation of last full-time job:
 - Unemployment rate.

Seasonally adjusted estimates of employed persons by industry have been published in this bulletin since February 1993. Trend estimates have been published since August 1994.

Related publications

53. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia: Historical Summary, 1978 to 1989 (6204.0)

Labour Force Projections, Australia: 1995 to 2011 (6260.0)

The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6202.2)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

South Australian Economic Indicators (1307.4)—issued monthly

Tasmanian Statistical Indicators (1303.6)—issued monthly

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)—issued quarterly

Labour Statistics, Australia (6101.0)—issued annually

Australia's Long-term Unemployed—A Statistical Profile (6255.0)

Australian Labour Market (6284.0)—issued annually

Information Papers and Guides:

Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (6232.0)

Regional Labour Force Statistics (6262.0)

Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)

Labour Force Survey Sample Design (6269.0)

Labour Force Survey — Measuring Teenage Unemployment (6270.0)

Revised Labour Force Survey Estimates: January 1984 to January 1989 (6276.0)

Measuring Employment and Unemployment (6279.0)

A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)

A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring "Trends" An Overview (1348.0)

Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for industry data (Replacement publication) (6259.0)

Directory of Labour Market and Social Survey Data (Choosing data from the ABS Household Survey Program) (1135.0).

Australia's Long-term Unemployed—A Statistical Profile (6255.0)

54. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics

55. The ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information is available on a number of media such as floppy disk, microfiche and customised reports. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to Sylvia Sajler on Canberra (06) 252 6525 or any ABS office.

Rounding

56. Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Symbols and other usages

* subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses.
See paragraph 7 of the Technical Notes.

n.a. not available

.. not applicable

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

r revised

TECHNICAL NOTES

A new sample for the LFS was phased in over the period September to December 1992. For information about the sample design see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

3. Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The *sampling error* is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative standard error* which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.

4. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. It is not possible to quantify non-sampling error, but every effort is made to reduce it to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures. For the examples in paragraphs 9 and 11, it is assumed to be zero. In practice, the potential for non-sampling error adds to the uncertainty of the estimates caused by sampling variability.

5. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.

6. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

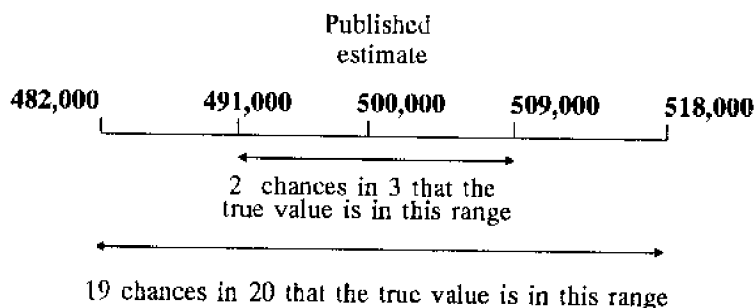
7. As the standard errors in Table A show, *the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error*. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less, and percentages

based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

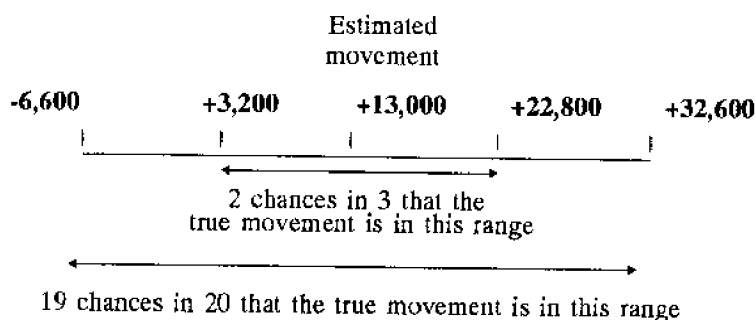
8. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of *quarterly* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.11. Standard errors of all *annual* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

9. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

- (a) Consider an estimate for Australia of 500,000 employed persons aged 15-19. By referring to Table A, in the row for an estimate of 500,000 and the column for Australia, a standard error of 9,000 is obtained. There are about two chances in three that the true value (the number that would have been obtained if the whole population had been included in the survey) is within the range 491,000 to 509,000. There are about nineteen chances in twenty that the true value is in the range 482,000 to 518,000.



- (b) Consider estimates for females employed part time in Australia of 1,387,000 in one month and 1,400,000 in the next month. This represents an upward movement of 13,000. By referring to Table B for the larger estimate of 1,400,000, a movement standard error of 9,800 is obtained (after applying linear interpolation and rounding). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the true movement is in the range +3,200 to +22,800 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the true movement is in the range -6,600 to +32,600.



10. The relative standard errors of estimates of *aggregate hours worked*, *average hours worked*, *average duration of unemployment*, and *median duration of unemployment* are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2
 Average hours worked: 0.7
 Average duration of unemployment: 1.3
 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25 per cent are shown in Table C.

11. The following is an example of the calculation of standard errors where the use of a factor is required:

- (a) Consider a median duration of unemployment for Australia of 30 weeks, with an estimate of 1,000,000 persons unemployed. Table A gives the standard error as 11,800 which is 1.2 per cent as a *relative standard error*. The factor of 2.0 (see paragraph 10) is applied to the relative standard error of 1.2 per cent to obtain 2.4 per cent. Therefore the *standard error* for the median duration of unemployment is 2.4 per cent of 30 weeks, i.e. about 1 week. So there are two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment is between 29 and 31 weeks, and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is between 28 and 32 weeks.

12. Proportions and percentages (for example, unemployment rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

$$\text{RSE } (x/y) = \sqrt{[\text{RSE } (x)]^2 + [\text{RSE } (y)]^2}$$

13. Standard errors contained in Tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables A and B, while standard errors for estimates of unemployment and persons not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in Tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 14 per cent higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are on average about 7 per cent higher.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM SEPTEMBER 1992(a)

Size of estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Australia	
									— number —	per cent of estimate
100						90	100	80		
200			210	180	200	130	140	120	190	95.0
300	320	290	260	220	250	160	170	140	240	80.0
500	420	380	340	290	310	210	210	180	320	64.0
700	500	450	400	340	370	240	250	210	390	55.7
1,000	590	540	480	400	440	290	290	240	480	48.0
1,500	720	670	590	490	530	350	350	290	590	39.3
2,000	830	770	680	560	610	400	400	330	690	34.5
2,500	930	860	750	620	670	440	440	360	780	31.2
3,000	1,000	940	820	670	730	470	480	390	860	28.7
4,000	1,150	1,100	940	770	830	530	540	440	990	24.8
5,000	1,300	1,200	1,050	850	920	580	600	490	1,100	22.0
7,000	1,500	1,400	1,200	980	1,050	660	700	560	1,300	18.6
10,000	1,750	1,650	1,400	1,150	1,250	750	830	640	1,600	16.0
15,000	2,100	2,000	1,700	1,350	1,500	870	1,000	760	1,900	12.7
20,000	2,400	2,250	1,950	1,550	1,650	960	1,150	840	2,200	11.0
30,000	2,850	2,700	2,300	1,800	1,950	1,100	1,400	990	2,650	8.8
50,000	3,550	3,300	2,850	2,250	2,450	1,250	1,750	1,200	3,400	6.8
70,000	4,100	3,800	3,250	2,550	2,800	1,400	2,050	1,350	3,950	5.6
100,000	4,750	4,400	3,750	2,900	3,200	1,550	2,450	1,550	4,600	4.6
150,000	5,600	5,200	4,400	3,400	3,750	1,700	2,950	1,750	5,500	3.7
200,000	6,200	5,800	4,950	3,750	4,150	1,800	3,400	1,950	6,200	3.1
300,000	7,300	6,700	5,800	4,350	4,850	1,950		2,250	7,300	2.4
500,000	8,800	8,100	7,000	5,200	5,800	2,200			9,000	1.8
1,000,000	11,300	10,400	8,900	6,600	7,400				11,800	1.2
2,000,000	14,300	13,100	11,300	8,200	9,400				15,200	0.8
5,000,000	19,300	17,600	15,300						21,000	0.4
10,000,000									26,500	0.3

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FOR DECEMBER 1992 — JANUARY 1993 ONWARDS(a)

Size of larger estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Australia
100						110	80	90	
200			330	210	260	140	100	120	360
300		440	380	380	240	160	120	140	420
500		540	460	460	290	190	150	170	510
700		610	510	510	330	220	180	190	580
1,000		690	590	580	380	250	210	220	660
1,500		800	680	660	430	280	250	250	770
2,000		890	760	730	480	320	280	280	860
2,500		960	820	790	520	340	310	300	940
3,000		1,050	880	840	560	370	330	320	1,000
4,000		1,150	980	930	620	410	380	360	1,100
5,000		1,250	1,050	1,000	670	440	410	390	1,200
7,000		1,400	1,200	1,150	760	500	480	440	1,400
10,000		1,600	1,350	1,250	860	570	560	500	1,550
15,000		1,850	1,600	1,450	1,000	660	670	580	1,850
20,000		2,050	1,750	1,600	1,100	730	750	640	2,050
30,000		2,400	2,050	1,850	1,300	850	900	750	2,350
50,000		2,900	2,450	2,200	1,550	1,000	1,100	900	2,850
70,000		3,250	2,800	2,500	1,750	1,150	1,300	1,000	3,250
100,000		3,700	3,200	2,800	2,000	1,300	1,500	1,150	3,700
150,000		4,300	3,700	3,200	2,300	1,500	1,800	1,350	4,350
200,000		4,750	4,100	3,550	2,550	1,700	2,050	1,500	4,850
300,000		5,500	4,800	4,100	2,950	2,350		1,750	5,600
500,000		6,700	5,800	4,850	3,550	2,950			6,800
1,000,000		8,600	7,400	6,200	4,550	5,400			8,800
2,000,000		11,100	9,600	7,800	5,800	6,900			11,400
5,000,000		15,500	13,400	10,700					16,100
10,000,000									20,900

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

**TABLE C. LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25 PER CENT^(a)
FROM SEPTEMBER 1992^(b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimates classified by—									
Aggregate hours worked	7,400	6,500	5,000	3,400	4,000	1,800	1,800	1,300	5,700
Average hours worked	2,700	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,500	700	700	500	1,900
Average duration of unemployment	8,600	7,500	5,800	4,000	4,600	2,100	2,100	1,500	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	18,800	16,500	12,600	8,600	9,900	4,400	4,700	3,200	15,800
All other estimates	5,300	4,600	3,500	2,400	2,900	1,300	1,300	1,000	4,000

(a) See Technical Notes, Paragraph 10. (b) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work	Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.
Aggregate hours worked	The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.
Attending school	Persons aged 15 to 19 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools.
Attending tertiary educational institution full time	Persons aged 15 to 24 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other tertiary educational institution.
Average duration of unemployment	For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.
Average hours worked	Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.
Birthplace	From April 1991, classified according to the <i>Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCSS)</i> (1269.0).
Couple families	Families in which there are two married persons and these persons are husband and wife.
Dependants	All family members under 15 years of age; all sons or daughters aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Dependent student	In couple or one parent families, sons or daughters aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Duration of unemployment	The period from the time a person began looking for work or was stood down, to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the reference week.
Employed	Persons aged 15 and over who, during the reference week: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or (b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or (d) were employers, own account workers or contributing family workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
Employment/population ratio	For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.

Family	Two or more related persons (<i>relationship</i> includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption) usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head as defined, together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present; (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or (c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
Family head	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Any person without a spouse present, but with a son or daughter aged under 15 present; or (b) persons without a spouse present, without a son or daughter aged under 15 present, but with a son or daughter aged 15 or over present (provided that the son or daughter has no spouse, son or daughter of his/her own present); or (c) where a family has no person falling into either of these categories, the family head is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. <p>No family head is determined for a couple family.</p>
Former workers	Unemployed persons who have previously worked full time for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.
Full-time workers	Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.
Household	A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling, and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at different times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of families and non-family members.
Industry	From August 1994, classified according to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 1993 (1292.0)</i> .
Job leavers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job voluntarily</i> , that is, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons.
Job losers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job involuntarily</i> , that is: were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
Labour force	For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.
Labour force status	A classification of the civilian population aged 15 and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.
Lone parent	The head of a one parent family.
Lone person	A person who is the sole member of a household.

Long-term unemployed	Persons unemployed for a period of 52 weeks or more.
Main English Speaking Countries	The United Kingdom, Ireland, South Africa, Canada, the United States of America and New Zealand.
Marital status	Persons are classified as married (husband and wife) if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household.
Median duration of unemployment	The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
Non-dependent child	In couple or one parent families, sons or daughters aged 15 and over not attending school or a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Non-family member	A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.
Not in the labour force	Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.
Occupation	Classified according to the <i>Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986 (1222.0)</i> .
One parent families	Families in which there is a family head together with at least one son or daughter of his/her own.
Other families	Families which are not couple families or one parent families, as defined. They include families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister.
Participation rate	For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions.
Part-time workers	Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week.
Seasonally adjusted series	A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraphs 28 and 29 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
State capital cities	The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the <i>Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Manual, Edition 2.1 (1216.0)</i> .
Status in employment	Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, own account workers, employees, or contributing family workers.
Trend series	A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 30 to 33 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Unemployed	Persons aged 15 and over who were not employed during the reference week, and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week); or (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then; or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
Unemployed looking for first full-time job	Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for first job	Unemployed persons who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for full-time work	Unemployed persons who actively looked for full-time work or were to resume a full-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployed looking for part-time work	Unemployed persons who had actively looked for part-time work only, or were to resume a part-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation	Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job.
Unemployment rate	For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

**SECTION B:
SUPPLEMENTARY
DATA**

LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, FEBRUARY 1995

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS

The supplementary and special surveys collect data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is a historical list of supplementary and special labour force surveys. Statistical tables published in these bulletins are available as a Publication or a Standard Data Service, available by subscription or on request. Inquiries should be made to the contact in the Phone Inquiries box on the Contents page. It may be possible to order Unit Record Tapes on the following supplementary and special surveys by contacting the ABS (see below for contact numbers).

<i>Title of Survey</i>	<i>Catalogue No./ Product No.</i>
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue September to November 1986	6341.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1988 to April 1989	6317.0
Career Experience, Australia. Three-yearly. First issue February 1993	6254.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, 1989	6243.0
Career Paths of Qualified Nurses, Australia, 1989	6277.0
Child Care, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue June 1993	4402.0
Employment Benefits, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6334.0.40.001
Survey of Income and Housing Costs and Amenities, Persons with Earned Income, 1986, 1990	6546.0
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Annually. Latest issue July 1994	6222.0
Labour Force Experience, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1995	6206.0.40.001
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Final issue February 1994	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia. Annually. Latest issue June 1994	6224.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue September 1993	6250.0
Labour Mobility, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue February 1994	6209.0
Multiple Jobholding, Australia. Four-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6216.0.40.001
Participation in Education, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6272.0.40.001
Persons Employed at Home, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue March 1992	6275.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6220.0.40.001
Persons Who Had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue May 1993	6264.0
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue September 1994	6267.0.40.001
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue November 1994	6238.0.40.001
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue July 1994	6245.0
Superannuation, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue November 1993	6319.0
Trade Union Members, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6325.0.40.001
Training and Education Experience, Australia, 1993	6278.0
Transition From Education to Work, Australia. Annually. Latest issue May 1994	6227.0
Underemployed Workers, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6265.0.40.001
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution), Australia. Annually. Latest issue August 1994	6310.0.40.001
Working Arrangements, Australia. Two-yearly. First issue August 1993	6342.0

LABOUR FORCE INQUIRIES



SYDNEY	(02) 268 4212	ADELAIDE	(08) 237 7365
MELBOURNE	(03) 9615 7694	HOBART	(002) 20 5841
BRISBANE	(07) 3222 6068	DARWIN	(089) 43 2150
PERTH	(09) 360 5380	CANBERRA	(06) 252 6525

Labour Force Experience, February 1995

Introduction

A survey of labour force experience was conducted among persons aged 15 to 69 years in February 1995 as a supplement to the monthly Labour Force Survey. Labour force experience can be described in terms of labour force activities undertaken by persons in a 12 month period, namely *working* and *looking for work*.

The survey measured the number of whole weeks persons were engaged in these labour force activities during the year, the number of employers or businesses persons had during the year, the number of spells of looking for work during the year and the main activity of persons when not in the labour force.

Overview

In February 1995, Australia's civilian population included 12,444,900 persons aged 15 to 69 years. Of these persons, during the 12 months ending February 1995 —

- 8,923,100 (81 per cent of males and 63 per cent of females) worked at some time during the year;
- 1,968,400 (18 per cent of males and 14 per cent of females) looked for work at some time during the year; and
- 5,553,300 (32 per cent of males and 57 per cent of females) were not in the labour force at some time during the year.

The proportion of the population aged 15 to 69 years who worked at some time during the year was 72 per cent. This result was the highest recorded since March 1991.

It is possible for a person to be in one or more of the above categories over the course of a 12 month period. Specifically, there were 6,107,500 (49%) persons who spent the whole year engaged in just one labour force activity and 2,803,800 (23%) persons who spent no time in the labour force. A further 3,533,600 (28%) persons either spent time in more than one labour force activity during the year or only part of the year in the labour force (Diagram 2, Table 2).

Participation in the labour force

An estimated 9,641,100 persons aged 15 to 69 years were in the labour force, that is, either worked or looked for work at some time during the 12 months ending February 1995 (Diagram 2, Table 2).

The participation rate of males was 86 per cent in the year to February 1995, the highest rate recorded since March 1991. While the participation rate for females remained steady at 67 per cent from March 1990 through to March 1993, the rate increased to 69 per cent for the year to February 1995 (Table 1).

DIAGRAM 1. ALL PERSONS: LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1995

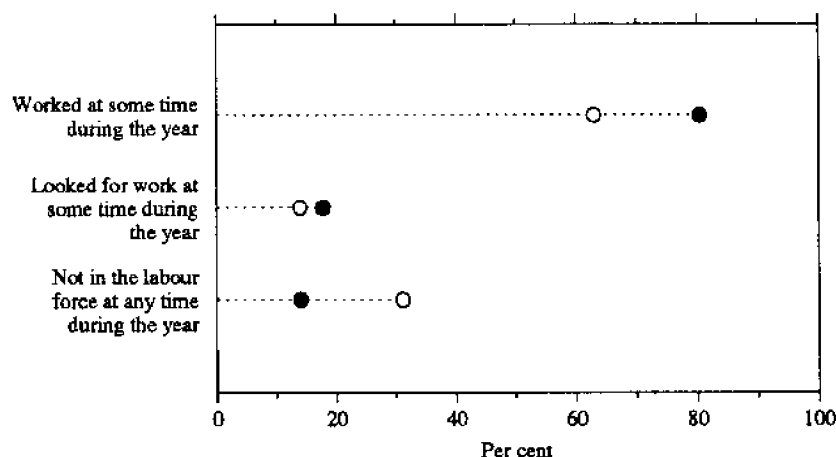
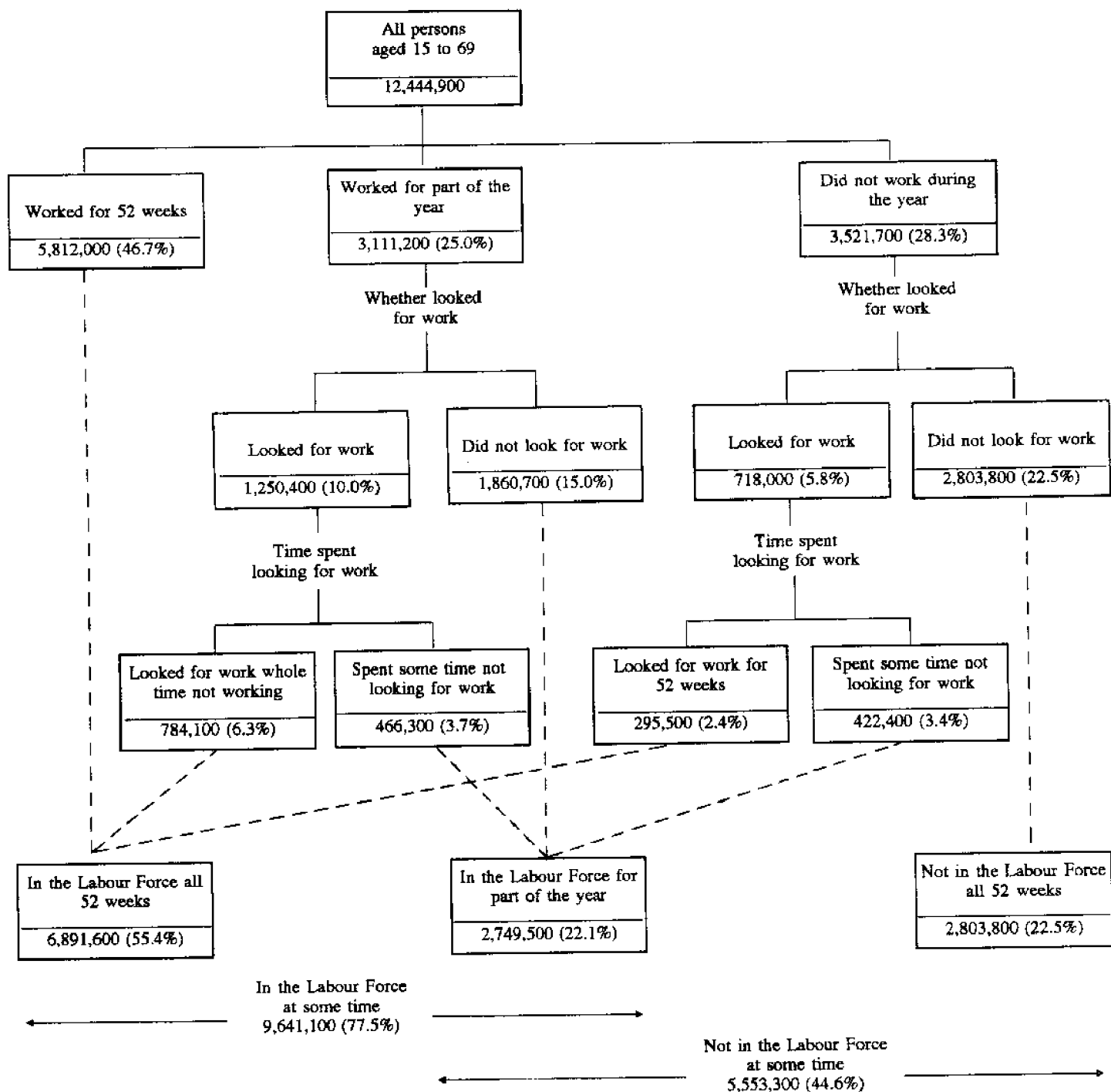


DIAGRAM 2. ALL PERSONS: LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1995



Source: Table 2

Labour force experience

An estimated 6,891,600 persons were in the labour force for the whole year. Of this group, 5,812,000 persons worked 52 weeks; 784,100 persons spent time in both labour force activities; and 295,500 persons looked for work for the whole 12 months.

There were 2,749,500 persons who were in the labour force for only part of the year, that is, they spent less than 52 weeks in the labour force. Of these people, 1,860,700 worked for part of the year but did not look for work at other times; 466,300 worked for part of the year and also spent some of the balance looking for work; and 422,400 persons looked for work but did not work at all during the year.

The proportion of males spending the whole year in the labour force has fallen from 70 per cent in March 1992 to 68 per cent in February 1995. A further 18 per cent of males spent less than 52 weeks in the labour force during the year (Table 1).

For females, 38 per cent of those with children under 15 spent the whole year in the labour force and a further 32 per cent spent between one and 51 weeks in the labour force. In comparison, those females without children under 15 had a greater tendency to spend either all or no time in the labour force with 45 per cent in the labour force for 52 weeks and a further 23 per cent spending between one and 51 weeks in the labour force (Table 2).

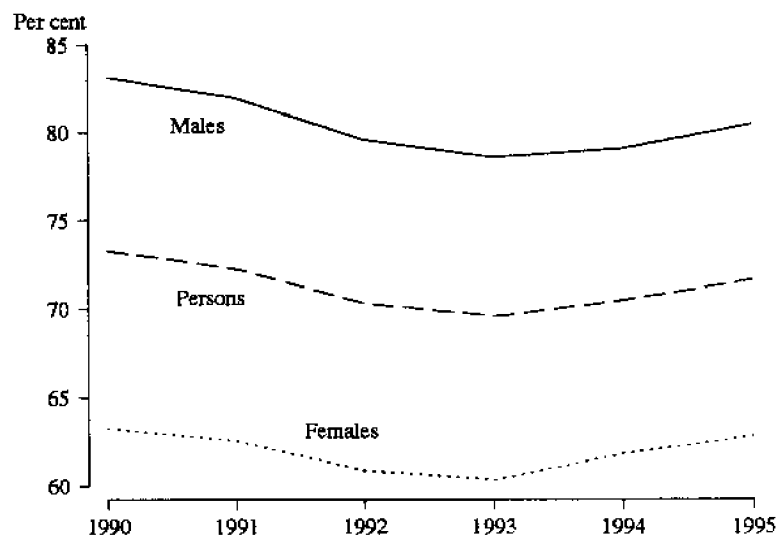
Persons who worked at some time during the year

An estimated 8,923,100 persons worked at some time during the year, comprising 5,011,900 males and 3,911,200 females.

Of the 5,011,900 males who worked at some time during the year, 82 per cent worked all weeks full time, 10 per cent worked all weeks part time and 8 per cent worked a combination of full time and part time.

Of the 1,297,900 females with children under 15 who worked at some time during the year, 36 per cent worked all weeks full time, 53 per cent worked all weeks part time and 11 per cent worked a combination of full time and part time. By comparison, of the 2,613,300 females without children under 15 who worked at some time during the year, 56 per cent worked all weeks full time, 33 per cent worked all weeks part time and 11 per cent worked a combination of full time and part time (Table 2).

DIAGRAM 3. PERSONS WHO WORKED AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR, 1990 TO 1995



Source: Table 1

Persons who looked for work at some time during the year

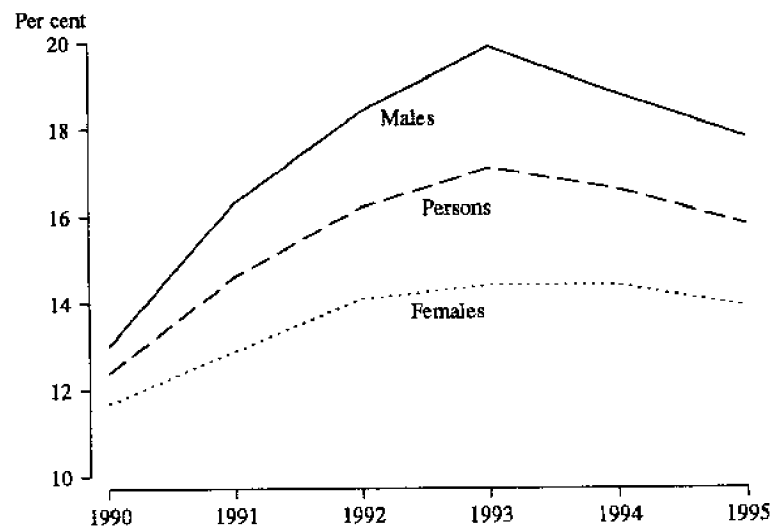
During the year ending February 1995, 1,968,400 persons looked for work at some time comprising 1,105,000 males and 863,400 females.

While the proportion of males who looked for work at some time during the year steadily increased from 13 per cent in March 1990 to 20 per cent in March 1993, it has fallen over the last 2 years to 18 per cent in February 1995. The proportion of females who looked for work at some time during the year has increased from 12 per cent in March 1990 to 14 per cent in February 1995 (Table 1, Diagram 4).

Of the 1,968,400 persons who looked for work at some time during the year -

- 17 per cent of males and 13 per cent of females looked for the whole 52 weeks; and
- the majority of males (73%) and females (75%) had one spell looking for work (Table 2).

DIAGRAM 4. PERSONS WHO LOOKED FOR WORK AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR, 1990 TO 1995



Source: Table 1

Persons who were not in the labour force at some time during the year

The number of persons not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 1995 was 5,553,300 persons. Of these people, 2,803,800 (51%) were not in the labour force at any time during the year.

For males, the most commonly reported main activity while not in the labour force was "Attended an educational institution" (27%), followed by "Retired or voluntarily inactive" (26%).

For females the most commonly reported main activity while not in the labour force was "Home duties/childcare" (59%), followed by "Attended an educational institution" (15%) (Table 4).

TABLE 1. ALL PERSONS: LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, MARCH 1990 TO FEBRUARY 1995
(Per cent)

	Survey conducted in —					
	March					February
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995
MALES						
Not in the labour force at any time during the preceding year	13.8	13.7	14.2	14.6	14.6	14.0
In the labour force at some time during the preceding year	86.2	86.3	85.8	85.4	85.4	86.0
Time in the labour force (weeks) —						
1 and under 52	17.8	16.4	15.9	15.8	16.6	18.0
52	68.5	69.8	69.9	69.7	68.8	68.0
Worked at some time during the preceding year	83.2	82.0	79.6	78.6	79.1	80.5
Full-time/part-time status of weeks worked —						
All full-time	72.1	70.1	66.8	64.8	64.9	65.7
More full-time than part-time(a)	3.6	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.6	4.7
More part-time than full-time	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.9
All part-time	5.9	6.3	7.1	7.6	8.1	8.2
Number of employers/businesses during the preceding year —						
One	69.4	71.1	71.0	69.5	68.7	68.6
Two	10.1	8.1	6.4	6.8	7.8	8.8
Three	2.4	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.1
Four or more	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1
Looked for work at some time during the preceding year	13.0	16.3	18.4	19.9	18.8	17.8
Number of spells of looking for work—						
One	10.1	12.9	14.8	15.1	14.5	13.0
Two	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.9	2.0
Three	0.7	0.8	0.7	1.0	0.9	1.0
Four or more	0.8	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.6	1.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FEMALES						
Not in the labour force at any time during the preceding year	32.9	32.7	33.0	33.0	31.9	31.1
In the labour force at some time during the preceding year	67.1	67.3	67.0	67.0	68.1	68.9
Time in the labour force (weeks) —						
1 and under 52	26.1	25.1	23.1	23.4	24.7	26.2
52	41.1	42.2	43.9	43.5	43.4	42.7
Worked at some time during the preceding year	63.3	62.6	60.9	60.4	61.9	62.9
Full-time/part-time status of weeks worked —						
All full-time	33.5	33.4	31.8	30.9	30.8	30.7
More full-time than part-time(a)	4.0	3.5	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1
More part-time than full-time	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.6	3.0	2.9
All part-time	23.0	23.2	23.2	23.4	24.2	25.1
Number of employers/businesses during the preceding year—						
One	52.7	54.5	54.0	53.5	54.1	54.3
Two	8.1	6.2	5.2	5.3	5.7	6.4
Three	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.6
Four or more	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6
Looked for work at some time during the preceding year	11.7	12.9	14.1	14.4	14.4	13.9
Number of spells of looking for work —						
One	9.3	10.4	11.5	11.3	11.1	10.4
Two	1.0	1.3	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.5
Three	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8
Four or more	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PERSONS						
Not in the labour force at any time during the preceding year	23.3	23.1	23.5	23.7	23.3	22.5
In the labour force at some time during the preceding year	76.7	76.9	76.5	76.3	76.7	77.5
Time in the labour force (weeks) —						
1 and under 52	21.9	20.8	19.5	19.6	20.6	22.1
52	54.8	56.1	57.0	56.7	56.1	55.4
Worked at some time during the preceding year	73.3	72.3	70.3	69.6	70.5	71.7
Full-time/part-time status of weeks worked —						
All full-time	52.9	51.9	49.4	47.9	47.9	48.2
More full-time than part-time(a)	3.8	3.9	3.7	4.0	4.2	4.4
More part-time than full-time	2.2	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
All part-time	14.4	14.6	15.1	15.5	16.2	16.7
Number of employers/businesses during the preceding year —						
One	61.1	62.8	62.6	61.6	61.4	61.4
Two	9.1	7.2	5.8	6.1	6.8	7.6
Three	2.1	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.8
Four or more	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8
Looked for work at some time during the preceding year	12.4	14.6	16.2	17.1	16.6	15.8
Number of spells of looking for work —						
One	9.7	11.7	13.2	13.2	12.8	11.7
Two	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.6	1.6	1.8
Three	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.9
Four or more	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.5	1.4	1.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Includes persons who worked the same number of weeks full time and part time.

TABLE 2. ALL PERSONS: LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1995
AND WHETHER CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT
(^{'000})

	<i>With children under 15 present</i>			<i>Without children under 15 present</i>			<i>Total</i>		
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>
Not in the labour force at any time during the year	69.0	611.8	680.8	799.3	1,323.6	2,123.0	868.3	1,935.4	2,803.8
In the labour force at some time during the year	1,735.0	1,449.0	3,184.1	3,621.1	2,835.9	6,457.0	5,356.2	4,284.9	9,641.1
<i>Time in the labour force (weeks) —</i>									
1 and under 4	*4.5	58.7	63.2	63.3	66.1	129.4	67.8	124.8	192.6
4 and under 13	12.8	92.7	105.6	153.6	157.9	311.4	166.4	250.6	417.0
13 and under 26	14.4	97.9	112.3	102.7	127.2	229.9	117.1	225.1	342.2
26 and under 39	24.3	129.5	153.8	124.6	148.7	273.3	148.9	278.2	427.1
39 and under 52	182.7	284.1	466.8	439.0	464.7	903.7	621.7	748.9	1,370.5
52	1,496.3	786.1	2,282.3	2,737.9	1,871.3	4,609.2	4,234.2	2,657.4	6,891.6
Worked at some time during the year	1,659.4	1,297.9	2,957.3	3,352.5	2,613.3	5,965.8	5,011.9	3,911.2	8,923.1
<i>Time worked (weeks) —</i>									
1 and under 4	9.1	35.4	44.5	63.7	48.7	112.4	72.7	84.1	156.9
4 and under 13	31.6	79.4	111.0	161.0	136.9	297.8	192.6	216.2	408.8
13 and under 26	42.6	89.7	132.2	159.6	144.5	304.1	202.1	234.2	436.4
26 and under 39	66.7	125.4	192.1	219.5	188.4	407.9	286.2	313.8	600.0
39 and under 52	219.5	278.0	497.5	522.0	489.6	1,011.7	741.6	767.6	1,509.2
52	1,289.9	690.2	1,980.1	2,226.8	1,605.1	3,831.9	3,516.7	2,295.3	5,812.0
<i>Full-time/part-time status of weeks worked —</i>									
All full-time	1,473.8	460.9	1,934.8	2,614.5	1,450.3	4,064.8	4,088.3	1,911.2	5,999.5
More full-time than part-time	84.4	71.4	155.8	185.7	155.1	340.7	270.0	226.5	496.5
Full-time same as part-time	6.1	9.9	16.1	16.8	19.0	35.7	22.9	28.9	51.8
More part-time than full-time	25.9	65.6	91.5	92.9	116.5	209.5	118.9	182.1	301.0
All part-time	69.1	690.0	759.2	442.6	872.5	1,315.1	511.7	1,562.5	2,074.3
<i>Whether worked with current employer/business for one year or more —</i>									
One employer/business during the year	1,448.5	1,174.7	2,623.2	2,819.1	2,200.7	5,019.8	4,267.6	3,375.4	7,643.1
With current employer/business for one year or more	1,331.6	882.6	2,214.2	2,345.0	1,751.8	4,096.7	3,676.5	2,634.4	6,310.9
Other(a)	116.9	292.1	409.1	474.2	448.9	923.1	591.1	741.1	1,332.2
More than one employer/business during the year	210.9	123.2	334.1	533.4	412.6	946.0	744.3	535.8	1,280.1
Two	164.9	96.4	261.3	383.0	304.2	687.2	548.0	400.6	948.5
Three	28.0	20.4	48.4	101.3	78.1	179.4	129.3	98.4	227.7
Four or more	17.9	6.5	24.4	49.1	30.3	79.4	67.0	36.8	103.8
Looked for work at some time during the year	283.7	270.5	554.2	821.3	592.8	1,414.2	1,105.0	863.4	1,968.4
<i>Time spent looking for work (weeks) —</i>									
1 and under 4	25.8	56.3	82.1	109.9	112.9	222.9	135.8	169.3	305.0
4 and under 13	74.1	70.0	144.2	229.9	185.7	415.6	304.0	255.7	559.8
13 and under 26	48.4	40.5	88.9	135.5	94.7	230.2	183.9	135.2	319.1
26 and under 39	48.7	36.8	85.5	119.1	80.8	199.9	167.8	117.6	285.4
39 and under 52	35.3	27.9	63.2	94.1	46.3	140.4	129.3	74.3	203.6
52	51.4	38.9	90.3	132.7	72.5	205.2	184.1	111.4	295.5
<i>Number of spells of looking for work —</i>									
One	201.3	199.8	401.0	607.3	449.1	1,056.4	808.6	648.9	1,457.4
Two	32.8	23.4	56.2	94.0	69.4	163.5	126.8	92.8	219.7
Three	15.9	15.5	31.5	46.9	32.1	78.9	62.8	47.6	110.4
Four or more	33.7	31.9	65.6	73.1	42.2	115.3	106.8	74.1	180.9
Total	1,804.0	2,060.9	3,864.9	4,420.5	4,159.5	8,580.0	6,224.5	6,220.4	12,444.9

(a) Comprises persons who were not working at February 1995 and persons who were working at February 1995 who had been with current employer/business for less than one year.

TABLE 3. ALL PERSONS: TIME IN THE LABOUR FORCE DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1995,
AGE AND WHETHER CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT
(*000)

Time in the labour force during the year (weeks)	Age (years)								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	
MALES WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT									
Nil	*0.0	*1.0	11.7	30.3	16.4	4.9	*3.4	*1.2	69.0
1 and under 4	*0.0	*0.0	*2.7	*1.4	*0.4	*0.0	*0.0	*0.0	*4.5
4 and under 13	*0.0	*1.1	*3.9	5.0	*1.4	*1.1	*0.1	*0.2	12.8
13 and under 26	*0.0	*0.0	5.4	5.8	*2.0	*1.2	*0.0	*0.0	14.4
26 and under 39	*0.0	*1.0	8.2	10.7	*4.1	*0.4	*0.0	*0.0	24.3
39 and under 52	*0.4	4.7	61.1	86.2	25.7	*3.2	*1.3	*0.0	182.7
52	*0.9	30.2	464.2	703.7	273.9	15.3	6.3	*1.8	1,496.3
Total	*1.4	38.0	557.1	843.2	323.9	26.2	11.1	*3.2	1,804.0
ALL MALES									
Nil	163.0	31.0	39.6	58.9	87.9	78.9	151.6	257.4	868.3
1 and under 4	40.6	5.8	7.2	*3.3	*3.3	*2.2	*2.8	*2.7	67.8
4 and under 13	91.1	26.6	14.0	10.4	4.7	6.4	8.5	4.8	166.4
13 and under 26	49.1	17.3	16.2	9.4	8.5	8.6	5.9	*2.2	117.1
26 and under 39	34.5	22.7	26.8	20.6	16.5	11.1	11.5	5.3	148.9
39 and under 52	62.9	90.6	162.3	134.4	96.3	39.9	24.5	10.7	621.7
52	188.3	511.5	1,105.8	1,095.1	893.1	254.1	140.7	45.6	4,234.2
Total	629.4	705.5	1,371.9	1,332.0	1,110.4	401.1	345.5	328.6	6,224.5
FEMALES WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT									
Nil	7.5	53.0	276.6	213.6	54.6	4.8	*1.4	*0.2	611.8
1 and under 4	*1.2	7.4	27.2	20.1	*2.6	*0.2	*0.0	*0.0	58.7
4 and under 13	*1.9	9.6	44.8	30.7	5.7	*0.0	*0.0	*0.0	92.7
13 and under 26	*1.6	11.1	48.7	32.9	*3.6	*0.0	*0.0	*0.0	97.9
26 and under 39	*0.7	10.2	63.3	49.3	5.9	*0.0	*0.0	*0.0	129.5
39 and under 52	*1.6	8.0	116.2	131.7	26.0	*0.0	*0.6	*0.0	284.1
52	*2.1	25.2	257.1	406.7	93.2	*1.2	*0.6	*0.0	786.1
Total	16.6	124.4	834.0	885.1	191.7	6.2	*2.6	*0.2	2,060.9
ALL FEMALES									
Nil	152.8	83.7	306.1	287.3	294.3	214.0	273.7	323.6	1,935.4
1 and under 4	34.4	18.2	30.4	25.1	9.3	*3.9	*2.6	*0.8	124.8
4 and under 13	81.7	32.3	55.0	40.5	26.0	7.9	5.2	*1.9	250.6
13 and under 26	53.8	34.4	61.1	42.9	21.3	7.4	*3.5	*0.7	225.1
26 and under 39	47.0	32.3	82.9	65.7	33.2	10.3	*4.5	*2.3	278.2
39 and under 52	92.4	94.1	192.9	191.0	132.3	29.0	12.0	5.2	748.9
52	146.0	401.7	671.1	704.1	558.4	116.8	45.4	13.9	2,657.4
Total	608.2	696.8	1,399.5	1,356.6	1,074.7	389.2	346.9	348.6	6,220.4
PERSONS WITH CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT									
Nil	7.5	53.9	288.3	243.9	71.0	9.8	4.9	*1.5	680.8
1 and under 4	*1.2	7.4	29.9	21.6	*3.0	*0.2	*0.0	*0.0	63.2
4 and under 13	*1.9	10.7	48.7	35.7	7.1	*1.1	*0.1	*0.2	105.6
13 and under 26	*1.6	11.1	54.1	38.8	5.7	*1.2	*0.0	*0.0	112.3
26 and under 39	*0.7	11.2	71.5	60.0	10.0	*0.4	*0.0	*0.0	153.8
39 and under 52	*2.0	12.7	177.3	218.0	51.8	*3.2	*1.8	*0.0	466.8
52	*3.0	55.4	721.3	1,110.4	367.1	16.5	6.8	*1.8	2,282.3
Total	17.9	162.4	1,391.1	1,728.2	515.7	32.4	13.6	*3.4	3,864.9
ALL PERSONS									
Nil	315.8	114.7	345.7	346.2	382.1	292.9	425.3	581.0	2,803.8
1 and under 4	75.1	24.0	37.6	28.4	12.6	6.1	5.4	*3.5	192.6
4 and under 13	172.7	59.0	69.0	50.9	30.7	14.2	13.7	6.7	417.0
13 and under 26	102.9	51.7	77.2	52.3	29.8	16.0	9.4	*3.0	342.2
26 and under 39	81.5	55.0	109.8	86.3	49.7	21.4	16.0	7.6	427.1
39 and under 52	155.3	184.7	355.2	325.4	228.6	68.9	36.5	16.0	1,370.5
52	334.2	913.2	1,777.0	1,799.2	1,451.6	371.0	186.1	59.5	6,891.6
Total	1,237.6	1,402.3	2,771.4	2,688.6	2,185.1	790.4	692.3	677.2	12,444.9

**TABLE 4. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AT SOME TIME DURING THE YEAR ENDING FEBRUARY 1995:
MAIN ACTIVITY WHEN NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE AND TIME NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE
(*000)**

Main activity when not in the labour force	Time not in the labour force during the year (weeks)						52	Total
	1 and under 4	4 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and under 52			
MALES								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	11.4	30.9	19.5	25.3	26.2	395.1	508.4	
Home duties/childcare	8.4	22.3	11.6	11.2	12.4	48.7	114.5	
Attended an educational institution	10.5	31.9	39.6	69.7	181.6	199.6	532.9	
Unpaid leave	52.0	40.6	*3.0	*0.3	*0.3	*0.5	96.7	
Own illness, injury/disability	31.2	30.5	19.5	12.7	14.7	181.2	289.9	
Looking after ill/disabled person	*0.7	*3.0	*3.4	*0.8	*1.3	14.0	23.3	
Travelled, moved house, holiday	163.6	119.0	20.3	9.1	6.9	5.0	324.0	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*2.5	*3.8	*3.7	*1.2	*2.9	13.4	27.6	
Other	19.3	23.0	8.0	6.9	5.0	10.7	73.1	
Total	299.7	304.9	128.6	137.3	251.3	868.3	1,990.3	
FEMALES								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	7.6	13.8	4.6	7.6	8.0	216.1	257.6	
Home duties/childcare	41.2	160.9	126.8	157.7	214.0	1,405.9	2,106.6	
Attended an educational institution	16.6	46.6	49.8	82.7	159.3	184.1	539.1	
Unpaid leave	53.5	32.0	*4.2	*1.9	*1.0	*0.3	92.9	
Own illness, injury/disability	22.7	28.4	9.8	8.5	7.4	71.1	147.8	
Looking after ill/disabled person	*3.1	5.1	*1.9	*1.1	*3.5	22.5	37.3	
Travelled, moved house, holiday	138.4	127.4	23.8	8.4	9.3	*3.6	311.0	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*1.3	*0.9	*2.2	*1.6	4.7	23.9	34.6	
Other	6.1	9.3	4.9	*4.1	*3.7	8.0	36.1	
Total	290.6	424.3	228.0	273.7	411.0	1,935.4	3,563.0	
PERSONS								
Retired or voluntarily inactive	19.0	44.8	24.0	32.8	34.2	611.2	766.0	
Home duties/childcare	49.7	183.2	138.4	168.9	226.4	1,454.6	2,221.2	
Attended an educational institution	27.1	78.5	89.4	152.5	340.9	383.7	1,072.1	
Unpaid leave	105.5	72.5	7.2	*2.3	*1.4	*0.8	189.6	
Own illness, injury/disability	53.9	58.9	29.3	21.2	22.1	252.3	437.6	
Looking after ill/disabled person	*3.8	8.0	5.3	*2.0	4.8	36.6	60.5	
Travelled, moved house, holiday	302.0	246.3	44.1	17.6	16.2	8.7	634.9	
Worked in an unpaid voluntary job	*3.8	4.7	6.0	*2.8	7.6	37.3	62.2	
Other	25.4	32.3	12.9	11.0	8.8	18.7	109.1	
Total	590.3	729.2	356.6	411.0	662.4	2,803.8	5,553.3	

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS: EXPLANATORY NOTES

- Introduction** This publication contains some results of the 'Labour Force Experience' supplementary survey run in association with the February 1995 Labour Force Survey conducted throughout Australia.
2. Those respondents to the Labour Force Survey who fell within the scope of the supplementary survey were asked additional questions. Persons aged 15 to 69 years were asked the length of time they worked or looked for work, the number of spells during which they looked for work and other aspects of labour force experience for the 52 weeks up to the end of the week before the interview.
- Scope** 3. The scope of this supplementary survey was the same as that used for the Labour Force Survey except that it was restricted to persons aged 15 to 69 years. Visitors to private dwellings, students who were boarding at school, some patients in hospitals and sanatoriums and inmates of reformatories, gaols, etc. have also been excluded.
4. In the tables, 'All Persons' refers to all persons within the scope of the survey.
- Coverage** 5. The coverage rules for this supplementary survey were the same as those used for the Labour Force Survey. These rules aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection.
- Definitions** 6. Definitions of labour force and demographic classifications appearing in this publication are given in Section A. Other definitions specific to the supplementary survey are given in the Glossary in this section.
7. Labour force experience characteristics relate to the 52 weeks up to the end of the week before the interview. Unless otherwise stated, all other characteristics referenced in these tables relate to the week before the interview.
- Results of the survey** 8. The estimates relate to persons covered by the survey in February 1995. Because of emigration, deaths, etc., not all persons with labour force experience during the period were covered. Labour force experience may relate to experience outside Australia.
9. Due to differences in the method of estimation used in this supplementary survey and that used in the Labour Force Survey, there are some small variations between estimates in these tables and those in the corresponding issue of *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0).
10. The estimates in these tables refer to information collected in the survey month and, due to seasonal factors, may not be representative of other months of the year.
11. Results of similar surveys, conducted in February 1969, 1973, 1975, 1976, 1977, annually from February 1979 to February 1989, and annually from March 1990 to March 1994, have been given in previous issues of the discontinued publication *Labour Force Experience, Australia* (6206.0).
12. Statistical tables formerly published in these bulletins are now available as a Standard Data Service, available on subscription or on request. Inquiries should be made to the contact named in the Inquiries box on the Contents page.
13. This survey is scheduled to be conducted next in February 1997, and at two yearly intervals thereafter.
- Unpublished statistics** 14. As well as the statistics included in this publication, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to the contact named in the Inquiries box on the Contents page.

Comparability of series

15. It is impracticable to obtain information relating to a whole year which is strictly comparable with that obtained in the monthly Labour Force Survey for which the reference period is one week. The definitions used in determining the labour force status of persons in the monthly survey depend on a detailed set of questions asked about a person's labour force activity during the reference week. For the survey of labour force experience, a person is assigned to a labour force category on the basis of a more limited set of questions. It is for this reason that the terms *worked* and *looked for work* are used in this survey rather than the precisely defined terms *employed* and *unemployed* used in the monthly Labour Force Survey.

Discontinuities in the series

16. Results in this publication are from the latest survey conducted in the month of February 1995. Prior survey results also included in these tables are for those surveys conducted in March 1990 to March 1994. Therefore, the estimates for the surveys conducted in the month of March are not strictly comparable with those conducted in the month of February.

Survey sample redesign

17. In previous years this supplementary survey has been conducted on either 50 per cent, 75 per cent, or the full sample of the dwellings selected in the Labour Force Survey. Since July 1994, the sample size for all supplementary surveys has been reduced to seven-eighths of the full Labour Force Survey sample. As a result the standard errors for this survey differ from those applicable to previous surveys.

Reliability of the estimates

18. Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. For information about the standard errors appropriate to the supplementary survey, inquiries should be made to the contact officer in the Inquiries box at the front of this publication.

19. Because estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

- * subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses.

SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS: GLOSSARY

All persons	Civilian population aged 15-69 years. See paragraph 3 of the Explanatory Notes in this section for details of exclusions.
Full-time status of weeks worked during the year	During any week of the reference period, if a person perceived that they worked full time they were classified as working full time in that week.
In the labour force at some time during the year	Persons who were reported as having either worked or looked for work for one week or more during the reference period.
In the labour force at some time during the year (per cent)	For a particular group, persons in the labour force at some time during the reference period as a percentage of all persons in that group.
Looked for work at some time during the year	Persons who were reported as being out of work and looking for work for one week or more during the reference period.
Looked for work at some time during the year (per cent)	For a particular group, persons who looked for work at some time during the reference period as a percentage of all persons in that group.
Not in the labour force at any time during the year	Persons who were reported as having neither worked nor looked for work at any time during the reference period.
Not in the labour force at any time during the year (per cent)	For a particular group, persons not in the labour force at any time during the reference period as a percentage of all persons in that group.
Not in the labour force at some time during the year	Persons who were reported as having neither worked nor looked for work for one week or more during the reference period.
Not in the labour force at some time during the year (per cent)	For a particular group, persons not in the labour force at some time during the reference period as a percentage of all persons in that group.
Number of employers/businesses during the year	The number of employers/businesses a person has worked for during the reference period, excluding second jobs of multiple jobholders.
Number of spells of looking for work during the year	The number of different periods, including the current period, during which persons were reported as having been out of work and looking for a job.
Part-time status of weeks worked during the year	During any week of the reference period, if a person perceived that they worked part time they were classified as working part time in that week.
Reference period	The 52 weeks up to the end of the week prior to interview. See also paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes in this section.
Time in the labour force during the year	The total number of weeks persons were reported as having either worked or looked for work.
Time not in the labour force during the year	The total number of weeks persons were reported as having neither worked nor looked for work.
Time spent looking for work during the year	The total number of weeks persons were reported as being out of work and looking for a job.
Time worked during the year	The total number of weeks persons were reported as having either worked or been on paid leave. Periods of one week or more on strike or time off without pay are not classified as time worked.
Worked at some time during the year	Persons who were reported as having either worked or been on paid leave for one week or more during the reference period.
Worked at some time during the year (per cent)	For a particular group, persons who worked at some time during the reference period as a percentage of all persons in that group.

STANDARD DATA SERVICE
LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, AUSTRALIA
FEBRUARY 1995

Product No. 6206.0.40.001

The standard data service for statistics from the above survey comprises the following tables:

Table

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1 | All persons, March 1990 to February 1995 —
Labour force experience and sex |
| 2 | All persons, February 1985 to February 1995 —
Whether participated in the labour force at some time during the preceding year, age, sex and marital status |
| 3 | All persons, during the year ending February 1995 —
Summary of labour force experience, age, sex and relationship in household |
| 4 | Summary of labour force experience, educational attainment, sex and whether children aged under 15 present |
| 5 | Labour force experience, sex and whether children under 15 present |
| 6 | Time in the labour force, age, sex and whether children under 15 present |
| 7 | Persons who worked at some time during the year ending February 1995 —
Time worked, full-time/part-time status of weeks worked, sex and relationship in household |
| 8 | Persons who looked for work at some time during the year ending February 1995 —
Number of spells of looking for work, time spent looking for work, sex and age |
| 9 | Persons not in the labour force at some time during the year ending February 1995 —
Main activity when not in the labour force, time not in the labour force and sex |
| 10 | Persons who were working at February 1995 —
Industry, occupation, time worked with current employer/business, whether worked for whole year and sex |
| 11 | All populations —
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